

AGENDA REPORT Business | Discussion

August 3, 2020

TO: Commission

FROM: Keene Simonds, Executive Officer

Robert Barry, Chief Policy Analyst

**SUBJECT:** Draft Update to Agricultural and Open Space Lands Policy

## **SUMMARY**

The San Diego County Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) will review a draft update to the "Preservation of Open-Space and Agricultural Lands Policy." The draft returns with changes from an earlier version presented in March 2019 to reflect initial Commission feedback and stakeholder input. The draft includes several substantive revisions that collectively aim to better balance the Commission's statutory direction to preserve agricultural and open space resources while reflecting local conditions and objectives. This latter consideration includes - notably - policy provisions to encourage new agricultural uses. The update is being presented for discussion and feedback and ahead of staff initiating a formal public review process before returning for action as early as October 2020.

# **BACKGROUND**

# **Agricultural and Open Space Lands Policy**

San Diego LAFCO's Preservation of Open-Space and Agricultural Lands Policy was adopted in November 1978 and last amended by the Commission in May 1998. The policy restates germane provisions of statute with respect to tasking the Commission to preserve openspace and agricultural lands and associated procedures. This includes a premising statement to discourage proposals that would convert prime agricultural or open-space lands to other

## **Administration**

Keene Simonds, Executive Officer **County Operations Center** 9335 Hazard Way, Suite 200 San Diego, California 92123 T 858.614.7755 F 858.614.7766 www.sdlafco.org

Jim Desmond County of San Diego Chair Dianne Jacob County of San Diego

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uses the actions would promote the planned orderly and efficient development of an area. Technical revisions to the policy to include updated cross-references were performed by the Executive Officer in 2001 and 2015.

# Scheduled Update to Agricultural and Open Space Lands Policy | Initial Presentation and Feedback on a Draft Update in March 2019

The Commission's current 2020-2021 workplan was adopted at a noticed hearing in May 2020 and outlines over two-dozen project goals for the fiscal year. The workplan is also organized to categorize projects into one of three priority levels: high; moderate; and low. The workplan includes continuation of an earlier scheduled update to the Commission's Preservation of Open-Space and Agricultural Lands Policy as a high priority and – among other considerations – timed in response to the issuance of a topical CALAFCO white paper exploring industry best practices.¹ The project was originally scheduled as part of the 2018-2019 workplan with an initial draft update presented to the Commission in March 2019 with subsequent direction to staff to revisit and perform local stakeholder outreach. The Executive Officer subsequently requested and received approval to continue the project into 2020-2021.

# **DISCUSSION**

This item is for San Diego LAFCO to review and discuss a draft update to the Preservation of Open-Space and Agricultural Lands Policy and provide feedback to staff ahead of initiating a formal public review and comment period. The draft has been substantively reworked compared to an initial version presented in March 2019 and incorporates Commission comments as well as subsequent input solicited from key stakeholders – including the San Diego County Farm Bureau and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Coalition. Staff also actively consulted with both the Cities and Special Districts Advisory Committees with the latter group creating a dedicated subcommittee to more closely review and discuss revisions.<sup>2</sup>

Notable revisions in the draft update are summarized below and detailed in Attachment One.

- <u>Distinguish Between Agricultural and Open Space Lands</u>
  Bifurcate the policy to explicitly distinguish between agricultural and open space lands and their distinct societal functions relative to Commission's duties.
- Address Wildlife and Local Habitat Planning in Open Space Considerations

  Expand the policy to distinguish differences in open space types and prioritize the protection of natural (unbuilt) open space lands supporting wildlife.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The CALAFCO white paper was prepared in partnership with the American Farmland Trust in February 2018 and explores statewide trends involving the conversion of "important farmland" along with reviewing the policies of several LAFCOs in ag-concentrated counties in devising a series of best practices divided between three distinct phases: (a) avoidance; (b) minimization; and (c) mitigation. The white paper further recommends LAFCOs orient their agricultural preservation policies to be – and among other attributes – goal-oriented, programmatic, and simple.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Special Districts Advisory Committee's subcommittee includes Chair Kimberly Thorner (Olivenhain MWD), Tom Kennedy (Rainbow MWD), Sheryl Landrum (RCD of Greater San Diego County), and Jack Bebee (Fallbrook PUD).

