CAMPUS PARK WEST PROJECT

APPENDIX L

VOLUME 1: CEQA PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY/ON-SITE DRAINAGE STUDY

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FINAL SUBSEQUENT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

June 18, 2014

CEQA PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY/ ONSITE DRAINAGE STUDY <u>CAMPUS PARK WEST</u>

County of San Diego, CA April 16, 2013 <u>TM Tract 5424; GPA05-003; SPA05-001;</u> <u>REZ05-005; ER05-02-009</u>



PROJECT DESIGN CONSULTANTS

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Prepared For:

Pappas Investments 2020 L Street, 5th Floor Sacramento, CA 95811

Prepared By:

PDC Job No. 3631.10



PROJECT DESIGN CONSULTANTS

Planning | Landscape Architecture | Engineering | Survey

701 B Street, Suite 800 San Diego, CA 92101 619.235.6471 Tel 619.234.0349 Fax



Prepared by: C. Pack, P.E. *Under the supervision of*

Debby Reece, PE RCE 56148 Registration Expires 12/31/14

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1. INTRODUCTION

This drainage report supports the preliminary design of the proposed storm drain improvements associated with Campus Park West project, for a Tentative Map (TM) submittal. The project is located in the County of San Diego within the Fallbrook Community Planning Area. The site is 116.6 acres in size and is located east of Interstate 15, with the majority of the site located north of State Route 76 (SR 76), adjacent to Interstate 15, and the remaining property is located south of SR 76 on either side of Pankey Road. Figure 1 shows the vicinity map for the project.

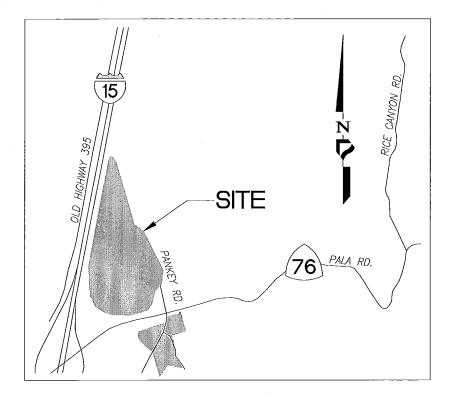


Figure 1: Project Vicinity Map

The Tentative Map shows the proposed project design plus one alternative design for the westerly pad located to the southwest of the SR 76/Pankey Road intersection. Grading Alternative #1 is the grading alternative that, if selected, would expand the development footprint to the north by decertifying a portion of the existing SR 76 Caltrans right-of-way. This alternative is dependent on whether the Caltrans Decertification process is achieved. If the process to decertify the right-of-way is not successful, the "Grading Alternative #1" would be

eliminated. The "Grading Alternative #1" is analyzed herein as an alternative for the proposed condition.

The purpose of this report is to determine hydrologic impact, if any, to the existing storm drain facilities or natural drainage, and provide peak 100-year discharge values for existing and proposed conditions, and to provide the required analysis for an environmental CEQA-level analysis of potential development impacts and mitigations with respect to drainage.

The drainage analyses presented herein reflect a Tentative Map level-of-effort, which include peak 100-year storm event hydrologic analyses using relative street and lot grades. Hydraulic analyses for detention, inlets, pipe inverts and HGL's will be provided during final engineering, although some preliminary calculations are included herein for TM purposes. *Therefore, the purpose of this report submittal is to acquire from the County: 1) concept approval of the proposed storm drain layout and detention basin sizing, 2) approval of the methodology used in the evaluation of the project storm drain system hydrology, and 3) identification of critical path drainage issues that need to be addressed during final engineering.*

The project will meet State NPDES construction and municipal stormwater permit requirements. The construction phase BMPs associated with the project will be addressed in the Grading and Erosion Control Plans and the SWPPP. The post-construction BMPs for the project are currently being developed in conjunction with the Preliminary Storm Water Management Plan (SMWP) for Campus Park West project. The final post-construction BMP design will be provided during final engineering.

The Campus Park West project is adjacent to the Meadowood (TM 5354) and Campus Park (VTM 5338) projects. For information on the Meadowood project, refer to the *Drainage Study for Meadowood Vesting Tentative Map*, dated March 19, 2010 from Rick Engineering. For information on the Campus Park project, refer to the *CEQA Level Preliminary Hydrology & Hydraulics Study for Campus Park*, dated February 23, 2010 from Landmark Engineering. This Campus Park West report is a stand-alone report and does not include analysis of cumulative effects of the nearby proposed projects.

2. EXISTING AND PROPOSED DRAINAGE PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS

The following sections provide descriptions of the existing and proposed drainage patterns and improvements for the project.

2.1 Existing Drainage Patterns

The site currently consists of mostly undeveloped land. Slopes vary from moderate to steep and cover is mostly brush with some areas of dense trees. There are five existing culverts underneath Interstate 15 that convey offsite runoff from areas west of Interstate 15 onto the property. The site area north of SR 76 generally slopes south and east towards Horse Ranch Creek. To the east of the site perimeter, Horse Ranch Creek drains to the south. There are three existing bridges that cross Horse Ranch Creek, including two Pankey Road bridges, and one SR 76 Caltrans bridge. Approximately 600 feet south of the South Pankey Road bridge, the creek confluences with the San Luis Rey River.

Onsite drainage is divided generally into four drainage areas, Systems 100E through 400E. The "E" in the system name refers to the existing condition drainage area in order to differentiate between the proposed (P) drainage areas. From north to south, they include the following areas:

<u>System 100E</u>: System 100E represents the area that drains easterly and enters Horse Ranch Creek upstream of the existing North Pankey Road Bridge. The majority of the drainage area within this system is from offsite areas west of Interstate 15.

<u>System 200E</u>: System 200E represents the onsite area that drains southeasterly and enters Horse Ranch Creek downstream of the existing north Pankey Road Bridge, but north of SR 76.

<u>System 300E</u>: System 300E consists of the onsite and offsite drainage area that drains to the southwest corner of the site and enters a natural sump north of SR 76. This sump area was studied previously in the URS study entitled *Drainage Report – SR 76 Widening and Realignment from Interstate 15 to 2.2km East*, dated December 21, 2007. This study will be referred to in this report as the URS Roadway study. The sump area does not appear to have a low-level outlet. Presumably the runoff infiltrates into the native B-type soils

and percolates towards the San Luis Rey River. Per the URS Roadway study, this natural sump area contains sufficient volume below the existing 72-inch culvert outlet pipe elevation to fully retain the 100-year flood volume of its tributary area under existing conditions. However, due to drainage area and topographic information differences for this project compared to the URS report, it is unlikely the full 100-year retention volume is retained under existing conditions. Regardless, if the water elevation rises high enough in the sump area, excess runoff will flow to the south via the 72-inch culvert underneath SR 76. Sediment in the 72-inch pipe was recently observed following significant January 2010 rain events, so it is apparent that the water in the sump does pond high enough to flow into the culvert on some occasions, but the area acts as a natural retention/infiltration basin for small storm events. PDC's field survey shots indicate that the grade of the pipe is actually adverse even though the Caltrans plans show a 0.5% slope from north to south. Refer to Appendix 7.

<u>System 400E</u>: System 400E consists of the area located south of SR 76 that sheetflows to either the San Luis Rey River, or the section of Horse Ranch Creek that is located south of the SR 76 bridge. A portion of the runoff enters the trapezoidal concrete channel that was recently constructed with the SR76 improvements that discharges into Horse Ranch Creek just south of the SR76 bridge.

See Exhibits A-1 and A-2 in Appendix 13 for the existing condition hydrology maps. In order to adequately compare existing flows to proposed flows at each of the project outfalls and to provide a valid comparison, the downstream limits of the existing drainage boundaries match the limits of the proposed drainage boundaries. This was needed because of the large number of drainage outfalls, and lack of concentration points in the pre-developed condition.

2.2 **Proposed Drainage Patterns and Improvements**

The proposed project consists of building a mixed-use planned community comprised of multifamily residential, limited industrial, mixed-use, and commercial components. The proposed northern development includes all four land uses, and two parcels in the southern development will be solely commercial, while the other parcel will be undisturbed and will remain as open space. (Refer to Exhibit C in Appendix 13). The project street improvements include the extension of Pankey Road north of SR 76. Part of the extension will include replacement of the Pankey Road bridge over Horse Ranch Creek north of SR 76. The street improvements south of SR 76 consist of realigning Pankey Road and building a new intersection with Shearer Crossing.

The onsite drainage improvements consist of a series of mass graded pads, public and private streets, gutters, curb inlets, and catch basins that all tie into an underground storm drain system. Note that at this stage in the design process, the commercial and multi-family planning areas do not have detailed site plans with internal streets and pads shown, but the future internal drainage improvements will convey runoff to the basins as indicated on the drainage exhibits.

In order to allow for treatment of the onsite runoff, the storm drains for this project were designed so that upstream offsite water from the Interstate 15 culverts is not commingled with onsite water (except for the most northerly Caltrans storm drain, which represents a very small area). Flow from both onsite and offsite drainage areas are conveyed to outfalls at existing natural canyon locations to closely match existing conditions.

See Exhibit B in Appendix 13 for the proposed conditions hydrology map. In order to provide a simple comparison between existing and proposed conditions for the four drainage areas of interest, a naming convention was adopted similar to the existing condition drainage areas and the downstream ends of the four drainage areas of interest are named Outfalls 1 through 4. From the north to the south, they include the following drainage areas:

<u>Outfall #1</u>: This area was defined as the area under proposed conditions that drains easterly and enters Horse Ranch Creek upstream of the existing North Pankey Road bridge. The drainage area consists of two systems: System 100P and System 100P. System 100P represents mostly offsite area west of Interstate 15 and includes all drainage that does not commingle with onsite water. System 1000P includes onsite proposed developed area plus a portion of Caltrans drainage area that drains into Water Quality/Hydromodification Basin 1. Note that the two systems added together represent the point of comparison in order to evaluate the proposed condition against the existing condition (between System 100E).

Outfall #2: System 2000P represents the onsite proposed developed area that drains

southeasterly and enters Horse Ranch Creek downstream of the existing north Pankey Road bridge, but north of SR 76. It includes the discharge from Basins 2 and 3, and a small portion of Pankey Road just north of the SR 76 intersection that does not drain to a basin.

<u>Outfall #3</u>: This area was defined as the area that drains to the southwest corner of the site and enters a natural sump north of SR 76. The drainage area consists of two systems: System 3000P and System 300P. Following the same naming convention, System 3000P includes solely onsite proposed developed area, and System 300P represents the balance of the area, which is mostly offsite area west of the project. Note that the two systems added together represent the point of comparison in order to evaluate the proposed condition against the existing condition (between System 300E).

<u>Outfall #4</u>: System 4000P consists of the area located south of SR 76 that will drain to either the Caltrans channel south of SR 76 or the section of Horse Ranch Creek that is located south of the SR 76 bridge. The existing Caltrans concrete channel east of Pankey Road South between the Campus Park West property and the SR 76 edge of pavement will be filled and converted to an underground pipe system that will connect into the existing system that crosses Pankey Road South. If Alternative #1 is pursued, the open channel on the west side of Pankey Road South will also be filled and converted to an underground pipe system. For both alternatives, the commercial pads will be filled above the San Luis Rey River floodplain elevation.

The site plan includes a total of four proposed basins. All of the proposed basins will be combined water quality/hydromodification management basins. Determination of whether any of the basins would also require attenuation of the 100-year peak flow rate is considered in Section 3.6 in this report. Figure 2 summarizes the location of the major drainage systems analyzed in this report and the main project discharges.

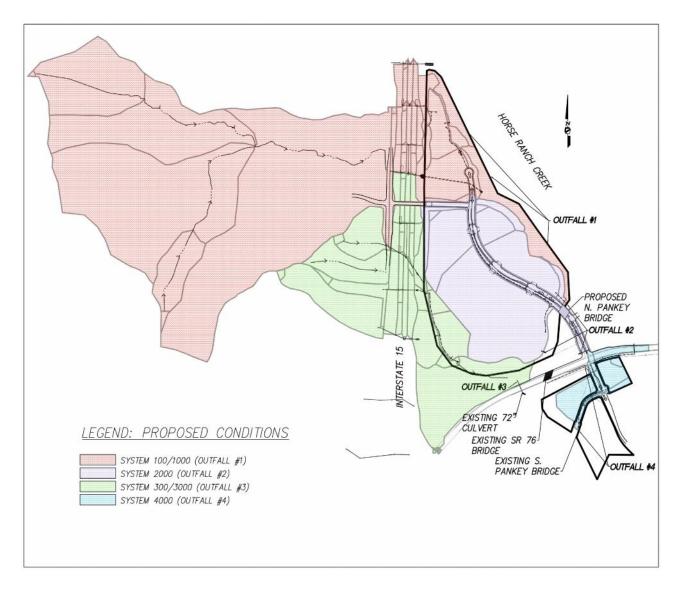


Figure 2: Schematic of Drainage Systems & Drainage Discharge Locations

2.3 Offsite Improvements

The offsite improvements include, but are not limited to, Old Highway 395 widening near the Pala Mesa Drive intersection, widening of SR 76, and realignment of the Shearer Crossing/Pankey Road intersection. The existing drainage patterns of these areas will be preserved to the maximum extent practicable. The widening near Old Highway 395 may require adjustments to inlets and other collection points due to the revised curb locations, but will not substantially change the existing drainage condition of the roadway. In order to accommodate

the new edge of pavement locations, the SR 76 improvements will require some minor revisions to the asphalt concrete overside drains to collect the runoff from the superelevated roadway. Generally, the drainage improvements to accommodate the offsite roadway widening locations are minor and these minor offsite improvements will be finalized during final engineering.

3. HYDROLOGY CRITERIA, METHODOLOGY, AND RESULTS

This section of the report summarizes the drainage criteria that were used in the hydrologic analysis and key elements of the methodology. Also included is a description of the computer model used in the computations.

3.1 Hydrology Criteria

The drainage basins were delineated using available topography and the preliminary proposed grading layout for the project. Table 1 summarizes the key hydrology assumptions and criteria used for the hydrologic modeling.

Existing and Proposed Hydrology:	100-year storm frequency
Soil Type:	Hydrologic Soil Group B, C, and D per USDA web soil survey. See Exhibit D (Appendix 13).
Land Use / Runoff Coefficients:	Based on criteria presented in the 2003 County of San Diego Hydrology Manual,
Rainfall intensity:	Based on intensity duration frequency relationships presented in the 2003 County of San Diego Hydrology Manual.

Table 1: Hydrology Criteria

For the Rational Method calculations, the runoff coefficients for the offsite areas west of Interstate 15 were estimated using an estimate of the existing land development per the current County General Plan. Much of the land west of Interstate 15 is zoned for low density residential (1 and 2 dwelling units per acre). The remainder of the offsite area is zoned per the Pala Mesa Specific Plan (*Pala Mesa Private Development Plan*, prepared by Alvin W. Ray, dated February

15, 1974). The planning areas within the original 1974 Pala Mesa Specific Plan have since been separated into various projects. Some of the planning areas have been developed, and some are undergoing Specific Plan Amendments and are not yet developed. The original land use and densities from the Pala Mesa Specific Plan were used to develop runoff coefficients for the Rational Method model for the planning areas that have already been constructed based on field observations. The runoff coefficients for the planning areas not yet constructed were based on existing conditions, since future development would require detention of peak flows to predevelopment conditions. Refer to Exhibit C in Appendix 13 for corresponding specific plan land use areas.

For subareas with multiple land use zoning and/or soil types, a composite runoff coefficient (C) was calculated for the drainage area. Refer to Appendix 2 for weighted runoff coefficient calculations. For the existing condition analysis, the existing condition runoff coefficients were calculated based on the percentage of soil types within the project. All of the onsite area contains type B soils. The land use densities for the onsite proposed conditions are based on the preliminary site plan for Campus Park West.

3.2 Hydrologic Methodology

The Modified Rational Method was used to determine the 100-year peak discharge flows for the design of the storm drain improvements. The goal of the project hydrology analysis was to:

- Determine existing and design peak 100-year flows for the sizing of the onsite storm drain system gutters, curb inlets, catch basins, and pipes that convey flow to the discharge locations. From an analytical perspective, the project hydrology was prepared using relative lot and street grades.
- Verify that the project does not adversely impact the existing storm drain improvements or natural drainage. A comparative analysis was performed between the existing peak 100-year discharge and project peak 100-year discharge at various locations. For results of the analysis see Exhibit A-1, A-2, and B (Appendix 13) for existing and proposed

conditions hydrology maps, and Appendices 3 and 4 for existing and proposed condition Rational Method computer output.

3.3 Description of Hydrologic Modeling Software

The Modified Rational Method was used to determine the 100-year storm flow for the design of the storm system. The AES Rational Method Program was used to perform the hydrologic calculations. This section provides a brief explanation of the computational procedure used in the computer model.

The AES Modified Rational Method Hydrology Program is a computer-aided design program where the user develops a node link model of the watershed. Developing independent node link models for each interior watershed and linking these sub-models together at confluence points creates the node link model. The intensity-duration-frequency relationships are applied to each of the drainage areas in the model to get the peak flow rates at each point of interest.

3.4 Hydrology Results

In general, the project hydrology results presented herein were used to 1) verify that the project does not adversely impact the existing storm drain system or natural drainage, and 2) determine if detention of peak flows is necessary.

Storm runoff from the project will be collected and conveyed to several locations. In order to compare the existing and proposed drainage conditions, four comparison outfall locations have been established. Table 2 summarizes the Rational Method hydrology results for the project outfalls for the existing and proposed conditions.

Table 2: Hydrology Results

	EXISTING CONDITIONS				PROPOSED CONDITIONS					
<u>Outfall of</u> <u>Interest</u>	System	<u>Q 100</u> (cfs)	<u>Contrib.</u> <u>Area</u> (acres)	<u>Tc</u> (min)	<u>Composite C</u> <u>value</u>	<u>System</u>	<u>Q 100</u> (cfs)	<u>Contrib.</u> <u>Area</u> (acres)	<u>Tc</u> (min)	<u>Composite C</u> <u>value</u>
Outfall #1	System 100E	370.2	275.00	21.44	0.37	Onsite System 1000P Offsite System	102.5	23.00	7.56	0.63
				1222,00240002.02		100P Sum 1000P+ 100P	345.8	242.50 265.50	<u>19.98</u>	0.37
Outfall #2	System 200E	48.6	40.30	20.08	0.32	Onsite System 2000P	280.1	63.30	9.67	0.75
	System 300E	151.3	95.54	15.73	0.36	Onsite System 3000P	28.1	5.93	9.93	0.8
Outfall #3	e organizated Tanka Adv an an order of the	Noncola Martinetta	In surround control of a suid bala	era har anna haita her		Offsite System 300P	135.8	76.00	13.64	0.37
						Sum 3000P+ 300P	159.2	81.93	-	0.40
Outfall #4	System 400E	24.5	11.90	16.53	0.48	System 4000P -OR- System 4000P (ALT.	67.5	10.50	6.51	0.83
						OPTION #1)	76.6	11.90	6.51	0.82

Table 2 compares the existing and proposed peak flow rates for each outfall without detention taken into account. Each outfall consists of one or more drainage systems.

3.5 Analysis of Hydrology Results for Project Outfalls

The results in Table 2 provide a comparison for the four project outfalls. Each outfall is discussed below in relation to the project's impacts and proposed mitigations with respect to

increased velocities, concentration of flows, and increased quantities of flows. For each drainage system, the peak inflow hydrograph was generated with Rick Engineering Rational Method Hydrograph Generator. This program develops a synthetic hydrograph per the 2003 County Hydrology Manual by using the results of the AES output.

<u>Outfall #1</u>: Under proposed conditions, pipe exit velocities at the two proposed pipe discharge locations will be mitigated by providing adequate energy dissipation at the outlet headwalls. The outfall locations closely match where the natural concentrated drainages leave the site in the existing condition, so concentration of flows is not a significant project impact. Table 2 indicates that if the peaks from System 1000P and 100P peak flow were simultaneous, the total peak flow rate would increase for Outfall #1 under proposed conditions. However, the time of concentration values for the onsite and offsite drainage areas are significantly different, which means that the total 100-year peak flow rate (from combining the hydrographs as opposed to just adding the peaks together) is much less than the sum of the respective peak flow rates from the onsite area peaks much faster than the hydrographs in Appendix 5. Since the hydrograph of the onsite area peaks much faster than the hydrograph. Therefore, if the combined hydrograph is relatively independent of the onsite peak hydrograph. Therefore, if the project provided detention, the onsite hydrograph peak would be delayed such that the combined peak at the project outfall location gets worse than the no detention alternative.

<u>Outfall #2</u>: Under proposed conditions, System 2000P proposes to discharge into the Horse Ranch Creek in three locations which are all within 400 feet of the existing condition natural channel entry to the creek. Pipe exit velocities will be mitigated with adequate energy dissipation near the pipe outfalls. Although onsite conditions increase peak 100-year discharge, the increase is minimal compared to the offsite Horse Ranch Creek hydrograph. Refer to discussion in Section 3.6 below.

<u>Outfall #3</u>: Concentration of flows is not a major concern for Outfall #3, since concentration points will be mostly identical to existing conditions. Under proposed conditions, pipe exit velocities at the proposed pipe discharge locations will be mitigated by providing adequate energy dissipation at the outlet headwalls. As discussed previously, this area drains to a sump

area which has been analyzed previously with the URS Roadway study. The sump area encompasses both Campus Park West property and Caltrans right-of-way. The point of comparison for Outfall #3 shall be the 72-inch culvert crossing, since it was established with the URS Roadway study that the 72-inch culvert is the only outlet to the sump area. Although the sump may have a lot of retention volume, it does not have a low-level outlet, so the analysis included herein ignored the retention volume in the sump and analyzed the culvert assuming the sump volume is already full at the time the peak flow occurs. Note that per PDC's Horse Ranch Creek Floodplain study, the sump and the 72-inch culvert are inundated from flows from Horse Ranch Creek at the time of the peak flow in the creek. However, since the Horse Ranch Creek watershed is much larger than the drainage area for Systems 3000P and 300P, the peak flow for the onsite system will discharge to the creek before the peak flow occurs in Horse Ranch Creek. Therefore, the tailwater condition of the 72-inch pipe was estimated based on the time to peak of the Rational Method hydrographs and used to estimate the conveyance capacity of the culvert. Refer to Appendix 10 for the tailwater calculations. The hydrographs of the onsite System 3000P and the offsite System 300P were added together and then compared with the conveyance capacity of the 72-inch pipe. The tailwater from Horse Ranch Creek at the time of concentration of the peak flow to the 72-inch pipe was estimated and incorporated into the calculation for the 72-inch capacity calculation.

The proposed grading of the onsite area was designed to reduce the existing condition drainage area into the sump to minimize impacts to the area. The proposed condition flow to the 72-inch pipe is less than the capacity of the 72-inch pipe, and therefore the proposed peak flow rate will not cause a detrimental impact. Note that the sump retention volume is ignored in this approach in order to be conservative. Therefore, there will be no significant impact due to increase in quantities of peak flows for the proposed condition at Outfall #3.

<u>Outfall #4</u>: There are two proposed alternatives for Outfall #4. Grading Alternative #1 includes a larger development footprint. Under proposed conditions, System 4000 will discharge directly into Horse Ranch Creek south of the SR 76 bridge. Pipe exit velocities will be mitigated with adequate energy dissipation near the pipe outfall. Although onsite conditions increase peak 100year discharge, the peak flow of onsite flows occurs prior to the peak flow in Horse Ranch Creek, therefore detention for 100-year flows are not warranted. Refer to discussion in Section 3.6 below. Note that under existing conditions, the site runoff sheetflows either to the north or south, but in the proposed condition runoff is concentrated to one location for treatment purposes. The proposed concentration towards the south is not a major concern because the flow discharges directly into the creek, and represents such a small flow rate compared with the flow in the creek. As a comparison, the peak flow from Outfall #4 represents less than one percent of the total peak flow in the creek.

3.6 Cumulative Analysis of Hydrology Results Compared to Horse Ranch Creek

Table 2 summarizes the results for each project outfall individually. In order to determine if project impacts exist compared to the overall watershed, a different type of analysis is warranted. Since the project is situated at the downstream end of the Horse Ranch Creek watershed, the peak of the project's runoff will occur within the rising limb of the overall watershed's hydrograph. Therefore, detention of peak onsite flows is not warranted due to the effects of delaying of the peak flows in relation to the overall watershed. Since the time of concentration of the onsite flows is so much smaller than the time of concentration of the Horse Ranch Creek watershed, no detention is required.

Table 3 below summarizes the results described above in Sections 3.5 and 3.6 with respect to the project's impacts on discharge velocities, concentration of flows, and increased quantities of flows.

 Table 3: Project Impacts Summary

	Summary of P	Summary of Potential Project-Related Drainage Impacts					
<u>Outfall of Interest</u>	<u>a. Increased velocity</u> <u>of discharge</u>	<u>b. concentration of</u> <u>flows</u>	<u>c. increased quantities of flows</u>				
Outfall #1	Energy dissipators proposed	Concentration points roughly mimic existing conditions	Peak flows actually decrease				
Outfall #2	Energy dissipators proposed	Concentration points roughly mimic existing conditions	Peak flows increase				
Outfall #3	Energy dissipators proposed	Concentration points roughly mimic existing conditions	Peak flows increase, but are still less than capacity of existing 72" culvert in SR 76. Drainage area to sump decreases.				
Outfall #4	Energy dissipators proposed	Concentration points roughly mimic existing conditions	Peak flows increase				
Combined Outfalls	See above	See above	Compared with Horse Ranch Creek, increase in flows are insignificant				

3.7 Water Quality Basin Sizing

Table 4 summarizes the basin volumes required and the proposed basin volumes per the tentative map. The water quality volume for each basin was sized according to County of San Diego criteria using the 85th percentile rainfall depth of 0.83 inches. All basins are proposed for water quality and hydromodification purposes, since attenuation of 100-year flows is not warranted. Refer to the Preliminary Storm Water Management Plan for further information regarding the post-construction BMPs selected for this project.

Table 4:	Water	Quality	Basin	Summary
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Basin	Type of		Drainage			Proposed Basin Volume (Minimum to
#	Basin	System	Area (AC)	C(WQ)	WQ Vol (AF)	also address Hydromod Volume) (AF)
1	WQ/Hydromod	1000	21.46	0.63	0.93	2
2	WQ/Hydromod	2000	14.78	0.62	0.63	1.3
3	WQ/Hydromod	2000	47.64	0.86	2.83	7.4
4	WQ/Hydromod	3000	5.93	0.86	0.35	1.4

3.8 Hydromodification Analysis

It is anticipated that the water quality basins will address hydromodification requirements, since both water quality basins and hydromodification basins produce similar alterations to the flow regime for the smaller, more frequent storm events. For more information regarding how the project complies with the final hydromodification requirements, refer to the Preliminary Hydromodification Management Study, prepared by Project Design Consultants. The stated purpose of the final hydromodification requirements is "...to manage increases in runoff discharge rates and durations from all Priority Development Projects, where such increased rates and durations are likely to cause increased erosion of channel beds and banks, sediment pollutant generation, or other impacts to beneficial uses and stream habitat due to increased erosive force" (County Final HMP, page ES-1). Flow duration control is the most common form of hydromodification management. Although the project will comply with the hydromodification requirements, there are existing erosion problems downstream of the project in the San Luis Rey River, which are documented in previous studies. For example, FEMA classified the San Luis Rey River in the vicinity of the project as an *approximate* special flood hazard area (Zone A) due to "possible erosion/sedimentation hazards". (Refer to the FEMA FIRM panel in Appendix 6). The majority of all onsite water will be treated with water quality/hydromodification basins, which will detain the smaller, more frequent events and therefore will mitigate the postdevelopment onsite flows.

4. HYDRAULIC CRITERIA, METHODOLOGY, AND RESULTS

Hydraulic calculations for pipes, inlets, and ditches will be performed during final engineering. However, hydraulic calculations for the floodplain areas are necessary for the TM stage. The floodplain work for this project includes three floodplain analyses: onsite floodplain delineation for drainage areas greater than 25 acres, Horse Ranch creek floodplain analysis, and San Luis Rey River floodplain analysis. Each task is discussed below.

4.1 Onsite Floodplain Delineation

The County requires limits of flooding be delineated for any area within the site perimeter that has a tributary area of greater than 25 acres. This was performed for both existing and proposed conditions by performing normal depth calculations at key cross sections along the onsite channels. The limits of flooding for the 100-year storm are shown on Exhibit A-2 and Exhibit B (Appendix 13). For the sump area near Outfall #3, the elevation corresponding to the headwater elevation for the existing 72-inch culvert is included on the inundation limits. See Appendices 9 and 10 for floodplain calculations and further documentation.

4.2 Horse Ranch Creek Floodplain Delineation

The hydraulics of the SR 76 Horse Creek Ranch bridge was modeled previously for the Caltrans SR 76 widening project. The results are in the URS study entitled FEMA Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) – Follow up to CLOMR #05-09-1045R State Route 76 Widening And Realignment from Interstate 15 to 3.9 KM East, San Diego County, dated August 26, 2011. This LOMR report was an update to the previous CLOMR report, entitled Hydraulic and Scour Report -- State Route 76 Widening and Realignment from Interstate 15 to 2.2km East, dated March 25, 2005 (herein referred to as the "URS Hydraulic Report"). The URS Hydraulic Report was based on a peak Horse Ranch Creek flow rate of 6405 cfs using the County 1993 NRCS methodology. The 2003 Hydrology Manual methodology was not used for the analysis of the bridge because the original bridge design was based upon the 1993 County methodology, and so the use of the original bridge design hydrology criteria and methodology was considered appropriate for that project. However, the Horse Ranch Creek design flow rate was developed for this project using the County 2003 NRCS methodology in order to model the proposed Pankey Road bridge, and to delineate the floodplain through the project limits. The Campus Park West Horse Ranch Creek Floodplain Study, submitted under a separate cover, documents the hydrologic and hydraulic modeling of the Horse Ranch Creek watershed through the limits of the project. The delineation of the existing and proposed condition floodplains for Horse Ranch Creek are included in the flood study and are shown on the exhibits in this study for reference only. The project team plans on submitting to FEMA a CLOMR application during final engineering and a LOMR after site construction for the portion of Horse Ranch Creek within the FEMA special flood hazard

area (south of SR 76 only).

4.3 San Luis Rey River Floodplain Delineation

The parcel to the southeast of the SR 76/Pankey Road intersection is partially within the current San Luis Rey River 100-year floodplain limits (designated as a FEMA Zone A). The area will be filled to remove the building pad area from the floodplain as a part of the project improvements. A copy of a portion of the FEMA FIRM Panel is included in Appendix 6. The recent SR 76 widening and realignment project modified the limits of the San Luis Rey floodplain, and these revisions were approved by FEMA per LOMR Case #12-09-0511P. The hydraulic calculations to support the LOMR are located in the URS Hydraulic Report.

Note that the URS Hydraulic Report modeled the San Luis Rey River and a small portion of Horse Ranch Creek with detailed hydraulic methods, however, the floodplain is designated as approximate due to concerns about existing sedimentation hazards in the San Luis Rey River. Floodplain calculations to show the post-project floodplain modifications for the Campus Park West project are included in the San Luis Rey River Floodplain Study, submitted under a separate cover by Chang Consultants. The project team plans on submitting to FEMA a CLOMR application during final engineering and a LOMR after site construction to revise the floodplain limits in the San Luis Rey River.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

This section summarizes the following questions for CEQA purposes.

Would the project:

1. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

The project's drainage patterns mimic the existing conditions, so no substantial impacts will exist. The project does not propose to substantially alter the adjacent Horse Ranch Creek or San Luis Rey River, but does proposes to raise a portion of the site east of Pankey Road and south of SR 76 above the floodplain elevation. Development of the project will not result in substantial erosion of siltation on- or off-site.

2. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?

Existing drainage patterns will be maintained. The project will not substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in any substantial increase of flooding on- or off-site.

3. Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems?

The capacity of the existing 72-inch culvert underneath SR 76 will not be exceeded with the proposed project flow rates. The hydraulic modeling for the project's proposed widening of the recently widened Caltrans SR 76 Horse Ranch Creek bridge indicates that peak existing condition flows exceed the bridge capacity. Since the proposed project proposes to not significantly increase peak flows to the creek, the capacity will not be substantially affected. The hydraulic modeling for the proposed North Pankey Bridge indicates that the bridge will be large enough to convey the peak 100-year flow in Horse Ranch Creek. Therefore, the project will not contribute runoff water which would substantially change the existing condition to exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems.

4. Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including County Floodplain Maps? For example; research the foregoing and provide same (to indicate applicability or not) in the study.

No. The hydraulic modeling of Horse Ranch Creek (in the Horse Ranch Creek Floodplain Study) shows that the proposed multi-family area is well above the creek flood elevation.

5. Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?

The area southeast of the SR 76/Pankey Road intersection is currently partially within the 100-year flood limits. The Campus Park West San Luis Rey Floodplain Study indicates that the proposed grading will raise the pad out of the floodplain and will not significantly impede flood flows.

6. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam on-site or off site?

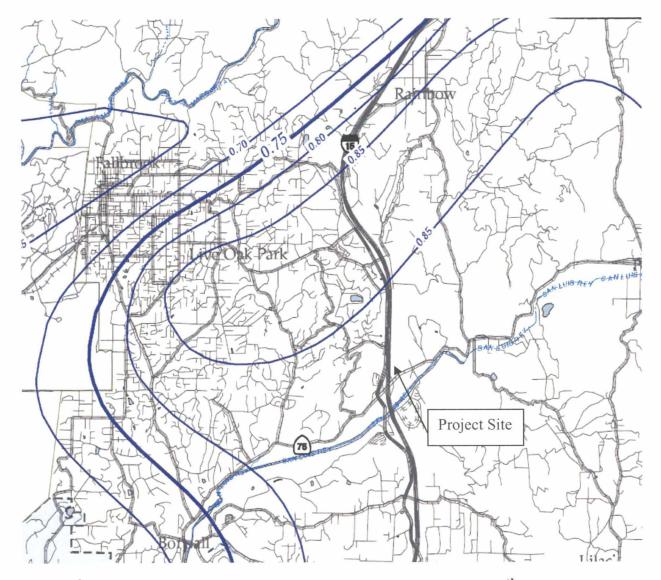
There are no dams or levees within or near the project site. The onsite basins may be designed with small berms, but will be designed adequately to reduce the potential for subsurface piping.

6. CONCLUSION

This drainage report has been prepared in support of the preliminary design of the storm drain improvements for the tentative map for the Campus Park West project. The purpose of this report is to provide peak discharges for use in designing the private and public storm drain systems for the project and to address issues regarding comparing the post-project flows to the pre-project flows. The hydrology results indicate that the peak flow from the developed site do not exceed the capacity of existing storm water drainage systems. Therefore, the storm drain system will be sufficient to satisfy County criteria in the post-development condition.