- <u>Use of Open Space as Municipal Greenbelts</u> Encourage the County of San Diego and cities to strategically coordinate and maintain open space lands as municipal greenbelts and create community separators. This addition – pertinently – recognizes open space as a municipal service.
- Expand Focus to Address All Agricultural Expand the policy provisions from its existing focus on prime agriculture to address all agriculture (i.e. unique farmland, farmland of statewide or local importance, etc.).
- <u>Distinguish Between In-Ground and Above-Ground Agriculture</u>
  Revise the policy to make distinctions between above-ground agriculture activities
  (e.g. floral nurseries) and in-ground activities (e.g. row crops) and provide the Commission additional latitude in considering proposals involving the former category.
- No Harm Provision: Lands No Longer Viable for Agricultural Use

  Add a policy exception for lands that otherwise qualify as agriculture or prime agriculture under statute (i.e., potential to generate a commodity value of at least \$400 an acre) if disused for agricultural purposes over the preceding 60-month period. This provision helps to locally quantify the economic viability of agricultural uses for lands subject to Commission proceedings and intended to also encourage (or not discourage) new agricultural ventures without triggering future LAFCO restrictions.
- Extending Municipal Services to Support Agricultural Uses

  Broaden the policy to contemplate circumstances when the extension of municipal services to agricultural lands through jurisdictional changes and/or out-of-agency contracts may be appropriate in maintaining economic vitality.

# **ANALYSIS**

San Diego LAFCO's Preservation of Open-Space and Agricultural Lands Policy directly addresses the Commission's central and sometimes competing interests in statute to protect agricultural and open space while accommodating new growth and development. The draft update incorporates earlier Commission feedback as well as solicited stakeholder input to better address this balance relative to current trends and local conditions. These efforts are highlighted by the seven highlighted revisions detailed in the preceding section and collectively reflect a more proactive approach to communicating Commission orientation towards agriculture and open space lands to potential applicants. Staff anticipates further refining the update following broader public review but believes the version before the Commission is a good starting point for reengaging the membership.

## RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended San Diego LAFCO discuss the draft update to the Preservation of Open-Space Agricultural Lands Policy and provide feedback as appropriate. The level and type of feedback will inform staff whether to proceed with a formal public comment period.

August 3, 2020 Meeting

Agenda Item No. 7a | Draft Update to the Agricultural and Open Space Lands Policy

# **ALTERNATIVES FOR ACTION**

This item is being presented to San Diego LAFCO for discussion and feedback; no formal action.

# **PROCEDURES**

This item has been placed on San Diego LAFCO's agenda for discussion as part of the business calendar. The following procedures, accordingly, apply:

- 1) Receive verbal presentation from staff unless waived.
- 2) Initial questions or clarifications from the Committee.
- 3) Discuss item and provide feedback as requested.

Respectfully,

Keene Simonds Executive Officer

## Attachment:

1) Draft Update to Agricultural and Open Space Lands Policy (track-changes)

# LEGISLATIVE POLICY L-10

## Subject

#### PRESERVATION OF OPEN SPACE AND AGRICULTURAL LANDS

## **Purpose**

To further the policies and priorities of the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 regarding the preservation and enhancement of natural open space and prime agricultural lands and provide guidance therein to applicants and other interested parties.

## **Background**

The State Legislature has instructed Local Agency Formation Commissions to establish policies that address the preservation of open space and agriculture (Gov Codes § 56300 and 56377). This includes considering the effects of all spheres of influence and jurisdictional changes on open space and agricultural lands (Gov Codes § 56425 and 56668). Additional instruction involves prime agricultural land and open space supporting wildlife as defined under Fish and Game Code 89. LAFCOs are required to consider how spheres of influence or changes of local governmental organization could affect open space and prime agricultural lands Specifically, Commissions are directed to quide development away from prime agricultural lands and open space supporting wildlife - unless that action would not promote the planned, orderly and efficient development of an area - and to encourage development of existing vacant lands within an agencies' boundariese non-prime agricultural lands within a jurisdiction before approving any proposal that would allow development of open-space lands outside of an agency's boundar (Govt. Code § 56377). Proposals must be further reviewed for their effect of maintaining the physical and economic integrity of agricultural lands (Govt. Code <del>§ 56668).</del>

Gov. Code § 56064 contains a definition of "Prime Agricultural Land." "Prime agricultural land" means an area of land, whether a single parcel or contiguous parcels, that has not been developed for a use other than an agricultural use and that meets any of the following qualifications:

(a) Land that qualifies, if irrigated, for rating as class I or class II in the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service land use capability classification, whether or not land is actually irrigated, provided that irrigation is feasible. **Commented [S1]:** "enhancement" reflects SD LAFCO discretion to proactively aid existing and new ag and open space uses

Commented [S2]: Unbuilt open space; excludes golf courses, parks, and other improvements, park spaces