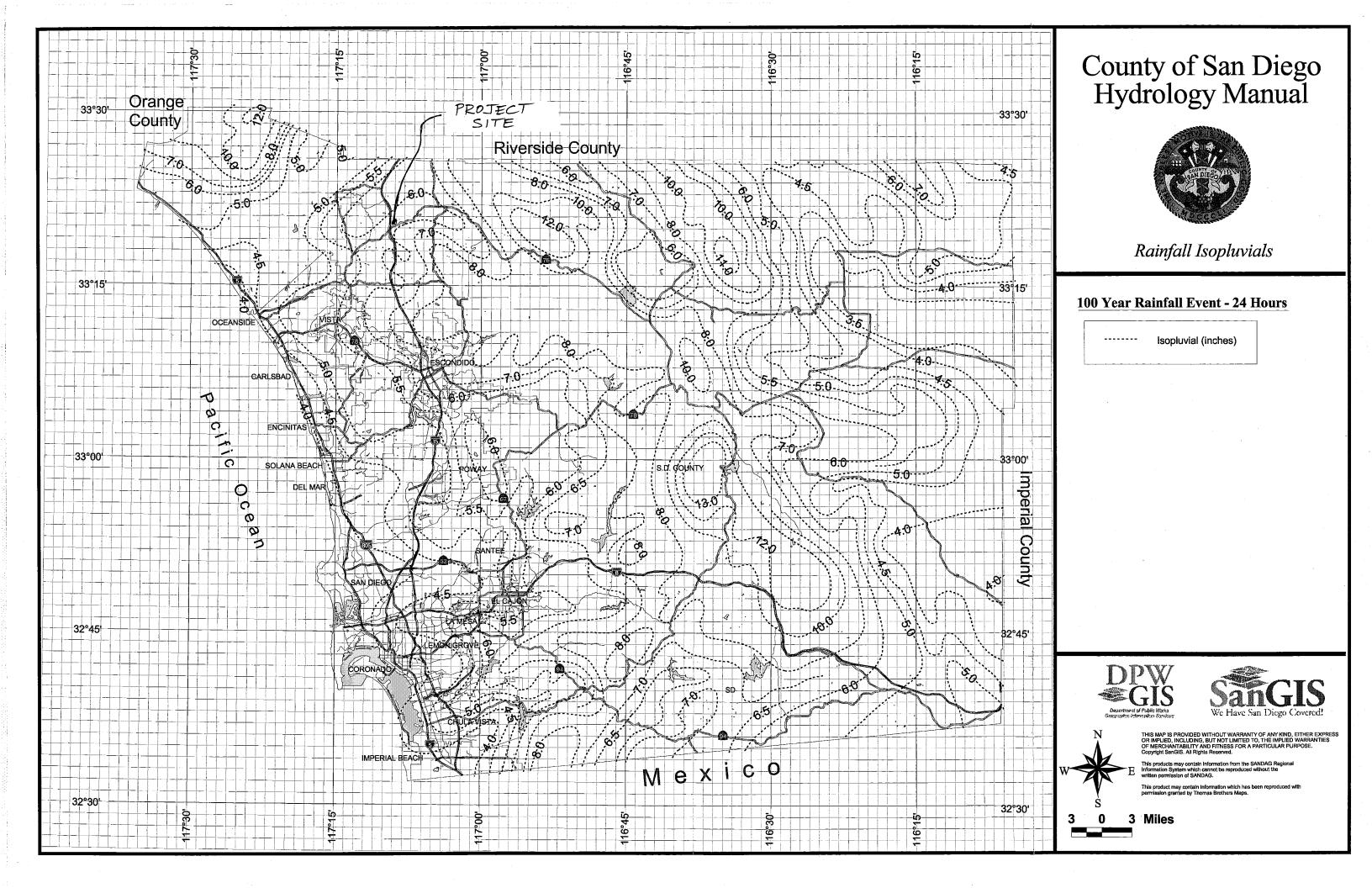
APPENDIX 1

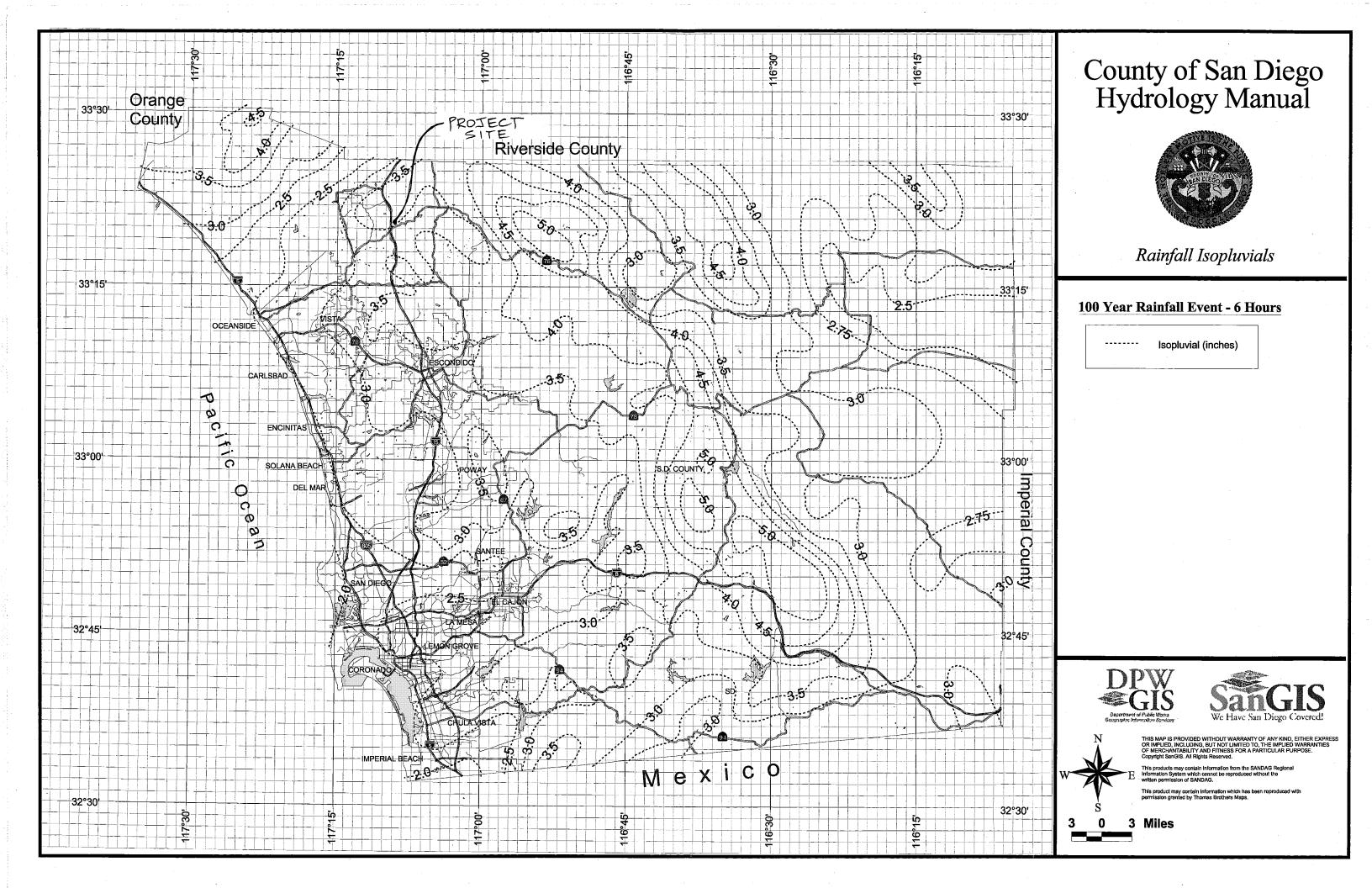
Isopluvials - Intensity-Duration Chart - Runoff Coefficients -NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups

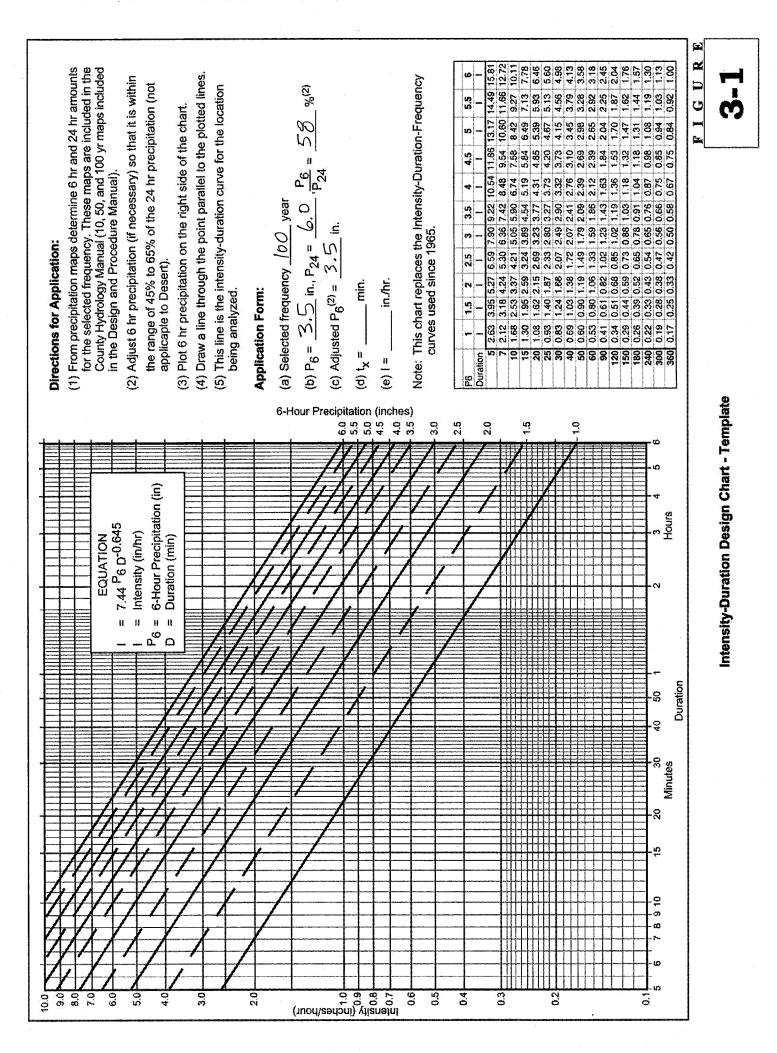


85th Percentile Rainfall Depth = 0.83 inches per 85th Percentile Rainfall Isopluvial Map in San Diego County 2003 Hydrology Manual

(FOR WATER QUALITY TREATMENT VOLUME CRITERIA)







Section: Page:

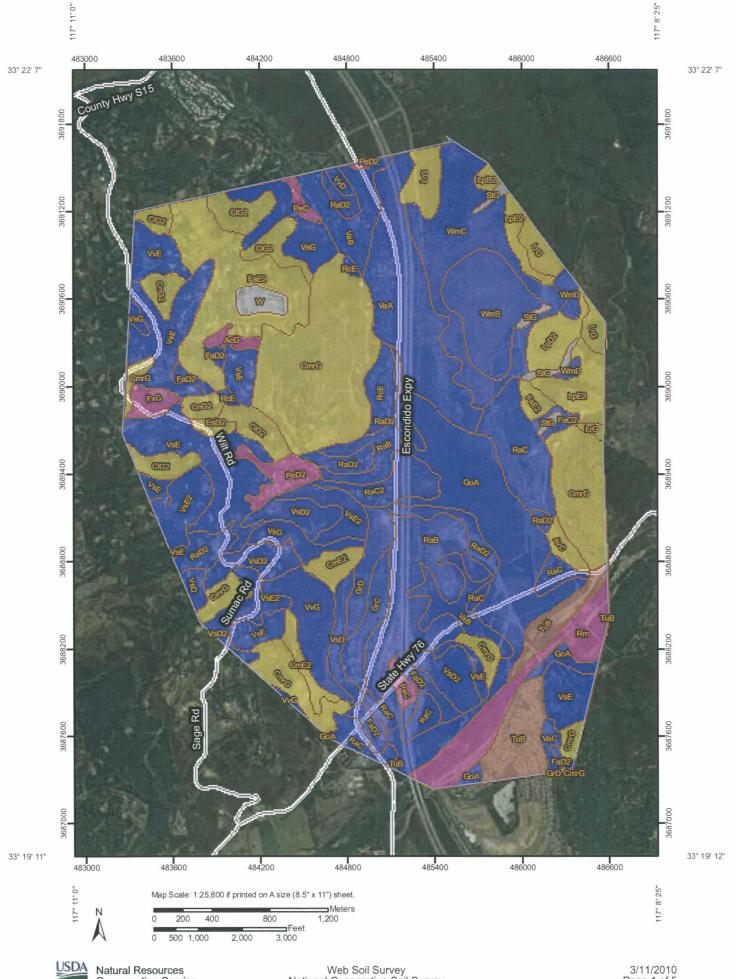
Table 3-1 RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS

San Diego County Hydrology Manual Date: June 2003

Lai	Land Use		Ru	Runoff Coefficient "C"	,C.,	
				Soil	Soil Type	
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER.	A	В	C	D
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	*0	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	10	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/A or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/A or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/A or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.71
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	60	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
*The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for	vious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff	the runoff coefficien	it as described i	in Section 3.1.2 ((representing the	pervious runoff

coefficient, Cp, for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland in Cleveland National Forest). DU/A = dwelling units per acre NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service

Hydrologic Soil Group-San Diego County Area, California



Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
AcG	Acid igneous rock land	D	8.5	0.3%
AvC	Arlington coarse sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes	С	11.4	0.4%
CIG2	Cieneba coarse sandy loam, 30 to 65 percent slopes, ero ded	C .	86.6	3.0%
CmE2	Cieneba rocky coarse sandy loam, 9 to 30 percent slopes , eroded	С	31.2	1.1%
CmrG	Cieneba very rocky coarse sandy Ioam, 30 to 75 percent slopes	С	341.8	11.9%
CnG2	Cieneba-Fallbrook rocky sandy loams, 30 to 65 percent s lopes, eroded	С	23.9	0.8%
EsD2	Escondido very fine sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	С	6.7	0.2%
FaC2	Fallbrook sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	В	7.1	0.2%
FaD2	Fallbrook sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	В	35.7	1.2%
FaE2	Fallbrook sandy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes, eroded	С	136.7	4.8%
FxG	Friant rocky fine sandy loam, 30 to 70 percent slopes	D	14.0	0.5%
GoA	Grangeville fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	В	228.8	8.0%
GrC	Greenfield sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	В	30.5	1.1%
GrD	Greenfield sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes	В	32.4	1.1%
LpD2	Las Posas fine sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, erod ed	С	34.5	1.2%
LpE2	Las Posas fine sandy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes, ero ded	C	52.5	1.8%
LrG	Las Posas stony fine sandy loam, 30 to 65 percent slope s	С	54.1	1.9%
PeC	Placentia sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes	D	15.1	0.5%
PeD2	Placentia sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	D	26.1	0.9%
RaB	Ramona sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	В	146.4	5.1%
RaC	Ramona sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	В	123.1	4.3%

USDA

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
RaC2	Ramona sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	В	35.4	1.2%
RaD2	Ramona sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	В	77.7	2.7%
RcE	Ramona gravelly sandy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes	В	28.6	1.0%
Rm	Riverwash	D	79.2	2.8%
StG	Steep gullied land		13.8	0.5%
TuB	Tujunga sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	A	81.7	2.8%
VaA	Visalia sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	В	150.1	5.2%
VaB	Visalia sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	В	84.4	2.9%
VaC	Visalia sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	В	6.7	0.2%
VsD	Vista coarse sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes	В	, 29.6	1.0%
VsD2	Vista coarse sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	В	97.8	3.4%
VsE	Vista coarse sandy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes	В	242.7	8.5%
VsE2	Vista coarse sandy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes, erode d	В	80.2	2.8%
VsG	Vista coarse sandy loam, 30 to 65 percent slopes	В	71.5	2.5%
VvD	Vista rocky coarse sandy loam, 5 to 15 percent slopes	В	5.0	0.2%
VvE	Vista rocky coarse sandy loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes	В	26.5	0.9%
VvG	Vista rocky coarse sandy loam, 30 to 65 percent slopes	В	54.9	1.9%
W	Water		14.8	0.5%
WmB	Wyman loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	В	86.8	3.0%
WmC	Wyman loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	В	143.9	5.0%
WmD	Wyman loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes	В	13.6	0.5%
Totals for Area of I	nterest		2,871.9	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Lower



California
Area,
County
Diego
oup-San
G
Soi
Hydrologic

MAP INFORMATION		Oa R Se	
MAP LEGEND	Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI) Soils Soil Soil Map Units Soil Ratings		 CD D Not rated or not available Political Features Cities Cities Cities Mater Features Cocans Oceans D Corans Major Roads Local Roads



APPENDIX 2

Weighted Runoff Coefficient Calculations for Subareas with Multiple Land uses and/or Soil Types

Summary Calculations to Determine Existing Condition Composite Runoff Coefficients for Individual Subareas

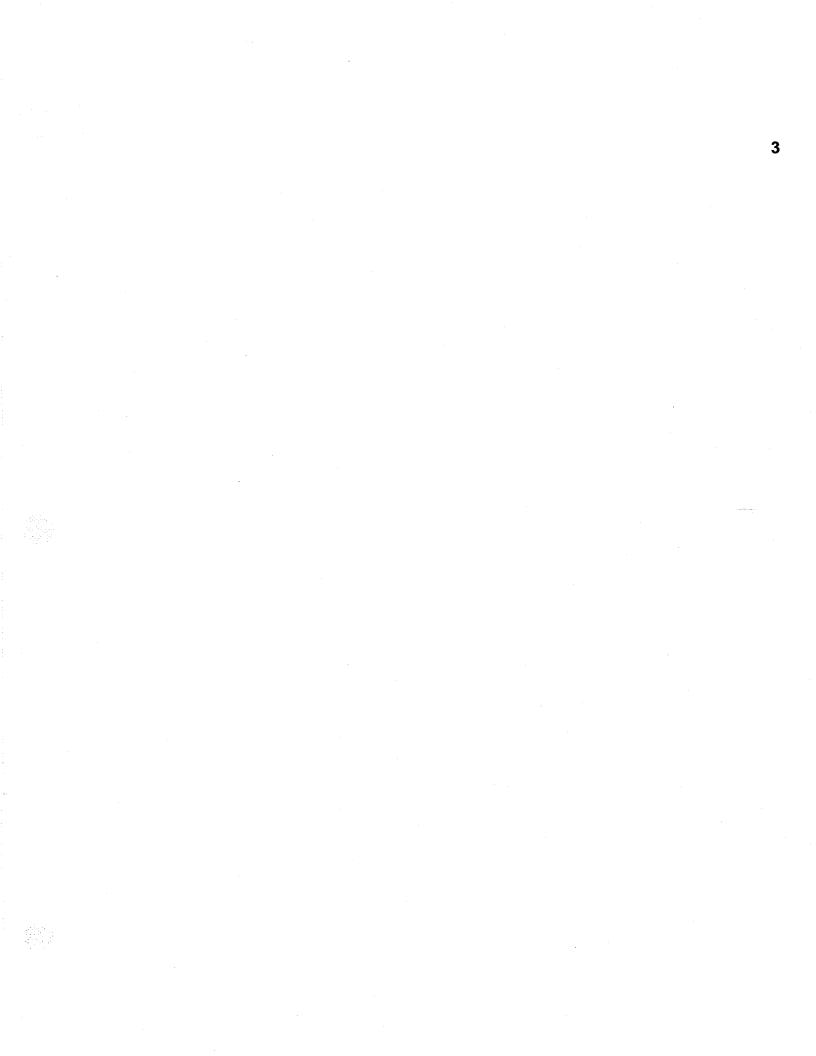
EXISTING CONDITIONS & OFFSITE CONDITIONS

		Soil C Soil D Soil A Soil B Soil C Soil D Composite C C A*C A*C A*C A*C Runoff Coef	5 0.41 0.00 5.80 0.94 0.92	0.33		Soil C Soil D Soil A Soil B Soil C Soil D Composite	C C A*C A*C A*C A*C A*C Runoff Coef.	0.36 0.41 0.00 4.64 0.00 2.97	0.42 0.46 0.00 1.26 0.00 2.33	0.54 0.57 0.00 0.00 0.08 1.04	0.38			Soil C Soil D Soil A Soil B Soil C Soil D Composite	ပ	0.36 0.41 0.00 10.77 0.00 0.29	0.42 0.46 0.00 8.85 0.00 2.00	0.54 0.57 0.00 0.26 0.00 0.02	0.25
			1																
		Soil A Soil B C C	20			Soil A Soil B	ပ ပ	0.27 0.32	0.34 0.38	0.48 0.51				Soil A Soil B	c c	~	0.34 0.38	0.48 0.51	
		Soil C Soil D Soil S (acres)	2.24			Soil C Soil D	(acres) (acres)	7.25	5.07	1.82				Soil C Soil D S	(acres) (acres)	0.7	4.34	0.03	
	σ	Soil B (acres)		2	c	Soil B	(acres) (acres) (acr	14.51 0	3.31 0	0 0.14		*	4	Soil B	(acres)	33.67 0	23.3 0	0.5 0	
5	e= 22.99				30 10		(acres	0	0 \$	s 0		÷	e= 62.54	Soil A	(acres)	0 s	s 0	0 s	
	Node 107-108 Total acreage=	Land Use / Land Cover	Low Density Resid, 1du/ac or less		INOUE IUO-I∠U T∩tal acreane≡		Land Use / Land Cover	Low Density Resid, 1du/ac or less	Low Density Resid, 2du/ac or less	Low Density Resid, 6du/ac or less		Node 115-120	Total acreage=		Land Use / Land Cover	Low Density Resid, 1du/ac or less	Low Density Resid, 2du/ac or less	Low Density Resid, 6du/ac or less	

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Node 120-121													
Total acreage	97.10		:			:		1	:	1	1	1	
Land Use / Land Cover	Soil A (acres)	Soil B (acres)	Soil C (acres)	Soil D ((acres)	Soil A C	Soil B C	Soil C C	Soil D	Soil A A*C	Soil B A*C	Soil C A*C	Soil D A*C	Composite Runoff Coef.
Low Density Resid, 1du/ac or less	0	56.47		0	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41	0.00	18.07	0.40	0.00	
Low Density Resid, 2du/ac or less	0	19.69	0	0	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46	0.00	7.48	0.00	0.00	
Low Density Resid, 6du/ac or less	0	18.33	0	1.5	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57	0.00	9.35	0.00	0.86	0.37
Node 304-305													
Total acreage=	8.47					-							
(Soil A	Soil B		Soil D	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Composite
Land Use / Land Cover	(acres)	(acres)		(acres)	ບ ເ	ບ ເ	с) С	ن ان	A*C	A*C	A*C		Runott Coet.
Low Density Resid, 1du/ac or less	0	7.35	1.12	0	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41	0.00	2.35	0.40	0.00	0.33
										-			
Node 341-355	-												
Total acreage=	11.73	•								*			
	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Composite
Land Use / Land Cover	(acres)	\sim	(acres)	(acres)	с ,	Ö	ပ	υ	A*C	A*C	A*C	A*C	Runoff Coef.
Low Density Resid, 1du/ac or less	0	8.13	3.6	0	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41	0.00	2.60	1.30	0.00	
										-			0.33
PROPOSED OFFSITE CONDITIONS	LIDNO	TIONS	-										
Node 120-121										-			
Total acreage=	97.10												
	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Soil A	Soil B	Soil C	Soil D	Composite
Law Density Pesid 141/20 or less		56 17			200	200	200	5					
I ow Density Resid, 100/ac or less		19.60			0.34	0.38	0.40	0.46		7 48			
Low Density Resid. 6du/ac or less		18.33	0	15	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57	0000	9.35	00.0	0.86	0.37
	'		F	:					-			;	

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APPENDIX 3

100-year Existing Conditions Rational Method Computer Output

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2010 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 17.0 Release Date: 07/01/2010 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * EXISTING CONDITIONS * SYSTEM 100, FILE: S100E100 FILE NAME: S100E100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:38 07/06/2012 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) NO. === 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 114.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 299.00 298.40 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.60 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.645 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.53(Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.80TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.80 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< _____ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 298.40 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 296.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 461.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.60 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.38HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 12.07 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.74 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.66 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.42 Tc(MIN.) = 8.06 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.776 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.60TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.7DEAK ELON DARR (ACRES) = 3.540.7 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.13 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.73 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.94 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.82 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 575.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.50 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 81 ______ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.776 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5270

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.16 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.52 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.64TC(MIN.) = 8.06FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 292.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 289.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 270.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.42 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.64PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.70 Tc(MIN.) = 8.76 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 104.00 = 845.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.422 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6363SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.87 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.86TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.7 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.111.15 TC(MIN.) = 8.76FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.50 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.422 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5605SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.86 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.77TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.6 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 12.92TC(MIN.) =8.76 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 51 ____ ____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 289.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 277.70 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 716.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0158 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3,000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.910 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 19.46 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.64 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.52 Tc(MIN.) =13.28 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.74SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 8.11 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.39411.7 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 22.62TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.82 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 1561.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 10>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<< ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 107.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 880.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 850.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) =30.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.517 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.773 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.25TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.25 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 107.00 TO NODE 108.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ⋈⋵⋺⋺⋵⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋳⋏⋈⋳⋼⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋺⋈⋼⋺⋺⋺⋼⋺⋼⋺⋼⋺⋼⋺⋼⋳⋼⋳⋈⋈⋳⋳⋺⋺⋶⋳⋳⋪⋎⋼⋳⋼⋺⋼⋳⋳⋎⋎ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 850.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 490.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1448.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2486 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.790 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 22.81 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.40 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.77 Tc(MIN.) = 10.29SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 22.99SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 43.93AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.330 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 23.1PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =44.11

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.48 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 108.00 = 1548.00 FEET. 108.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 51 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1773.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0852 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.680 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3800 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 72.69 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.35AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.38 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.02 Tc(MIN.) = 14.31SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 32.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 57.09AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.359TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 55.2PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 92.74END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.05 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 120.00 = 3321.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 14.31RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.68TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 55.19PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 92.74 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 21 ______ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< ________________ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 255.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 840.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 795.00ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 45.00SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.517WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 100.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.773 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.80

0.32 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.80 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 795.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 630.00CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1130.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1460 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.371 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 8.37 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.74 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.04 Tc(MIN.) = 11.56SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 8.58 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.75 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.9 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 15.30END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 115.00 = 1385.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 630.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1609.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1809 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.630 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 66.04 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.96 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.99 Tc(MIN.) = 14.55SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 62.54SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 101.34AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.346 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 71.4 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 114.53 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.94 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 120.00 = 2994.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.55RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.63TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 71.44 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 114.53 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) AREA (ACRE) 1 92.74 14.31 4.680 55.19 2 114.53 14.55 4.630 71.44 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 205.3814.314.680206.2814.554.630 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 206.28 Tc(MIN.) = 14.55 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 126.6LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 120.00 = 3321.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 339.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 286.92 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1911.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0273 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.983 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 277.92 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.33 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.82 Tc(MIN.) = 18.37SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 97.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 143.10AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.360 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 223.7PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 320.56 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 1.27 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 121.00 = 5232.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:

TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.37 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.98TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 223.73 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 320.56 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 111.00 IS CODE \approx 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 310.80 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 310.30ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.50SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.412 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 54.29 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.96TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.12TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =0.96FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 109.00 IS CODE = 62 _____ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< ______ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 310.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 309.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 625.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.10 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.56HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 22.15AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.55PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.87 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.71 Tc(MIN.) = 10.13 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.850 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =2.32SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =11.81TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =2.4PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =12.42

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.65 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 27.54 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.78 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.17 *NOTE: INITIAL SUBAREA NOMOGRAPH WITH SUBAREA PARAMETERS, AND L = 625.0 FT WITH ELEVATION-DROP = 1.3 FT, IS 18.6 CFS, WHICH EXCEEDS THE TOP-OF-CURB STREET CAPACITY AT NODE 109.00 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 109.00 = 695.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 109.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 305.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 299.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 69.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.9 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.65ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.42PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 10.19 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 121.00 = 764.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 109.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.19RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.82 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.44 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 12.42 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF INTENSITY Tc AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS) 320.56 18.37 1 3.983 223.73 12.42 10.19 5.824 2 2.44 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (CFS) NUMBER (INCH/HOUR) 231.6410.195.824329.0618.373.983 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 329.06 Tc(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 226.2 18.37 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 121.00 = 5232.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 121.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 286.92 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 284.50FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 200.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 66.0 INCH PIPE IS 49.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 17.18 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 66.00PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 329.06PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.19 Tc(MIN.) = 18.57 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 5432.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 121.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _________ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.57RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.96 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 226.17 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 329.06 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 122.00 TO NODE 122.50 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 127.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 295.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 294.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.347 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 55.75 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.440.18 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.44 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 122.50 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 294.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 255.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.91 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 13.48 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.60PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.65 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.65 Tc(MIN.) = 6.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.199 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.41 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.92 0.6 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =4.21 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.74 FLOW VELOCITY(FET/SEC.) = 1.75 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.78 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 122.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 382.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.199 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5622SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.75 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.97 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.3 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.18TC(MIN.) = 6.00FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.00RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 8.20 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.34 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.18 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** Tc STREAM RUNOFF INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) NUMBER (CFS) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 18.57 3.956 226.17 1 329.06 6.00 8.199 2 6.18 1.34

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO

CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 8.199 164.95 6.00 1 332.04 18.57 3.956 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 332.04 Tc (MIN.) = 18.57TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 227.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 5432.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00/ TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 284.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 283.05 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 96.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 63.0 INCH PIPE IS 48.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 18.65ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 63.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 332.04PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.09 Tc(MIN.) = 18.65 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 135.00 = 5528.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.65 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.94 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 227.51 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 332.04 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 127.00 IS CODE = 21 ______ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 297.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 295.90 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.749 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = -0.96

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 127.00 TO NODE 128.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 295.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 294.20 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 432.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.89 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 13.48 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.59 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.64 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.53 Tc(MIN.) = 7.28 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.237 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.60SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =3.78TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.7PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.53 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.29 FLOW VELOCITY(FET/SEC.) = 1.77 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.80 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 128.00 = 532.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 127.50 TO NODE 128.00 IS CODE = 81_____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.237 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5876SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.76SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.76TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =1.5TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =6.29TC(MIN.) = 7.28FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 128.00 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 292.66 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 291.51 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 89.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.71ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.29PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.22 Tc(MIN.) = 7.50 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 130.00 = 621.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 129.00 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 81 ______ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.099 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4907 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.84 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.91TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.08TC(MIN.) = 7.50FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 129.30 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.099 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5915 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.84 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.193.2 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 13.27 TC(MIN.) = 7.50FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 129.50 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.099 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5406SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.73 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.66 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.93 TC(MIN.) =7.50 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 130.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 291.51 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 281.10

```
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 402.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.56
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 14.93
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.63 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       8.14
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 135.00 = 1023.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
__________
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.736
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5163
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.48 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.03
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    4.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = -
                                              15.20
 TC(MIN.) = 8.14
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 130.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.14
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.74
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.37
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                15.20
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM RUNOFF
                  TC
                                      AREA
                         INTENSITY
       (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)332.0418.653.94415.208.146.736
 NUMBER
                 (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
   1
                                      227.51
    2
                                       4.37
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
 STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY

        BER
        (CFS)
        (MIN.)
        (INCH/HOUR)

        1
        209.62
        8.14
        6.736

        2
        340.94
        18.65
        3.944

 NUMBER
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 340.94 Tc(MIN.) = 18.65
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 231.9
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 135.00 = 5528.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
```

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 92.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 75.0 INCH PIPE IS 56.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 13.74 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 75.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 340.94PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.11 Tc(MIN.) = 18.77 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 140.00 =5620.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.77 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.93 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 231.88 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 340.94 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 136.00 TO NODE 137.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 128.30 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 295.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.70 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.087 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 61.69 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.360.17 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.36 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 137.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 292.80 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 280.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.87 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 14.02AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.47PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.61 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.17 Tc(MIN.) = 6.26 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.978 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.43 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.98TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =4.16 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.37 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.61 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.73 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 136.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 408.30 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 138.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.978 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6567SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.38SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.97TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =1.0TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =5.13TC(MIN.) = 6.26FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 138.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.26RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.98 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.98PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.13 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) AREA (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)340.9418.773.9295.136.267.978 (ACRE) 1 231.88 0.98 2 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 173.06 6.26 7.978 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 343.46 Tc (MIN.) = 18.77TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 232.9LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 5620.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 31 ______ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 280.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 64.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 72.0 INCH PIPE IS 55.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 14.67 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 72.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 343.46PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 18.84 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 145.00 = 5684.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 268.60 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1044.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0109 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.606 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 355.96 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.69 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.76 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.60 TC(MIN.) = 21.44SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 21.65 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 24.98 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.366TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 254.5PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 343.46 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 1.72 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.62 106.00 TO NODE 150.00 = 6728.00 FEET. LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)

343.46 21.44 3.606 254.51 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 190.00 = 6728.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA

 NUMBER
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 1
 22.62
 13.28
 4.910
 11.70

 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
 100.00 TO NODE
 190.00 =
 1561.00 FEET.

 (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 4.910 11.70 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (CFS) NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1 235.43 13.28 4.910 360.08 21.44 2 3.606 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 360.08 Tc(MIN.) = 21.44 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 266.2 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 10 _____^ >>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 165.00 TO NODE 167.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 92.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 300.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 294.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 6.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 7.208 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.283 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.84TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.36 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) \approx 0.84 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 167.00 TO NODE 169.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 294.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 264.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 459.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0654 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.301 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.35 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.21 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.21 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.82 Tc(MIN.) = 9.02

SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 8.39SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.92AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.8 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 17.64 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.35 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 165.00 TO NODE 169.00 = 551.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 169.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 11 ____ >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA

 NUMBER
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 1
 17.64
 9.02
 6.301
 8.75

 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
 165.00 TO NODE
 190.00 =
 551.00 FEET.

 ** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA

 NUMBER
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 1
 360.08
 21.44
 3.606
 266.21

 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
 106.00 TO NODE
 190.00 =
 6728.00 FEET.

 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 169.199.026.301370.1721.443.606 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 370.17 Tc(MIN.) = 21.44 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =275.0 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.606 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3658 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.00 275.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 370.17 TC(MIN.) = 21.44NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) \approx 275.0 TC(MIN.) = 21.44 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 370.17__________

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2012 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 19.0 Release Date: 06/01/2012 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * EXISTING CONDITIONS * SYSTEM 200, FILE: S200E100 FILE NAME: S200E100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:43 10/02/2012 ______ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (T) (n) NO. === 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 86.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 320.00

317.50

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 9.123 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.257 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.18 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.36 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 317.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 273.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 993.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0448 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.655 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 10.92 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.12 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.31 Tc(MIN.) = 14.43SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 13.79 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 20.54 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 14.0 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 20.81END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.03 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 205.00 = 1079.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 258.60 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1140.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0126 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.761 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 36.79 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.36 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.65 Tc(MIN.) = 20.08SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 31.75SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 26.38AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 40.3 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 48.57END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.60 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.73 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 210.00 = 2219.00 FEET. _____ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 40.3 TC(MIN.) = 20.08

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2005 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 2.0 Release Date: 06/01/2005 License ID 1509 Analysis prepared by: Project Design Consultants 701 B Street Suite 800 San Diego, Ca. 92101 * PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * EXISTING CONDITIONS * SYSTEM 300, FILE: S300E100 FILE NAME: S300E100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:25 04/22/2010 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _________ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW~LENGTH(FEET) = 78.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 424.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 412.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 12.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.756 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.421 0.81 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.81 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 412.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 320.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 567.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1623 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.779 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 8.03 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.11 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.30 Tc(MIN.) = 8.06SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 6.59 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.30AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.89 14.95 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.22LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 645.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.779 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3255 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 8.47 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 18.95 15.36 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 33.90TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =TC(MIN.) = 8.06FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 31 ~~~~~~ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 313.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 285.00

```
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 204.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 24.38
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 33.90
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.14 Tc (MIN.) = 8.20
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE
                                   306.00 = 849.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE
                                306.00 IS CODE =
                                              1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.20
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.70
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 15.36
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                             33.90
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.20 TO NODE
                                305.40 IS CODE = 21
______^ / //_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_______
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                            127.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.60
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 290.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                        1.60
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                              3.033
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
        THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 62.60
        (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
        THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.44
                  0.18 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.44
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
305.40 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 62
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
______
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) << <<
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 290.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 289.00
 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 265.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
```

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1

STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.79 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 13.40 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.55 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.62 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.85 Tc(MIN.) = 5.88 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.307 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.37 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.67PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.97 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.55 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.51 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.70 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 305.20 TO NODE 306.00 = 392.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.80 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.307 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5392 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.83 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.21 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.38 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.18 TC(MIN.) = 5.88FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.80 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.88RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 8.31 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.38 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.18 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 33.90
 8.20
 6.705
 15.