Commented [S3]: striking of "prime" broadens policy coverage consistent with legislative direction to LAFCOs in 56300 to "establish written policies and procedures and exercise its powers pursuant to this part and in a manner consistent with those policies and procedures and that encourages and provides planned, well-ordered, efficient urban development patterns with appropriate consideration of preserving open space and agricultural lands with those patterns"

**Commented [S4]:** "guidance" added to reflect the disclosure aspect/role of the policy

**Commented [S5]:** 56300 references "agricultural lands" and 56377 references "prime agricultural lands"

Commented [S6]: attempt to highlight order of significance to LAFCOs with respect to ag lands (important) and prime ag lands (most important)

**Commented [S7]:** "supporting wildlife" serves to distinguish between natural open space v. vacant land...

- (b) Land that qualifies for rating 80 through 100 Storie Index Rating.
  - (c) Land that supports livestock used for the production of food and fiber and that has an annual carrying capacity equivalent to at least one animal unit per acre as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture in the National Range and Pasture Handbook, Revision 1, December 2003.
  - (d) Land planted with fruit or nut-bearing trees, vines, bushes, or crops that have a nonbearing period of less than five years and that will return during the commercial bearing period on an annual basis from the production of unprocessed agricultural plant production not less than four hundred dollars (\$400) per acre.
  - (e) Land that has returned from the production of unprocessed agricultural plan products an annual gross value of not less than four hundred dollars (\$400) per acre for three of the previous five calendar years.

# **Policy**

It is the policy of the San Diego Local Agency Formation Commission to:

- Make appropriate distinctions between open space and agriculture and their separate functions and benefits.
- Protect and preserve open space lands and of most importance lands that support wildlife – against their premature conversion.
  - (a) Discourage proposals that would convert open space to other uses.
  - (b) The Commission reserves discretion to consider proposals involving the conversion of open space based on local conditions and in conjunction with ensuring orderly growth and development reflecting local habitat planning.
  - (c) Encourage the County of San Diego and incorporated cities to coordinate the designation and protection of open space lands and associated uses as community greenbelts and separators.

**Commented [S8]:** make explicit distinction between open space and ag

**Commented [S9]:** objective for open space is to protect and preserve and different from ag (protect and enhance)

Commented [S10]: Wildlife Coalition..

Commented [S11]: tie back into land use authorities' planning

Commented [S12]: telegraphing tool to land use authorities

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## LEGISLATIVE POLICY L-101

3. Protect and enhance agricultural lands and their uses.

- Discourage proposals that would convert any agricultural lands including and of highest priority prime agricultural –or open space lands to other uses, unless such an action would not promote the planned, orderly, efficient development of an area or the affected jurisdiction has identified all prime agricultural lands within its sphere of influence and adopted measures that would effectively preserve prime agricultural lands for agricultural use;
- (b) The Commission reserves discretion to consider proposals involving the conversion of agriculture based on local conditions and in conjunction with ensuring orderly growth and development. This includes considering the economic viability of agricultural uses within the affected territory.
- (c) No harm provisions.
  - i) Lands otherwise qualifying as agricultural under Gov Code Section 56016 and prime agriculture under Gov Code Section 56064 shall not be subject to this policy and its limitations on conversions if left fallow, unsown, or disused for agricultural purposes at the present time and for more than 60 consecutive months.
  - ii) Lands otherwise qualifying as agricultural under Gov Code Section 56016 and prime agriculture under Gov Code Section 56064 shall no be subject to this policy and its limitations on conversions if the qualification commenced only within the last 60 consecutive months
- (d) Encourage landowners to establish and/or expand agriculture uses in permissible under zoning. This includes but not limited to the Commission considering proposals to extend municipal services in support commitment of the commission and enhancing agricultural uses.
- (d) Recognize the uniqueness of agricultural uses in San Diego County to include above-ground and mobile production, such as nurseries, that men't separate considerations when applying State statutes.

Require prezoning of territory (city only) to identify areas subject agricultural/preservation and planned development;

**Commented [S13]:** objective for ag is to protect and enhance and different from open space (protect and preserve)

**Commented [S14]:** opportunity for landowners to show LAFCO that ag is not cost-effective

Commented [S15]: makes explicit the sunset provided in statute with the addition of unsown and disused, i.e. long-time ag uses are no longer viable

Commented [S16]: does not penalize new ag ventures

**Commented [S17]:** addresses broad definition for prime ag in LAFCO law to include any land that produces an annual gross value of \$400 per acre (not net but gross...) under 56016(e)

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# L-101 LEGISLATIVE POLICY

34. Follow San Diego LAFCO's adopted procedures when reviewing proposals that could effect agricultural and open space lands and provided herein as Appendix A. to define agricultural and open space lands and to determine when a proposal may adversely affect such lands.