 6.18
 5.88
 8.307
 1.
 NUMBER 1 15.36 2 1.38

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** INTENSITY STREAM RUNOFF TC (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 30.50 5.88 8.307 1 38.89 8.20 6.705 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 38.89 Tc(MIN.) = 8.20 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 16.74 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 849.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 31_____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 285.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 283.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 93.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 12.56 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 38.89PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.12 Tc(MIN.) = 8.32 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 315.00 = 942.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.32 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.64 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 16.74 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 38.89 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 309.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< ___________ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 90.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 293.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.10 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.40 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.688 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.96 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.00 TO NODE 309.20 IS CODE = 62 _____ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) << << < ______ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.10 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.40 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 290.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.41STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.37HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 11.37 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.79 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.65 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.70 Tc (MIN.) = 6.39 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.872 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.42 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.880.54 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 3.70 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.71 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.97 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.80 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 309.20 = 380.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.10 TO NODE 309.20 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.872 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5485 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.76 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.91 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.61

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TC(MIN.) = 6.39
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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.20 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 62 _____ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< _____ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.40 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 290.50 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 289.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 6.43 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 19.65 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.77 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.91 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.73 Tc (MIN.) = 9.12 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.259 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.609 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.63 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.60 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 6.10 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.26 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.74 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.88 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 310.00 = 669.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.50 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.259 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5443 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.46 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.92 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.06 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.02TC(MIN.) = 9.12FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 31

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_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 286.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 285.37
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 104.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.09
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.02
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.34 Tc (MIN.) = 9.46
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE
                                311.00 = 773.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.10 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.112
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5048
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.44 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                      0.86
                 2.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                     7.71
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 
 TC(MIN.) = 9.46
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.20 TO NODE
                             311.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.112
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5726
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.57 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                       3.03
                 3.07 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                    10.74
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
 TC(MIN.) = 9.46
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.30 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81
  _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.112
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5999
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.31 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.65
                 3.38 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 12.39
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
 TC(MIN.) = 9.46
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.40 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81
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>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.112 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5613 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.54 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.06 3.92 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.45TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =TC(MIN.) = 9.46FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 311.00 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81 ______ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.112RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5415SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.35 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.68 4.27 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.13TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =TC(MIN.) = 9.46FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 311.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 31 ______ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 285.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 283.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 417.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.52 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =14.13PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.26 Tc (MIN.) = 10.72LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.00 = 1190.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.639 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5123 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.65 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.17TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =4.92 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.21TC(MIN.) = 10.72FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _______ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.72 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.64 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.92PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 14.21 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** RUNOFF TC STREAM INTENSITY AREA (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)38.898.326.64014.2110.725.639 NUMBER (ACRE) 1 16.742 4.92 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 49.92 8.32 1 6.640 47.23 10.72 2 5.639 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 49.92 Tc (MIN.) = 8.32TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 21.66LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.00 = 1190.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 31 ______ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 283.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 156.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.04 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 49.92PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.24 Tc (MIN.) = 8.55 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.50 = 1346.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.55 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.52 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 21.66 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 49.92

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.10 TO NODE 315.20 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 117.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 290.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.125 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 61.11 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.440.18 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.44 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.20 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 62 _____ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) << << UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 290.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 288.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 439.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.18 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 13.55 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.74 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.70 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.22 Tc (MIN.) = 7.34 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.198 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.55 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.44 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.734.57

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.82 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.88 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.84 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 315.10 TO NODE 315.50 = 556.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.30 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.198 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5931 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.74 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.70TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.47 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.28TC(MIN.) = 7.34FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.30 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.34RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.20TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.47 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.28 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS)(MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 49.92 8.55 6.522 21.66 1 6.28 7.34 7.198 1.47 2 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 7.34 51.50 7.198 1 8.55 6.522 2 55.60 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 55.60 Tc(MIN.) = 8.55 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 23.13 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.50 = 1346.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.50 TO NODE 316.00 IS CODE = 31 ______ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

_______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 95.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 25.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.56 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 55.60 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.15 Tc(MIN.) = 8.70 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 316.00 = 1441.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 316.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 278.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0216 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 55.60 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.65 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.55 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.00 Tc (MIN.) = 9.70LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 335.00 = 1719.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 316.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.70RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.01 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 23.13 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 55.60 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 322.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3600 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 76 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 267.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 495.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 410.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 85.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.183 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 100.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.041 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.07TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.37 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.07

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 322.00 TO NODE 324.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 410.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 320.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 746.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1206 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.729 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.87 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.91 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.07 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.28 Tc(MIN.) = 10.46SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.96 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.43AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.324 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.33 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 6.19END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.44 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 324.00 = 1013.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 324.00 TO NODE 326.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 312.75 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 281.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 133.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 19.14ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.19PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.12 TC(MIN.) = 10.57 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 326.00 = 1146.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 326.00 TO NODE 326.00 IS CODE = 81 ______ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.689 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4147 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.66 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.27 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.99 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 9.41TC(MIN.) = 10.57

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 325.00 TO NODE 326.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ___________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.689 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3913 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.31 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.38 5.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 11.80TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =TC(MIN.) = 10.57326.00 TO NODE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 327.00 IS CODE = 31>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 281.50 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 280.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 227.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.93 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.80PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.64 Tc(MIN.) = 11.21 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 327.00 = 1373.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 327.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 51 ______ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 118.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0508 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 11.80 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.37 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.58 Tc(MIN.) = 11.80LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 335.00 = 1491.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 327.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.80RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.30TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 11.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 330.00 TO NODE 332.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 102.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 320.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 317.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 3.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 9.756 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 99.12 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.992 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.35TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.18 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.35FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 332.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< __________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 317.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 791.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0544 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.196 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.44 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.83 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.07 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 7.20 Tc(MIN.) = 16.95SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.03 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.07AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.21 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.31 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.40 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 330.00 TO NODE 335.00 = 893.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 332.00 TO NODE 335.00 IS CODE = 1 ______ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.95 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.20 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.21

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.31

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM	RUNOFF	TC	INTENSITY	AREA
NUMBER	(CFS)	(MIN.)	(INCH/HOUR)	(ACRE)
1	55.60	9.70	6.014	23.13
2	11.80	11.80	5.301	5.30
3	4.31	16.95	4.196	3.21

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.

* *	PEAK	FLOW RAT	E TABLE	* *	
STREAM RUNOFF		F :	Гс	INTENSITY	
NUN	IBER	(CFS) (M	IN.)	(INCH/HOUR)
	1	67.7	79	.70	6.014
	2	63.8	1 11	.80	5.301
	3	52.4	4 16	.95	4.196

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 67.77 Tc(MIN.) = 9.70 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 31.64 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 335.00 = 1719.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 335.00 TO NODE 370.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 262.10 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 638.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0187 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.290 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 77.03 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.99 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.70 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.13 Tc(MIN.) = 11.83SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 18.49 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 10.92 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.370 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 83.23 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 42.56

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.73 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.14 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 370.00 = 2357.00 FEET.

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 341.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< ______ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3600 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 76 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 605.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 565.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 40.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.183 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.041 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.61TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.21 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.61 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 341.00 TO NODE 355.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 565.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 318.90 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1465.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1680 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.468 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 76 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 11.71 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.83 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.06 Tc(MIN.) = 11.24SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 11.73 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 21.17AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.331 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.94 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 21.58 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.16LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 355.00 = 1565.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 355.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 317.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 279.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 237.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 23.50 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 21.58 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.17 Tc (MIN.) = 11.41

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 359.00 = 1802.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 355.00 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 1 ____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.41 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 5.42 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 11.94 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 21.58 356.00 TO NODE 357.00 IS CODE = 21 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 160.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 288.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 286.20 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.80 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3,115 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 61.25 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.85 0.23 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.85 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 357.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 62 _____ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) << << _____ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 286.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 284.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 426.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.89 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

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STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.42
  HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 14.41
  AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.90
  PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.80
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 3.74 Tc (MIN.) = 6.86
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.523
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.62 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.06
                    0.85
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 
                                                 5.56
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.76
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.06 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.95
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 356.00 TO NODE 359.00 = 586.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                     358.00 TO NODE
                                   359.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_________
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.523
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4829
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.02 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.86
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    2.87 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 10.43
 TC(MIN.) = 6.86
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 358.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.86
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.52
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.87
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                               10.43
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                  Tc
                        INTENSITY
 STREAM RUNOFF
                                    AREA
                 (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
 NUMBER
          (CFS)
                                     (ACRE)
          21.58 11.41 5.416
                                       11.94
    1
                 6.86
                           7.523
    2
          10.43
                                       2.87
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
 STREAM RUNOFF TC
                        INTENSITY
          (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
 NUMBER
```

23.39 6.86 7.523 1 29.09 2 11.415.416 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 29.09 Tc(MIN.) = 11.41TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 14.81LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 359.00 = 1802.00 FEET. 359.00 TO NODE 359.50 IS CODE = 31 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 279.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 278.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 128.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.04 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 29.09PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.27TC(MIN.) = 11.68LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 359.50 = 1930.00 FEET. 359.50 TO NODE 359.50 IS CODE = 81 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ___________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.336 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3562 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.56 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.66 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 16.37 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 31.12TC(MIN.) = 11.68FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 359.50 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 278.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.03 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 102.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 15.05 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 31.12PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.11 Tc(MIN.) = 11.79 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 363.00 = 2032.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 359.50 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< ______

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.79RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.30 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 16.37 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 31.12 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 360.00 TO NODE 361.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 130.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 289.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 287.90 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.207 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 60.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.68 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = -0.21 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.68 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 361.00 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 62 _______ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) << << ______ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 287.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 285.30 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 808.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 5.82 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 14.10 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.48 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.61 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.11 Tc(MIN.) = 12.32 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.155 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.76 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.89 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.83 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.97 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.76 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.64 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.76 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 360.00 TO NODE 363.00 = 938.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 361.00 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.32RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.15 1.97 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.83 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAMRUNOFFTCINTENSITYAREANUMBER(CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)(ACRE)131.1211.795.30316. 16.37 8.83 12.32 5.155 1.97 2 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) 39.57 11.79 (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 1 5.303 39.08 12.32 5.155 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 39.57 Tc(MIN.) = 11.79 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 18.34 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 363.00 = 2032.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 363.00 TO NODE 365.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 274.03 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 273.60 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 40.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.61 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 39.57PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 11.86

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 365.00 = 2072.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 365.00 TO NODE 370.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 262.10 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 431.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0267 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.871 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 43.10 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.52 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.45 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.59 $T_{C}(MIN.) = 13.45$ SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.52 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.05 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.393 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 22.86PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 43.80 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.53 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 370.00 = 2503.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 365.00 TO NODE 370.00 IS CODE = 11 _____ >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< _______ ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 43.80 13.45 4.871 22.86 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 370.00 = 2503.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS) 83.23 11.83 1 5.290 42.56 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 370.00 = 2357.00 FEET. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1 121.77 11.83 5.290 2 120.43 13.45 4.871COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 121.77 Tc(MIN.) = 11.83 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 65.42

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 370.00 TO NODE 390.00 IS CODE = 51_____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) << <<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 262.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 254.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1075.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0075 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.403 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 143.03 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.60 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.30 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.90 Tc(MIN.) = 15.7330.12 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 42.44SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.360 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 95.54 151.29 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 1.35 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.68 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 390.00 = 3578.00 FEET. 390.00 TO NODE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 390.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ___________________________________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.403 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3597 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.00TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 95.54 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 151.29TC(MIN.) = 15.73END OF STUDY SUMMARY: 95.54 TC(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) 15.73 = PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 151.29

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2012 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 19.0 Release Date: 06/01/2012 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * SYSTEM 400 EXISTING CONDITIONS * FILE: S400E100 FILE NAME: S400E100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:33 10/02/2012 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (T) (n) NO. === 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 405.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ _____ _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 112.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 267.40 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 266.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.40 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 11.193 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 73.75 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.484 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.61TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.35 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.61 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 405.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 266.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 263.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 300.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0073 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.494 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.22 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.24 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.05Tc(MIN.) = 15.24SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.21SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.18AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.6 3.68 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.53 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 410.00 = 412.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 408.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 81 ______ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.494 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3200SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.34 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.93 3.9 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.61TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = TC(MIN.) = 15.24FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 408.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 10 _____ >>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<< __________ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 440.00 TO NODE 445.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 89.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 264.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 263.20 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.10 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 11.219 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 73.54 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.475 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.39TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.22 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.39 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 445.00 TO NODE 455.00 IS CODE = 51 ____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 263.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 261.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 320.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0069 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.264RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.24 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.00 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.31 Tc(MIN.) = 16.53SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.24SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.69AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.5PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.99END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.16 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 440.00 TO NODE 455.00 = 409.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 450.00 TO NODE 455.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.264 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3200 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.91 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.97 4.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.96 TC(MIN.) = 16.53FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 453.00 TO NODE 455.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.264 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5642 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.49 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.95 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 18.91 TC(MIN.) = 16.53454.00 TO NODE 455.00 IS CODE = 81 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.264RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5590SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.17 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.238.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 19.14 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =TC(MIN.) = 16.53FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 454.00 TO NODE 455.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 16.53 4.264 8.03 NUMBER (CFS) $\begin{array}{c} \text{NOMBER} & (CFS) & (MIN.) & (INCH/HOOR) & (ACRE) \\ 1 & 19.14 & 16.53 & 4.264 & 8.03 \\ \text{LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE} & 440.00 \text{ TO NODE} & 455.00 = \end{array}$ 409.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
 NUMBER
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 1
 5.61
 15.24
 4.494
 3.90

 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
 400.00 TO NODE
 455.00 =
 412.00 FEET. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)23.2515.244.49424.4616.534.264 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 24.46 Tc (MIN.) = 16.53TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.9 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 455.00 TO NODE 455.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.264 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200

SOIL CLASSIFICATION	IS "B"			
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER	(AMC II) =	65		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF	COEFFICIENT	= 0.4809		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	= 0.00	SUBAREA RUNO	FF(CFS) =	0.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	11.9	TOTAL RUNOF	F(CFS) =	24.46
TC(MIN.) = 16.53				
	============	********	-2385555555555	
END OF STUDY SUMMARY				
TOTAL AREA (ACRES)		1.9 TC(MIN.)	= 16.53	
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)	= 24	.46		
***************************************		************	=======================================	

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



APPENDIX 4

100-year Proposed Conditions Rational Method Computer Output

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2010 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 17.0 Release Date: 07/01/2010 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * PROPOSED CONDITIONS * * SYSTEM 100, FILE: S100P100 FILE NAME: S100P100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 12:58 07/06/2012 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) NO. _____ _________________________ ____ 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 1 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 107.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 880.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 850.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 30.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.517 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.773 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.25TOTAL AREA (ACRES) \simeq 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.25 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 107.00 TO NODE 108.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 850.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 490.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1448.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2486 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.790 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 22.81 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.40 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.77 Tc(MIN.) = 10.29SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 22.99 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 43.93AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.330 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 23.144.11 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.48 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 108.00 = 1548.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 51 ______ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ___________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1773.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0852 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.680 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3800 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 72.69 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.35 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.38 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.02 Tc(MIN.) = 14.31SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 32.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 57.09 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.359 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 55.2 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =92.74 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.05 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 120.00 = 3321.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE< _______ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:

TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.31 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.68 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 55.19 92.74 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< ______ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 255.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 840.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 795.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 45.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.517 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 100.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.773 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.80 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.32 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.80 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 795.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 630.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1130.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1460 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.371 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 658.37 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.74 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.04 Tc(MIN.) = 11.56SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 8.58 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.75AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.9 15.30 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.75 115.00 =LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 1385.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 630.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1609.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1809 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.630

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 66.04 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.96 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.99 Tc(MIN.) = 14.55SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 101.34SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 62.54AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.346TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 71.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 114.53 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.94 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 120.00 = 2994.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.55 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.63 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 71.44PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 114.53 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) (ACRE) 92.74 14.31 4.680 55.19 1 2 114.53 14.55 4.630 71.44 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS)
 205.38
 14.31

 206.28
 14.55
 4.680 14.31 1 2 4.630 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 206.28 Tc(MIN.) = 14.55 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 126.6 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 120.00 = 3321.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 339.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 286.92 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1911.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0273 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.983 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 277.92

TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.33 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.82 Tc(MIN.) = 18.37SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 97.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 143.10AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.360TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 223.7 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 320.56 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 1.27 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 121.00 = 5232.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.37 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.98 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 223.73 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 320.56 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 111.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< ________ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 310.80 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 310.30 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.412 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 54.29 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 109.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< ________ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 310.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 309.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 625.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.58 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.57HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 22.77 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.57 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.89 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.63 Tc(MIN.) = 10.04 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.881 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =2.49SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =12.74TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.6PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 13.35 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.67 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 28.40 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.82 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.21 *NOTE: INITIAL SUBAREA NOMOGRAPH WITH SUBAREA PARAMETERS, AND L = 625.0 FT WITH ELEVATION-DROP = 1.3 FT, IS 20.0 CFS, WHICH EXCEEDS THE TOP-OF-CURB STREET CAPACITY AT NODE 109.00 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 109.00 = 695.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 109.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 305.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 299.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 69.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.96ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 13.35PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.07 Tc (MIN.) = 10.11 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 121.00 = 764.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 109.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.11 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 5.86 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.61PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 13.35 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** Тс STREAM RUNOFF INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS) 320.5618.373.98313.3510.115.855 1 223.73 2.61 2

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

RUNOFF TC INTENSITY STREAM
 KONOFF
 IC
 INTENSITI

 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 231.42
 10.11
 5.855

 329.65
 18.37
 3.983
 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: 329.65 Tc(MIN.) = 18.37 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 226.3LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 121.00 = 5232.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 121.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 286.92 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 284.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 200.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 66.0 INCH PIPE IS 49.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 17.18ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 66.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 329.65PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.19 TC (MIN.) = 18.57 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 5432.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 121.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< ______ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.57 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.96 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 226.34 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 329.65 ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 122.00 TO NODE 122.50 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 127.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 295.00DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 294.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.347 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 55.75 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.44TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.18TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.44 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 122.50 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< ____________ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 294.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 255.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2,91 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 13.48 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.60 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.65 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.65 Tc (MIN.) = 6.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.199 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.41SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.92TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.6PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.6PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = (CFS)4.21 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.74 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.75 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.78 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 122.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 382.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.199 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5622 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.75 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.971.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.18 TC(MIN.) = 6.00FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES< _____________________________________ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.00RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 8.20 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.34PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.18 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **

RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) STREAM NUMBER 329.65 18.57 6.18 6.00 3.956 226.34 1 2 8.199 1.34 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

 IC
 INTENSITY

 (GFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 165.24
 6.00
 8.100

 332.63
 18.57

 STREAM RUNOFF TC NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 332.63 Tc(MIN.) = 18.57 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 227.7 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 124.00 =5432.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 284.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 283.05 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 96.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 63.0 INCH PIPE IS 48.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 18.66 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 63.00NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 332.63PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.09 Tc (MIN.) = 18.65LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 135.00 = 5528.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<< < _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.65 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.94 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 227.68 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 332.63 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 127.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 297.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 295.90 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.749 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.96TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 127.00 TO NODE 128.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< _____________ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 295.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 294.20 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 432.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.89 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 13.48AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.59 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.64 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.53 Tc(MIN.) = 7.28 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.237 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.60SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.78TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.7PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.53 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.29 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.77 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.80 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 128.00 =532.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 127.50 TO NODE 128.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.237 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5876 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.76 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.76TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.5 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.29TC(MIN.) =7.28 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 128.00 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 292.66 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 291.51FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 89.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.71ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.29PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.22 Tc(MIN.) = 7.50 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 130.00 = 621.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 129.00 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.099RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4907SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.84 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.91 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.08 TC(MIN.) = 7.50FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 129.30 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.099 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5915 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.84 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.19TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.2 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.277.50 TC(MIN.) =FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 129.50 TO NODE 130.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.099 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5406SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.73 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.66 3.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.93 TC(MIN.) = 7.50FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 130.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 291.51 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 281.10 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 402.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.56

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 14.93PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.63 Tc(MIN.) = 8.14 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 135.00 = 1023.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.736 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5163SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.48 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.03 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 15.20 TC(MIN.) = 8.14FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 130.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.14 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.74TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.37PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 15.20 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)332.6318.653.94415.208.146.736 1 227.68 2 4.37 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 209.97 8.14 6.736 1 2 341.53 18.65 3.944 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 341.53 Tc(MIN.) = 18.65 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 232.1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 135.00 = 5528.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 92.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 75.0 INCH PIPE IS 56.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 13.74 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 75.00NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 341.53PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.11 Tc (MIN.) = 18.77 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 5620.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<< < _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.77 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.93 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 232.05 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 341.53 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 136.00 TO NODE 137.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 128.30 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 295.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 293.70 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.087 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 61.69 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.36TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.17 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.36 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 137.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< _______ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 292.80 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 280.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.87 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 14.02AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.47 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.61

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 3.17 Tc (MIN.) = 6.26 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.978 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870

 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES)
 0.43
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)
 2.98

 TOTAL AREA (ACRES)
 0.6
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS)
 =

 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.16 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.37 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.61 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.73 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 136.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 408.30 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 138.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.978 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6567SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.38 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.971.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =5.13 TC(MIN.) = 6.26FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 138.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.26 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 7.98 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.98PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.13 ** CONFLUENCE DATE STREAM RUNOFF TC INTERCET (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 3 929 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** AREA (ACRE) 341.53 18.77 3.929 232.05 5.13 6.26 7.978 0.98 2 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** INTENSITY STREAM RUNOFF Tc (CFS) 173.35 NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 6.26 7.978 1 344.06 18.77 3.929 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 344.06 Tc (MIN.) = 18.77TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 233.0LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 5620.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 280.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 64.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 72.0 INCH PIPE IS 55.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.68ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 72.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 344.06PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 18.84 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 145.00 = 5684.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<< < _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.84 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.92 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 233.03PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 344.06 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 146.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< __________ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 296.00DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 286.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 10.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.517 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.773 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.431.38 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.43 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 146.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< ___________________________________ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.52 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 7.77 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.38 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.43 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN) (INCH/HOUR) AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) (CFS) (PHN.,) 344.06 18.84 3.920 233.03 1 3.43 2 6.52 7.773 1.38

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO

CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 176.936.527.773345.7918.843.920 1. 176.93 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 345.79 Tc (MIN.) = 18.84TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 234.4LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 145.00 = 5684.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 147.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 270.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 815.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 81.0 INCH PIPE IS 61.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.91 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 81.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 345.79PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.14 Tc (MIN.) = 19.98 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 147.00 = 6499.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 147.00 TO NODE 147.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.774 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3703SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.86 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.04 235.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 345.79 TC(MIN.) = 19.98NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 147.00 TO NODE 147.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.774 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3688 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =7.26SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =8.77TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =242.5TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =345.7345.79 TC(MIN.) = 19.98NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 242.5 TC(MIN.) = 19.98PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 345.79___________

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2012 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 19.0 Release Date: 06/01/2012 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * * PROPOSED ONSITE CONDITIONS * SYSTEM 1000, FILE: 1000P100 FILE NAME: 1000P100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 12:11 10/03/2012 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) NO. _____ ____ === 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 1 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1537.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< LIMITED INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8400 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 94 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 77.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 300.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 299.70 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.80 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.591 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN

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THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH =
                                    60.39
        (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
        THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.86
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                   0.24 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                           1.86
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1543.00 TO NODE 1537.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_________
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5469
 TC(MIN.) =
           3.59
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1537.00 TO NODE 1540.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 299.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 294.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 660.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0086
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.847
 LIMITED INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8400
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 94
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                         24.59
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.89
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =
                                           2.83
 Tc(MIN.) = 6.42
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
                   6.79
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 44.76
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.818
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.3
                             PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) \simeq
                                                 47.12
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.92
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1540.00 = 737.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1545.00 TO NODE 1540.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
______
                                _____
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.847
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7526
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.11 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.79
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 8.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 49.90
 TC(MIN.) = 6.42
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1540.00 TO NODE 1590.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 297.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 290.40 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 430.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0153 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.093 LIMITED INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8400 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 94TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 63.01 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.58 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.43 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.09 Tc(MIN.) = 7.514.40 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 26.22AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.783PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 12.971.32 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.91 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1590.00 = 1167.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1540.00 TO NODE 1590.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< ______ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.51RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.09 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 12.85 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 71.32 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1551.00 TO NODE 1552.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 301.90 301.45 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.45 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.487 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 52.86 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1552.00 TO NODE 1553.00 IS CODE = 61 _____

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>> (STANDARD CURB SECTION USED) <<<<< _____ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 301.45 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 299.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 271.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 26.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 10.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.93 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 8.04 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.92PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.55 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.36 TC (MIN.) = 5.85 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.338 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.54 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.92 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.7 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =4.79 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.33 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.02 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.13 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.70 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1551.00 TO NODE 1553.00 = 341.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1553.00 TO NODE 1588.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 292.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 286.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 635.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18,000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.58 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.79PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.90 Tc(MIN.) = 7.74 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1551.00 TO NODE 1588.00 = 976.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1599.00 TO NODE 1588.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< ______________________________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.956 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5512 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.91 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.03

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.6 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.02TC(MIN.) = 7.74FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1599.00 TO NODE 1588.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< ____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.74RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.96 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.57 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.02 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** Tc INTENSITY STREAM RUNOFF AREA (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER 71.32 1 7.51 7.093 12.85 6.02 2 7.74 6.956 1.57 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOU

 77.16
 7.51
 7.093

 75.97
 7.74
 6.956
 NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1. 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =77.16Tc (MIN.) =7.51TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =14.4 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1588.00 = 1167.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1588.00 TO NODE 1595.00 IS CODE = 10 >>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1001.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 114.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 299.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 298.40 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.60 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 3.645 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.53 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.80TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE 1002.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< ___________ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 298.40 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 296.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 461.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.60 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.38HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.07 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.74 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.66 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.42 Tc (MIN.) = 8.06 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.776 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.60SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.54TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.7PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.7 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =4.13 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.73 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.94 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.82 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1002.00 = 575.00 FE 575.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1001.50 TO NODE 1002.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.776RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5270SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =1.16SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =1.9TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.52 6.64 TC(MIN.) =8.06 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1002.00 TO NODE 1004.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 292.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 289.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 270.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.2 INCHES

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PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.42
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.64
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.70 Tc (MIN.) =
                                 8.76
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1004.00 =
                                           845.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1003.00 TO NODE 1004.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.422
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6363
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.87 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.86
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.7 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                        -11.15
 TC(MIN.) = 8.76
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1003.50 TO NODE 1004.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.422
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5605
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.86 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.77
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  3.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        12.92
 TC(MIN.) =
          8.76
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1004.00 TO NODE 1004.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_____
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.422
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4790
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.84SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.78TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =5.4TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =16.7
                                        16.70
 TC(MIN.) =
          8.76
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1004.00 TO NODE 1057.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 286.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 285.20
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 83.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.60
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00
                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 16.70
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.18 Tc (MIN.) = 8.94
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1057.00 = 928.00 FEET.
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1004.00 TO NODE 1057.00 IS CODE = .1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<< < ______ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.94 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.34 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.43PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 16.70 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1055.00 TO NODE 1056.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< ____________ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 136.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 322.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 300.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 22.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.517 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 100.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.773 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.570.23 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.57TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1056.00 TO NODE 1057.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ___________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 288.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 285.20 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 182.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.65 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.57PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.83 7.35 Tc(MIN.) = LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1055.00 TO NODE 1057.00 = 318.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1056.00 TO NODE 1057.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES< ______ _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.35 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 7.19TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.23PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.57 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **

 STREAM
 RUNOFF
 Tc
 INTENSITY
 AREA

 NUMBER
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 1
 16.70
 8.94
 6.337
 5.4

 2
 0.57
 7.35
 7.194
 0.2
 (ACRE) 5.43 0.23 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 14.29
 7.35
 7.194

 17.21
 8.94
 6.337
 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 17.21 Tc(MIN.) = 8.94 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.7 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1057.00 = 928.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1057.00 TO NODE 1595.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 285.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 282.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 110.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.92ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 17.21PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.17 Tc(MIN.) = 9.11 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1595.00 = 1038.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1057.00 TO NODE 1595.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) 17.21 9.11 1 6.261 5.66 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1000.00 TO NODE 1595.00 = 1038.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER 77.16 7.51 7.093 14.42 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1595.00 = 1167.00 FEET. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
 91.35
 7.51
 7.093

 85.33
 9.11
 6.261
 1 85.33 9.11 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 91.35 Tc(MIN.) = 7.51 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 20.1

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1595.00 TO NODE 1598.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 46.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 28.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 15.43 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 91.35PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.05 Tc (MIN.) = 7.56 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1535.00 TO NODE 1598.00 = 1213.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1596.00 TO NODE 1598.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.063 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6727SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.25 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.57 20.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =96.59 TC(MIN.) = 7.56FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1598.00 TO NODE 1598.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.063 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6323 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.63 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.94 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 23.0 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 102.53 TC(MIN.) = 7.56END OF STUDY SUMMARY: 23.0 TC(MIN.) = 7.56 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 102.53______________________

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2010 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 17.0 Release Date: 07/01/2010 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * * SYSTEM 2000 PROPOSED CONDITIONS * FILE: 2000P100 FILE NAME: 2000P100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:05 07/06/2012 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) NO. _____ _____ ____ _____ _____ ____ === 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 30.0 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 1 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2000.00 TO NODE 2005.00 IS CODE = 21>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ RESIDENTIAL (24. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 85INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 72.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =294.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 294.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.531 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 55.83 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.762 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.25TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.24 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =1.25 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2005.00 TO NODE 2100.00 IS CODE = 51 1 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 294.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 287.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 424.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0146 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.797 RESIDENTIAL (24. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 85 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.54 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.73 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.31 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.49 Tc(MIN.) = 8.02SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.63 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 16.53 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.670PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.917.62 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.70 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2000.00 TO NODE 2100.00 = 496.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2010.00 TO NODE 2100.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.797 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5708SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.53 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.33TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.95 5.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TC(MIN.) = 8.02FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2100.00 TO NODE 2200.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 287.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1060.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0130 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.671 RESIDENTIAL (24. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 85 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 37.11 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.79

AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.66 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.60 Tc(MIN.) = 10.63SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 8.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 32.30AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.631 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =13.9 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =49.78 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.77 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.36 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2000.00 TO NODE 2200.00 = 1556.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2120.00 TO NODE 2200.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.671 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6129SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.88 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.60TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =51.37 TC(MIN.) = 10.63FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2200.00 TO NODE 2200.00 IS CODE = 10 >>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<< ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2505.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< ______ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 78.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 319.57 319.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.57 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 3.397 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 54.62 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.040.13 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.04 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2505.00 TO NODE 2510.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< __________ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 319.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 295.70 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 685.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00

INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 5.16 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.59 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.64 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.09 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 3.13 Tc (MIN.) = 6.53 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.762 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.21 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 8.17 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 9.05 1.3 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.34 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.12 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.08 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.40 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2510.00 = 763.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2508.00 TO NODE 2510.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.762 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.45SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.04TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.8TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =12. 12.09 TC(MIN.) = 6.53FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2510.00 TO NODE 2530.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 290.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 582.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.20 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.09PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.18 Tc(MIN.) = 7.71 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2530.00 = 1345.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2520.00 TO NODE 2530.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.972

GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.25 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.10 TC(MIN.) =7.71 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2525.00 TO NODE 2530.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _________________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.972GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.253.2 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 19.35 TC(MIN.) = 7.71FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2530.00 TO NODE 2540.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< __________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 275.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 486.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.64 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.9.35PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.94 Tc(MIN.) = 8.65 1831.00 FEET. LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2540.00 = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2548.00 TO NODE 2540.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.475 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.68SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.83TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =21.6 21.80 TC(MIN.) = 8.65FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2549.00 TO NODE 2540.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.475 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700AREA AVERATOR AVENTAL AVERATOR AVERATOR

TC(MIN.) = 8.65

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2540.00 TO NODE 2710.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 275.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 272.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 286.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.73 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 26.36PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.55 Tc(MIN.) =9.20 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2710.00 = 2117.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2540.00 TO NODE 2710.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< __________ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.20RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.22 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.68 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 26.36 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2707.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 75.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 282.60 282.10 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.461 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 53.33 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.960.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.96 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2707.00 TO NODE 2708.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< _____ _____ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 282.10 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 278.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 485.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00

INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018

OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.71 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.10AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.39 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.99 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.38 Tc(MIN.) = 6.84 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.533 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.13SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =7.41TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.2PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.19 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.48 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 17.70 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.74 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.31 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2708.00 = 560.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2708.00 TO NODE 2710.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 272.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 84.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.91ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.19PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.20 Tc(MIN.) = 7.04LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2710.00 = 644.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2715.00 TO NODE 2710.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.393 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.98 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.30 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.2 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.34 TC(MIN.) =7.04 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2715.00 TO NODE 2710.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2

CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.04RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.39TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.23 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 14.34 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF INTENSITY AREA Tc(MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) (ACRE)
 26.36
 9.20

 14.34
 7.04