Adopted: November 6, 1978
Amended: June 4, 1990
Amended: May 4, 1998
Technically Updated: January 1, 2001
Technically Updated: June 16, 2015

Cross-referenceAppendix:

SAN DIEGO LAFCO PROCEDURES:
-Open Space and Agricultural Preservation

## APPENDIX A

# **Open Space and Agricultural Preservation**

The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Act requires LAFCOs to consider how adoption of spheres of influence or changes of local governmental organization could affect open space and prime agricultural lands. In determining spheres of influence, LAFCOs are directed to prepare a written statement of determinations with respect to the present and planned land uses including agricultural and open space lands (56425(e)(1)).

In reviewing and approving or disapproving proposals for changes of organization, LAFCOs must consider the effect of the proposal on maintaining the physical and economic integrity of agricultural lands (56668) and guide development away from existing prime agricultural and open space lands and towards areas containing non-prime agricultural lands — unless that action would not promote the planned, orderly, efficient development of an area (56377(a)). LAFCOs are further directed to encourage development of existing vacant or non-prime agricultural lands within a jurisdictional boundary or sphere of influence before approving a proposal that would allow development of open-space lands outside of the jurisdiction (56377(b)).

## **Definitions**

**Agricultural Lands:** Agricultural land means land currently used for the purpose of producing an agricultural commodity for commercial purposes, land left fallow under a crop rotational program, or land enrolled in an agricultural subsidy or set-aside program (56016).

**Prime Agricultural Land:** Prime agricultural land means an area of land, whether a single parcel or contiguous parcels, that has not been developed for a use other than an agricultural use and that meets any of the following qualifications (56064):

 Land that, if irrigated, qualifies for rating as class I or class II in the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service land use capability classification whether or not the land is actually irrigated, provided that irrigation is feasible;

- 2. Land that qualifies for rating 80 through 100 Storie Index Rating;
- Land that supports livestock used for the production of food and fiber and that has an annual carrying capacity equivalent to at least one animal unit per acre as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture in the National Handbook on Range and Related Grazing Lands, July 1967, developed pursuant to Public Law 46, December 1935;
- 4. Land planted with fruit or nut-bearing trees, vines, bushes, or crops that have a non-bearing period of less than five years and that will return during the commercial bearing period on an annual basis from the production of unprocessed agricultural plant production not less than four hundred dollars (\$400) per acre; or
- Land that has returned from the production of unprocessed agricultural plant products an annual gross value of not less than four hundred dollars (\$400) per acre for three of the previous five calendar years;

**Open Space:** Open space is any parcel or area of land or water that is substantially unimproved and devoted to an open-space use and designated on a local, regional or state open space plan as any of the conditions described in Section 65560(b)(1) through (6).

## **Procedure**

The following criteria will be considered when reviewing a proposal that could adversely affect agricultural and open space lands:

- 1. The use and value of the proposal area and surrounding parcels;
- Determination as to whether any of the proposal area is designated for agricultural preservation by adopted local plans, including Local Coastal Plans and the County Agricultural Element; and

## 3. Determination of:

- Whether public facilities would be extended through or adjacent to any other agricultural lands to provide services to the development anticipated on the proposal property;
- B. Whether the proposal area is adjacent to or surrounded by existing urban or residential development;
- Whether surrounding parcels may be expected to develop to urban uses within the next five years; and
- D. Whether natural or man-made barriers would serve to buffer the proposal area from existing urban uses.

# Special Annexation Procedures for Williamson Act Territory (51243.5, 56738, 56752)

The Williamson Act provides that a property owner may enter into a contract with a county or city whereby the assessed property taxes are reduced in return for keeping the property in an agricultural preserve for a minimum of ten years. Except as provided in Government Code Section 51243.5, on and after the effective date of an annexation by a city of any land under contract with the county, the city shall succeed to all rights, duties, and powers of the county under the contract.

A city may refuse to succeed to a Williamson Act contract if either of the following conditions exist:

 Prior to December 8, 1971 the land being annexed was within one mile of the city boundary when the contract was executed and the city filed a resolution protesting the contract with the board of supervisors; or 2. Prior to January 1, 1991: (a) the land being annexed was within one mile of the city boundary; (b) the city had filed a resolution protesting the contract with LAFCO; (c) LAFCO held a hearing to consider the protest; (d) LAFCO made a finding of inconsistency with future land use; and (e) LAFCO approved the city's protest.

Please refer to the applicable code sections for specific procedures regarding the annexation of Williamson Act territory.