 9.20 4.68 1 6.224 2.23 2 7.393 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 34.537.047.39338.449.206.224 1 2 38.44 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 38.44 Tc (MIN.) = 9.20TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.9LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2710.00 = 2117.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2710.00 TO NODE 2740.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 272.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 269.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 513.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 26.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.56ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 38.44PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.13 Tc (MIN.) = 10.33 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2740.00 = 2630.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2710.00 TO NODE 2740.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.33RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.78 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.9138.44 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2541.00 TO NODE 2542.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _____ GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 111.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 294.90

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DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =
                         294.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.90
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                4.342
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
        THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH =
                                     56.22
        (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
        THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.92
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                   0.26 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                             1.92
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2545.00 TO NODE 2542.00 IS CODE = 81
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 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3860
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.63SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =4.81TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.9TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =6.7
                                             6.73
 TC(MIN.) =
           4.34
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2542.00 TO NODE 2800.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
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 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 294.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 288.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 621.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0097
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
                                        2.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.995
 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92
                                          34.80
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.46
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.51 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) =
                                             1.90
 Tc(MIN.) = 6.24
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 9.03
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 57.76
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.728
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 10.9
                              PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 
                                                  63.59
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.71 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.58
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2541.00 TO NODE 2800.00 =
                                               732.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2800.00 TO NODE 2740.00 IS CODE = 51
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 288.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1500.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0093
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
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100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.025 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 135.92 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.28 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.78 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 3.43 Tc(MIN.) = 9.67SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 143.55SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 29.78 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.781 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 40.7PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 191.47END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.95 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.15 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2541.00 TO NODE 2740.00 = 2232.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2800.00 TO NODE 2740.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.67 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.03 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 40.70PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 191.47 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** INTENSITY AREA STREAM RUNOFF Tc(CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER 38.44 10.33 5.776 1 6.91 2 191.47 9.67 6.025 40.70 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER
 9.67
 6.025

 221.98
 10.33
 5.776
 228.31 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 228.31 Tc (MIN.) = 9.67 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 47.6 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2740.00 = 2630.00 FEET. **** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2200.00 TO NODE 2740.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< _________ ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS) 228.31 9.67 6.025 47.61 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2740.00 = 2630.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA

(CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 51.37 10.63 5.671 14.78 NUMBER 14.78 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2000.00 TO NODE 2740.00 = 1556.00 FEET. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY BER(CFS)(MIN.)1275.089.672266.2510.63 NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 6.025 5.671 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 275.08 Tc(MIN.) = 9.67 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 62.4 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2740.00 TO NODE 2740.00 IS CODE = 10 >>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<< _________ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2705.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< __________ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 282.57 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 281.90 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.67 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 3.457 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 53.40 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.28TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.16 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.28 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2705.00 TO NODE 2730.00 IS CODE = 62 _____ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< _____ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 281.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 274.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 238.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.69 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 7.78 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.66 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.10 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.08 Tc(MIN.) = 4.54 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.35SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =2.81TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.5PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.09 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.34 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.72 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.94 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.33 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2730.00 = 338.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2730.00 TO NODE 2735.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 269.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 268.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 104.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.39 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.09PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.32 Tc (MIN.) = 4.86 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2735.00 = 442.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2735.00 TO NODE 2735.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.45 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.611.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.70TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =TC(MIN.) = 4.86FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2735.00 TO NODE 2735.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 7.70 4.86 9.222 0.96 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2700.00 TO NODE 2735.00 = 442.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAMRUNOFFTcINTENSITYAREANUMBER(CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)(ACRE)1275.089.676.02562.39 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2500.00 TO NODE 2735.00 = 2630.00 FEET. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** INTENSITY STREAM RUNOFF Tc
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 146.00
 4.86
 9.222

 280.11
 9.67
 6.025
 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 280.11 Tc(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 63.3 9.67 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = __________ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: 63.3 TC(MIN.) = 9.67 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 280.11 _____

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2010 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 17.0 Release Date: 07/01/2010 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

**************************************	* *
* SYSTEM 300, FILE: S300P100	*
FILE NAME: S300P100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:17 07/06/2012	
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:	
2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA	
USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNT WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTO NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n)	NG R
1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.015	
<pre>GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* ***********************************</pre>	
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<	==
RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 78.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 424.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 412.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 12.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.756 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION	

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.421 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.81TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.81 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 412.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 320.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 567.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1623 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.779 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 8.03 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.11 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.30 Tc(MIN.) = 8.06SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 6.59 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.30 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.320 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.914.95 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.22 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 645.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.779 *USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3255 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 8.47 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 18.95 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 15.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 33.90 TC(MIN.) =8.06 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 313.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 285.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 204.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 24.38ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 33.90PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.14 Tc (MIN.) = 8.20 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 849.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<

______ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.20 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.70TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 15.36 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 33.90 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.20 TO NODE 305.40 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< _______ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 127.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 290.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.60 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.033 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 62.60 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTERES SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.44 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.18 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. 1.44 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.40 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 290.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 289.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 265.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.79 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 13.40AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.55 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.62 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.85 Tc (MIN.) = 5.88 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.307 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.37SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.67TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.6PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 3.97

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.51 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.70 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.75 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 305.20 TO NODE 306.00 = 392.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.80 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.307 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5441 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.13 1.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.10 TC(MIN.) = 5.88FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.80 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.88 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 8.31 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.35 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.10 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA (CFS) J.90 6.10 NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 8.20 1 33.90 6.705 15.36 2 5.88 8.307 1.35 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 30.425.888.30738.828.206.705 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 38.82 Tc (MIN.) = 8.20TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 16.7LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 849.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 285.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 283.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 93.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 12.55

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 38.82PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.12 Tc(MIN.) = 8.32 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 315.00 = 942.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<< < TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.32 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.64 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 16.71 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 38.82 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 309.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< ______ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 90.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 293.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 293.10ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.40SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.688 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 50.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.960.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.96 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.00 TO NODE 309.20 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 293.10 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.40 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 290.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.41 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.37HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 11.37 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.79

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.65 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.70 Tc (MIN.) = 6.39 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.872 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.42SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.88TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =0.5PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 3.70 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.71 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.97 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.80 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 309.20 = 380.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.10 TO NODE 309.20 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< ___________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.872 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5485 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.76 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.91 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.3 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.61 TC(MIN.) =6.39 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.20 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.40 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 290.50 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 289.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 6.43 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.65AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.77 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.91 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.73 Tc(MIN.) = 9.12 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.259 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.609 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.30SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.63TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =1.6PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 6.10

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.26 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.74 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.88 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 310.00 = 669.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.50 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.259 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5499 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.41 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.82TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.0 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.92 TC(MIN.) = 9.12FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 286.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 285.37 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 104.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.08 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.92PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.34 Tc(MIN.) = 9.46 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 311.00 = 773.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.10 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.112 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5086 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.44SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.5TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.86 7.62 TC(MIN.) =9.46 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.20 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.112 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5768SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.57SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =3.03TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.0TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =10.65TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =TC(MIN.) = 9.46

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.30 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.112 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6041SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.31SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.65TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.3TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =12.3 12.30 TC(MIN.) = 9.46FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.40 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.112 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5644SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.54 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.06 3.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =13.35 TC(MIN.) = 9.46FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 311.00 TO NODE 311.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.112 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5442SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.35SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =4.2TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.68 14.04 TC(MIN.) = 9.46FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 311.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 285.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 283.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 417.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 18,1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.51 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 14.04PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.26 Tc(MIN.) = 10.72 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.00 =1190.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.638

RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5143 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.65 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.17 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.9 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.12 TC(MIN.) = 10.72FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.72RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.64TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.87PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 14.12 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (CFS) NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOOK)

 38.82
 8.32
 6.640

 14.12
 10.72
 5.638
 1 16.71 4.87 2 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 6.640 1 49.78 8.32 47.08 10.72 2 5.638 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 49.78 Tc(MIN.) = 8.32 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.61190.00 FEET. LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.00 =FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 283.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 156.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.04ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 49.78PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.24 Tc (MIN.) = 8.55 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.50 = 1346.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 1 _____ _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.55

RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.52TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 21.58 49.78 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.10 TO NODE 315.20 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 117.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 291.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 290.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.125 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 61.11 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.440.18 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.44 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.20 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 290.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 288.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 439.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.18 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.55 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.74 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.70 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.22 Tc (MIN.) = 7.34 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.198 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.55 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.44 4.57 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.7 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH (FEET) = 0.45 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 15.82 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.88 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.84

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 315.10 TO NODE 315.50 = 556.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.30 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.198 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5931SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.74SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =1.70TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.5TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =6.26.28 TC(MIN.) = 7.34FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.30 TO NODE 315.50 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.34RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 7.20 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.47PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.28 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM
 RUNOFF
 Tc
 INTENSITY

 NUMBER
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 1
 49.78
 8.55
 6.522

 2
 6.28
 7.34
 7.198
 AREA (ACRE) 21.58 1.47 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** RUNOF. (CFS) (Min., 51.38 7.34 7 8.55 STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 7.198 1 6.522 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 55.47 Tc (MIN.) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 23.1 8.55 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 315.50 = 1346.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.50 TO NODE 316.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 95.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 25.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.55 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 55.47PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.15 Tc (MIN.) = 8.70LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 316.00 = 1441.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 316.00 TO NODE 330.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 278.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0216 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.018 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 57.22 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.70AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.56 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.99 $T_{C}(MIN_{*}) = 9.69$ SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.82 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.50AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.390 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 24.9PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 58.33 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.57 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.72 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 330.00 = 1719.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 316.00 TO NODE 330.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.69 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.02 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 24.87PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 58.33 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 322.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< __________ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3600SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 76INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 267.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 495.00DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 410.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 85.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.183 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 100.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN To CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.041 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.070.37 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.07 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 322.00 TO NODE 324.00 IS CODE = 51 ______

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 410.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 320.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 746.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1206 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.729 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.87 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.91 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.07 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.28 Tc(MIN.) = 10.46SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.96 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.43AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.324 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =3.3 6.19 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.44 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 324.00 = 1013.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 324.00 TO NODE 326.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 312.75 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 281.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 133.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 19.14ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.19PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.12 Tc(MIN.) = 10.57 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 326.00 = 1146.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 326.00 TO NODE 326.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.689 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4147SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.66 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.27TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 9.41 TC(MIN.) = 10.57FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 325.00 TO NODE 326.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.689 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3913

SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.31 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.38 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.3 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 11.80TC(MIN.) = 10.57FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 326.00 TO NODE 327.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 281.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 227.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.93 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.80PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.64 Tc (MIN.) = 11.21 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 327.00 = 1373.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 327.00 TO NODE 330.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 120.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0500 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.013 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.370 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 12.69 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.69 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.11 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.35 Tc(MIN.) = 11.56SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.04SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.79AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.380 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.3PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =12.92 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.11 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.80 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 320.00 TO NODE 330.00 = 1493.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 327.00 TO NODE 330.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.56RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.37 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.34PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 12.92 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 58.33
 9.69
 6.018
 24.8'

 12.92
 11.56
 5.370
 6.3'
 NUMBER 24.87 1 2 6.34

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)

 69.16
 9.69
 6.018

 64.97
 11.56
 5.370
 NUMBER 1 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 69.16 Tc(MIN.) = 9.69 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 31.2 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 330.00 = 1719.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 330.00 TO NODE 331.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 274.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 273.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 56.50 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 28.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.65 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 69.16PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) = 9.77 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 331.00 = 1775.50 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 331.00 TO NODE 368.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 264.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 558.42 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 25.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 12.95 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 69.16PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.72 Tc(MIN.) = 10.49 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 368.00 = 2333.92 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 331.00 TO NODE 368.00 IS CODE = 10 >>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 341.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3600 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 76INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 605.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 565.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 40.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 6.183 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.041 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.610.21 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.61 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 341.00 TO NODE 355.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 565.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 318.90 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1465.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1680 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.468 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 76TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 11.71 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.83 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 5.06 Tc(MIN.) = 11.24SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 11.73 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 21.17 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.331 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.9 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 21.58 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.16 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 355.00 = 1565.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 355.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 317.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 279.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 237.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.3 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 23.50ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 21.58PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.17 Tc (MIN.) = 11.41LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 359.00 = 1802.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 355.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< ______ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.41 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.42 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 11.94 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 21.58 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 356.00 TO NODE 357.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<

________ GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 160.00UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 288.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 286.20 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.80 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.115 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 61.25 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.85TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.23TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.85 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 357.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 286.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 284.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 426.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.89 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.42HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.41 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.90 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.80 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 3.74 Tc (MIN.) = 6.86 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.523 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.62 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.060.9 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =5.56 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.76 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.06 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.95 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 356.00 TO NODE 359.00 = 586.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 358.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ______

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.523 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4829SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.02 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.86 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.43 TC(MIN.) = 6.86FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 358.00 TO NODE 359.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.86 7.52 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.87 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.43 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAMRUNOFFTCINTENSITYNUMBER(CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR) AREA (ACRE) 21.5811.415.41610.436.867.523 11.94 1 2 2.87 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 23.39 6.86 29.09 11.41 1 6.86 7.523 2 5.416 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 29.09 Tc (MIN.) = 11.41 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.8 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 359.00 =1802.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 359.00 TO NODE 359.50 IS CODE = 31>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 279.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 278.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 128.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.04 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 29.09PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27 Tc(MIN.) = 11.68 LONGES'T FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 359.50 = 1930.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 359.50 TO NODE 359.50 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< ____________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.336

RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3562SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.56 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.66 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 16.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 31.12TC(MIN.) = 11.68FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 359.50 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 278.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 274.03 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 102.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 15.05 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 31.12PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.11 Tc (MIN.) = 11.79 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 363.00 = 2032.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 359.50 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< __________ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.79 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.30 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 16.37 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 31.12 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 360.00 TO NODE 361.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 130.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 289.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 287.90 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.30 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.207 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 60.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.68TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.21 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.68 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 361.00 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 62 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< ______ __________________________

UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 287.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 285.30 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 808.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 5.82 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.10AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.48 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.61 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 9.11 Tc(MIN.) = 12.32 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.155 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.870 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.76 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.89TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.0 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.0PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.83 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.76 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.64 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.76 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 360.00 TO NODE 363.00 = 938.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 361.00 TO NODE 363.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.32 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 5.15 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.97 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.83 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAMRUNOFFTcINTENSITYNUMBER(CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR) AREA (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)31.1211.795.3038.8312.325.155 (ACRE) 1 16.37 2 1.97 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 39.57 11.79 5.303 1 2 39.08 12.32 5.155 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 39.57 Tc (MIN.) = 11.79

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 18.3 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 363.00 = 2032.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 363.00 TO NODE 365.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 274.03 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 273.60 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 40.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.61 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 39.57PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.07 Tc (MIN.) = 11.86 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 365.00 = 2072.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 365.00 TO NODE 367.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 266.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 268.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0284CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.023 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 43.31 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.62AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.44 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.97 Tc(MIN.) = 12.82SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 4.65 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.47AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.393 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 23.0PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =45.37 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.69 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 367.00 = 2340.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 367.00 TO NODE 368.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 266.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 264.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 56.60 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 14.03 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 45.37PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.07 Tc (MIN.) = 12.89 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 368.00 = 2396.60 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 367.00 TO NODE 368.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** AREA STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY

 (CFS)
 (MIN.)
 (INCH/HOUR)
 (ACRE)

 45.37
 12.89
 5.006
 22.99

 WPATH FROM NODE
 340.00 TO NODE
 368.00 =
 2396.60 FEET.

 (CFS) NUMBER 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** TC INTENSITY STREAM RUNOFF AREA (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) 69.16 10.49 5.718 31.21 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 368.00 = 2333.92 FEET. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 106.08 10.49 1 5.718 105.93 12.89 5.006 2 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 106.08Tc(MIN.) = 10.49TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 54.2 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 368.00 TO NODE 372.00 IS CODE = 31 **___** _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _________ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 264.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 406.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 45.0 INCH PIPE IS 32.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 12.62 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 45.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 106.08PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.54 Tc (MIN.) = 11.03 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 372.00 =2802.60 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 368.00 TO NODE 372.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.03RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.54 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 54.20PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 106.08 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 371.50 TO NODE 372.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< ______________________________ RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 222.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 277.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 260.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 17.00

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SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 7.124
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
        THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 100.00
        (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
        THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.339
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.81
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                   0.77 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                              1.81
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 371.50 TO NODE 372.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.12
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) =
                         7.34
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.77
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.81
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
          (CFS)
                                      (ACRE)
         106.0811.031.817.12
    1
                                      54.20
                  11.03 5.537
                            7.339
                                        0.77
    2
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
 STREAM RUNOFF TC
                        INTENSITY
         (CFS)
70.34
                  (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
 NUMBER
                 7.12
   1
                         7.339
         107.45 11.03
                          5.537
    2
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 107.45 Tc(MIN.) = 11.03
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 55.0
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE
                                       372.00 =
                                                2802.60 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 372.00 TO NODE 390.00 IS CODE = 51
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
________________________________
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 254.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 710.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0085
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.828
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 123.75
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.53
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.16 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.61
 Tc(MIN.) = 13.64
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 21.08 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 32.57
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.370
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 76.0 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 135.78
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END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 1.22 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.69 3512.60 FEET. LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 340.00 TO NODE 390.00 = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 390.00 TO NODE 390.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< _____________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.828 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3698SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.00 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 76.0 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 135.78 TC(MIN.) = 13.64_____ ______ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 76.0PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 135.7876.0 TC(MIN.) = 13.64 _____

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2010 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 17.0 Release Date: 07/01/2010 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * SYSTEM 3000 (ONSITE PROPOSED CONDITIONS) * FILE: 3000P100 ****** ***** FILE NAME: 3000P100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:51 07/06/2012 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (n) _____ чесста ____ ___ === ____ 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3500.00 TO NODE 3505.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< ______ GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 289.00 288.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.70 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.469 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 54.00 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.89TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.89 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3505.00 TO NODE 3520.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 288.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 285.70 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 320.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0081 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.288 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.40 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.95 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.11 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.73 Tc(MIN.) = 7.20SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.88 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.18 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.800PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.58 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.3END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.44 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3500.00 TO NODE 3520.00 = 420.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3520.00 TO NODE 3590.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 285.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 280.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 596.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0096 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.923 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 18.62 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.64 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.73 Tc(MIN.) = 9.93SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 21.94SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 4.63AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.800TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.9PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =28.10 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH (FEET) = 0.31 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.21 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 3500.00 TO NODE 3590.00 = 1016.00 FEET. END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.9 TC(MIN.) = 9.93PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 28.10

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2012 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 19.0 Release Date: 06/01/2012 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * PROPOSED CONDITIONS, SYSTEM 4000, "TM ALTERNATIVE" * FTLE: 4000P100 FILE NAME: 4000P100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:43 10/03/2012 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _________ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (n) ______ ____ ____ ~~____ 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4005.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< ______ GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 85.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 274.30 273.10 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.20 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.916 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 66.18 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.210.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.21 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4005.00 TO NODE 4008.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 268.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 290.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0148 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.100 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.76 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.07 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.22 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.19 Tc(MIN.) = 5.10SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.07SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.07AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.800 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.417.25 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.99 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4008.00 = 375.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4008.00 TO NODE 4010.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 262.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 262.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.33ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 17.25PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.05 Tc (MIN.) = 5.16 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4010.00 = 405.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4010.00 TO NODE 4010.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< ____________________________________ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.039 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8000 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.51 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.69 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 20.82 TC(MIN.) = 5.16

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4010.00 TO NODE 4014.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 262.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 387.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.9 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.62 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 20.82PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.97 Tc(MIN.) = 6.13 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4014.00 = 792.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4012.00 TO NODE 4014.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.084 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8056 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.25 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.76TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.1 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 20.82TC(MIN.) = 6.13NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4014.00 TO NODE 4014.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.084 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8102 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.69 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 22.07 TC(MIN.) =6.13 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4014.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 31 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 258.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 188.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.25 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 22.07PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.38 Tc (MIN.) = 6.51 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4080.00 = 980.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4080.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<

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100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.776
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8164
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.39 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.64
                  3.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        23.87
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
 TC(MIN.) = 6.51
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4050.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.776
 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8085
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 3.45 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 21.46
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.2 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       45.33
          6.51
 TC(MIN.) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4080.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.51
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                     7.78
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.21
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                            45.33
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4100.00 TO NODE 4150.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 282.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 269.90
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 265.70
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 4.20
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                             2.920
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH =
                                 64.89
       (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.30
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                0.91
                      TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        7.30
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4150.00 TO NODE 4180.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
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ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 259.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 90.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.9 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.56 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.30PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.23 Tc(MIN.) = 3.15LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4100.00 TO NODE 4180.00 = 372.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4180.00 TO NODE 4180.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.52SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.4TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.17 11.47 TC(MIN.) =3.15 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4180.00 TO NODE 4185.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 259.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 103.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.95ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.47PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.25 Tc (MIN.) = 3.40 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4100.00 TO NODE 4185.00 = 475.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4170.00 TO NODE 4185.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.84SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =14.76TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.3TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =26.2 26.23 TC(MIN.) = 3.40FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4185.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES< TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2

CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 3.40 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 9.22 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.27 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 26.23 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** Тс STREAM RUNOFF INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 45.33 6.51 7.776 7.21 1 3.40 26.23 9.222 3.27 2 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** INTENSITY STREAM RUNOFF TC (INCH/HOUR) (CFS) (MIN.) NUMBER 9.222
 49.87
 3.40

 67.46
 6.51
 1 2 7.776 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 67.46 Tc (MIN.) = 6.51TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.5LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4080.00 = 980.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4185.00 TO NODE 4185.00 IS CODE = 81 ______ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< ______ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.776 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8277 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.00TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =10.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =67.46 TC(MIN.) = 6.51______ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.5 TC(MIN.) = 6.5167.46 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = _____ _____ _______

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2012 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 19.0 Release Date: 06/01/2012 License ID 1509

Analysis prepared by:

* PDC JOB 3631 CAMPUS PARK WEST * PROPOSED CONDITIONS, SYSTEM 4000, "ALTERNATIVE 1 OPTION" * FILE: 4001P100 FILE NAME: 4001P100.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:52 10/03/2012 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) NO. (FT) _____ ___ ___ 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S) *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.* ***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4005.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 85.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 274.30 273.10 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.20 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.916 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 66.18 (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual) THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.21 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.21FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4005.00 TO NODE 4008.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 273.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 268.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 290.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0148 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.100 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.76 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.07 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.19 $T_{C}(MIN.) = 5.10$ SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.07 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.07AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.800 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 17.25 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =2.4 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.99 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4008.00 = 375.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4008.00 TO NODE 4010.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 262.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 262.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.33 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 17.25PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.05 Tc (MIN.) = 5.16 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4010.00 = 405.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4010.00 TO NODE 4010.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.039 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8000 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.51 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.69 2.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.82 TC(MIN.) = 5.16

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4010.00 TO NODE 4014.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 262.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 387.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.9 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.62 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 20.82PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.97 Tc(MIN.) = 6.13 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4014.00 = 792.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4012.00 TO NODE 4014.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.084 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8056SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.25 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.763.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.82 TC(MIN.) = 6.13NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4014.00 TO NODE 4014.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.084 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8102 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.69 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.4 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 22.07 TC(MIN.) =6.13 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4014.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 31 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<< ______ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 258.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 188.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.25ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00NUMBER OF PIPES = PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 22.07PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.38 Tc (MIN.) = 6.51LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4080.00 = 980.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4080.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<

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100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.776
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8164
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.39 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.64
                 3.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                       23.87
 TC(MIN.) = 6.51
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4050.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.776
 GENERAL COMMERCIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8000
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 92
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8071
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 4.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 30.48
                8.7 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                                       54.35
 TC(MIN.) =
         6.51
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4080.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE =
                                           1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.51
                     7.78
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 8.66
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                          54.35
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4100.00 TO NODE 4150.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =
                           282.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 269.90
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =
                     265.70
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 4.20
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) =
                            2,920
 WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH =
                                 64.89
       (Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
       THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.30
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =
                 0.91
                      TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                        7.30
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4150.00 TO NODE 4180.00 IS CODE = 31
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
```

```
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 259.00
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 90.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.56
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                             NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.30
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.23 Tc (MIN.) =
                                 3.15
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4100.00 TO NODE 4180.00 =
                                          372.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4180.00 TO NODE 4180.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 96
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.54SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.5TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       4.33
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                        11.63
 TC(MIN.) =
          3.15
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4180.00 TO NODE 4185.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 260.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 259.00
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 103.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.97
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                             NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.63
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.25 Tc (MIN.) =
                                 3.40
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4100.00 TO NODE 4185.00 =
                                          475.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4170.00 TO NODE 4185.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
 GENERAL INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 97
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8700
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =1.84SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =14.76TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =3.3TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =26.3
                                       26.39
 TC(MIN.) = 3.40
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4185.00 TO NODE 4080.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
```

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 3.40 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 9.22 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.29 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 26.39 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) NUMBER 54.35 6.51 7.776 8.66 1 2 26.39 3.40 9.222 3.29 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) (CFS) (MIN.) NUMBER 9.222 54.73 3.40 76.61 6.51 1 2 7.776 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 76.61 Tc(MIN.) = 6.51 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.9LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 4000.00 TO NODE 4080.00 = 980.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4185.00 TO NODE 4185.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.776 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3200 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B" S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 65AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8244SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.00 11.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =76.61 TC(MIN.) = 6.51END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 11.9 TC(MIN.) = 6.51 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 76.61______

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

APPENDIX 5

Rational Method Hydrographs

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY

RUN DATE 10/3/2012HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME SYSTEM 100, EXISTING CONDITIONS: S100E100.TXT TIME OF CONCENTRATION 21 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 INCHES BASIN AREA 275 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.37 PEAK DISCHARGE 370.2 CFS TIME (MIN) = 0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0 TIME (MIN) = 21 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 21.6 TIME (MIN) = 42 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 23.5 TIME (MIN) = 63 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 24.6 TIME (MIN) = 63 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 24.6 TIME (MIN) = 105 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 27.3 TIME (MIN) = 105 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 33.2 TIME (MIN) = 126 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 33.2 TIME (MIN) = 126 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 36 TIME (MIN) = 168 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 36 TIME (MIN) = 168 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 50.1 TIME (MIN) = 168 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 50.1 TIME (MIN) = 231 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 105.4 TIME (MIN) = 252 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 370.2 TIME (MIN) = 273 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 39.5 TIME (MIN) = 315 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 30.9 TIME (MIN) = 336 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.5 TIME (MIN) = 378 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0 RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY

RUN DATE 10/3/2012 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME SYSTEM 200, EXISTING CONDITIONS: S200E100.TXT TIME OF CONCENTRATION 20 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 INCHES BASIN AREA 40.3 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.32 PEAK DISCHARGE 48.6 CFS DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 9.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 13.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 48.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0 TIME (MIN) = 0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0TIME (MIN) = 20TIME (MIN) = 40TIME (MIN) = 60TIME (MIN) = 80TIME (MIN) = 100TIME (MIN) = 120TIME (MIN) = 140TIME (MIN) = 160TIME (MIN) = 180TIME (MIN) = 200TIME (MIN) = 220TIME (MIN) = 240TIME (MIN) = 260TIME (MIN) = 280TIME (MIN) = 300TIME (MIN) = 320TIME (MIN) = 340TIME (MIN) = 360TIME (MIN) = 380

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10/3/2012 RUN DATE HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME SYSTEM 300, EXISTING CONDITIONS: S300E100.TXT TIME OF CONCENTRATION 16 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 INCHES BASIN AREA 95.54 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.36 PEAK DISCHARGE 151.3 CFS PEAK DISCHARGE151.3CFSTIME (MIN) = 0DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0TIME (MIN) = 16DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.1TIME (MIN) = 32DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.6TIME (MIN) = 48DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.8TIME (MIN) = 64DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.4TIME (MIN) = 80DISCHARGE (CFS) = 8.7TIME (MIN) = 12DISCHARGE (CFS) = 9.5TIME (MIN) = 112DISCHARGE (CFS) = 9.9TIME (MIN) = 128DISCHARGE (CFS) = 11.7TIME (MIN) = 144DISCHARGE (CFS) = 11.7TIME (MIN) = 160DISCHARGE (CFS) = 13.4TIME (MIN) = 176DISCHARGE (CFS) = 14.5TIME (MIN) = 192DISCHARGE (CFS) = 17.7TIME (MIN) = 208DISCHARGE (CFS) = 20.2TIME (MIN) = 224DISCHARGE (CFS) = 29.7TIME (MIN) = 256DISCHARGE (CFS) = 151.3TIME (MIN) = 272DISCHARGE (CFS) = 151.3TIME (MIN) = 304DISCHARGE (CFS) = 15.9TIME (MIN) = 320DISCHARGE (CFS) = 10.4TIME (MIN) = 336DISCHARGE (CFS) = 9.1TIME (MIN) = 384DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7.4TIME (MIN) = 384DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PR COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENG	
RUN DATE 10/3/2012 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME SYSTEM 4 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 17 MI 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 INCHES BASIN AREA 11.9 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.48 PEAK DISCHARGE 24.5 CFS	00, EXISTING CONDITIONS: S400E100.TXT N.
,	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
. ,	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.6
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
• •	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9
• •	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.3
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.8
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.7
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6.1
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 24.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.8
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2
	DISCHARGE (CFS) $=$ 2 DISCHARGE (CFS) $=$ 1.7
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
1100 (010) - 574	

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY RUN DATE 10/3/2012 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME SYSTEM 100, PROPOSED CONDITIONS: S100P100.TXT TIME OF CONCENTRATION 20 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 INCHES BASIN AREA 242.5 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.37 PEAK DISCHARGE 345.8 CFS TIME (MIN) = 0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0TIME (MIN) = 20DISCHARGE (CFS) = 19TIME (MIN) = 40DISCHARGE (CFS) = 19.7DISCHARGE (CFS) = 21.4TIME (MIN) =60 TIME (MIN) = 80 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 22.4 100 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 24.9TIME (MIN) = TIME (MIN) = 120DISCHARGE (CFS) = 26.4DISCHARGE (CFS) = TIME (MIN) = 14030.2 TIME (MIN) = 160DISCHARGE (CFS) = 32.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 40.1TIME (MIN) = 180 TIME (MIN) = 200DISCHARGE (CFS) = 45.6DISCHARGE (CFS) = 67 TIME (MIN) = 220TIME (MIN) = 240DISCHARGE (CFS) = 87TIME (MIN) = 260DISCHARGE (CFS) = 345.8

> DISCHARGE (CFS) = 53.7DISCHARGE (CFS) =

> DISCHARGE (CFS) = 28.1DISCHARGE (CFS) = 23.6

> DISCHARGE (CFS) = 20.5

DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0

36

TIME (MIN) = 280

TIME (MIN) = 300

TIME (MIN) = 320

TIME (MIN) = 340 TIME (MIN) = 360

TIME (MIN) = 380

				OGRAPH P RICK EN			OMPAI	YN			
RUN D			/3/2012								
					1000,	PROPC	SED (CONDI	TIONS:	S1000P10	0.TXT
			ITRATIO								
6 HOU	R RAI	VFAI	L 3.5	INCHES							
BASIN	AREA	23	B ACRE	S							
RUNOF	F COEI	FFIC	CIENT	0.63							
PEAK	DISCHA	ARGI	E 102.	5 CFS							
TIME	(MIN)	=	= 0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0 = 8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3 = 16 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.1 = 24 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2 = 32 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.2 = 40 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.3 = 48 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.4 = 56 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.6 = 72 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.7 = 80 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.8 = 88 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.9 = 96 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.2 = 104 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.3 = 120 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.6 = 128 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 4.7 = 136 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5 = 144 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 5.2								
TIME	(MIN)	=	8								
TIME	(MIN)	=	16		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.1		
TIME	(MIN)	=	24					-			
TIME	(MIN)	=	32		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.2		
TIME	(MIN)	=	40		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.3		
TIME	(MIN)	=	48		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.4		
TIME	(MIN)	=	56		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.5		
	(MIN)		64		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.6		
TIME	(MIN)	=	72		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.7		
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)						-		4.2		
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)										
	(MIN)		152						5.5		
	(MIN)		160			HARGE	-		5.7		
	(MIN)		168			HARGE			6.2		
	(MIN)		176			HARGE		-	6.5		
	(MIN)		184			HARGE					
	(MIN)		192			HARGE			7.7		
	(MIN)		200			HARGE	-	-	8.8		
	(MIN)		200			HARGE	(CFS		9.6		
TIME		=									
TIME	(MIN)	=	216			HARGE HARGE	(CFS		11.7		
TIME	(MIN)	=	224				(CFS		13.3		
TIME	(MIN)	=	232			HARGE	(CFS		19.5		
TIME	(MIN)	=	240			HARGE	(CFS		23.7		
TIME	(MIN)	=	248			HARGE	(CFS		102.5		
TIME	(MIN)	=	256			HARGE	(CFS		15.7		
TIME	(MIN)		264			HARGE	(CFS		10.5		
TIME	(MIN)	=	272			HARGE	(CFS		8.2		
TIME	(MIN)	=	280			HARGE	(CFS		6.9		
TIME	(MIN)	=	288			HARGE	(CFS		6		
TIME	(MIN)	=	296			HARGE	(CFS		5.3		
TIME	(MIN)	-	304			HARGE	(CFS		4.8		
TIME	(MIN)	=	312			HARGE	(CFS		4.5		
TIME	(MIN)	=	320			HARGE	(CFS		4.1		
TIME	(MIN)	=	328			HARGE	(CFS		3.9		
TIME	(MIN)	=	336		DISC	HARGE	(CFS) =	3.6		

TIME (MIN) TIME (MIN) TIME (MIN) TIME (MIN)	=	352 360	DISCHARGE DISCHARGE DISCHARGE DISCHARGE	(CFS) (CFS) (CFS)	=	3.3 3.1	

Scenario Calculation Summary

Scenario Summary			
ID	27		
Label	Watershed - 10	00	
Notes			
Active Topology	Base Active To	pology	
Hydrology	Watershed - 10	0 - 100	
Rainfall Runoff	Watershed - 10	0	
Physical	Base Physical		
Initial Condition	Base Initial Cor	ndition	
Boundary Condition	Base Boundary	Condition	
Infiltration and Inflow	Base Infiltration	n and Inflow	
Output	Base Output		
User Data Extensions	Base User Data	Extensions	
PondPack Engine Calculation Options	Watershed - 10	0	· · · · · ·
Output Summary			
Output Increment	1.000 min	Duration	5,520.000 min
Rainfall Summary			<u> </u>
Return Event Tag	100	Rainfall Type	(N/A)
Total Depth	(N/A) in	Storm Event	(N/A)

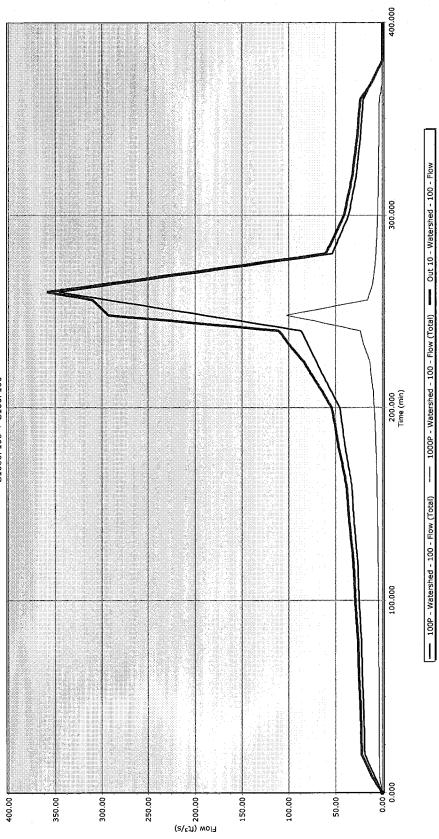
Executive Summary (Nodes)

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Truncation	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (min)	Peak Flow (ft³/s)	Maximum Water Surface Elevation (ft)	Maximum Pond Storage (ac-ft)
1000P	Watershed - 100	0	None	4.198	248.000	102.50	(N/A)	(N/A)
100P	Watershed - 100	0	None	26.011	260.000	345.80	(N/A)	(N/A)
Out 10	Watershed - 100	Ö	None	30.209	260.000	358.90	(N/A)	(N/A)

Executive Summary (Links)

Label Type Location Hydrograp	h Peak Time Peak Flow End Point Node Flow
Volume	(min) (ft ³ /s) Direction
(ac-ft)	

PR-3631-COMB-100P_1000P.ppc 10/4/2012 Bentley Systems, Inc. Haestad Methods Solution Center 27 Siemon Company Drive Suite 200 W Watertown, CT 06795 USA +1-203-755-1666 Bentley PondPack V8i [08.11.01.51] Page 1 of 1



S1000P100 + S100P100

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENGINEERING CO	MPANY
RUN DATE 10/3/2012 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME SYSTEM 2000, PROPOS TIME OF CONCENTRATION 10 MIN.	ED CONDITIONS: S2000P100.TXT
6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 INCHES BASIN AREA 63.3 ACRES	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.75	
PEAK DISCHARGE 280.1 CFS	
TIME (MIN) = 0 DISCHARGE (
	CFS) = 9.9
TIME (MIN) = 20 DISCHARGE (
TIME (MIN) = 30 DISCHARGE (
TIME (MIN) = 40 DISCHARGE (
TIME $(MIN) = 50$ DISCHARGE (
TIME (MIN) = 60 DISCHARGE (
TIME $(MIN) = 70$ DISCHARGE (
TIME (MIN) = 80 DISCHARGE (
TIME $(MIN) = 90$ DISCHARGE (•
TIME (MIN) = 100 DISCHARGE (· ·
TIME (MIN) = 110 DISCHARGE (•
TIME (MIN) = 120 DISCHARGE (
TIME (MIN) = 130 DISCHARGE (
TIME (MIN) = 140 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 16.3
TIME (MIN) = 150 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 17.7
TIME (MIN) = 160 DISCHARGE (
TIME $(MIN) = 170$ DISCHARGE (CFS) = 20.6
TIME $(MIN) = 180$ DISCHARGE (CFS) = 21.8
TIME (MIN) = 190 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 25
TIME (MIN) = 200 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 27.1
TIME (MIN) = 210 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 33.1
TIME $(MIN) = 220$ DISCHARGE (CFS) = 37.8
TIME (MIN) = 230 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 55.4
TIME $(MIN) = 240$ DISCHARGE (CFS) = 78
TIME (MIN) = 250 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 280.1
TIME (MIN) = 260 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 44.5
TIME (MIN) = 270 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 29.7
TIME (MIN) = 280 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 23.3
TIME (MIN) = 290 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 19.5
TIME (MIN) = 300 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 17
TIME (MIN) = 310 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 15.1
TIME (MIN) = 320 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 13.7
TIME (MIN) = 330 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 12.6
TIME (MIN) = 340 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 11.7
TIME (MIN) = 350 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 11
TIME (MIN) = 360 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 10.3
	CFS) = 0

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY	
RUN DATE 10/3/2012 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME SYSTEM 300, PROPOSED CONDITI TIME OF CONCENTRATION 14 MIN.	CONS: S300P100.TXT
6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 INCHES	
BASIN AREA 76 ACRES	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.37	
PEAK DISCHARGE 135.8 CFS	
$TIME (MIN) = 0 \qquad DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0$	
	5.9
	5.2
	5.4
	5.8
TIME (MIN) = 70DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7TIME (MIN) = 84DISCHARGE (CFS) = 7	
	1.8
	3.4
	3.8
	0.8
	0.4
	1.9
	2.9
TIME (MIN) = 196 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1	.5.8
	.8
TIME (MIN) = 224 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2	26.4
	34.9
	.35.8
	21.2
	4.2
	.1.1
	9.3
	3.1
	1.2
	5.6
TIME (MIN) = 364 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 6	
TIME $(MIN) = 378$ DISCHARGE $(CFS) = 0$)

RATIONAL METHOD	HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM	
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RUN I	DATE	10,	/3/2012								
HYDRO	GRAPH	FI	LE NAME	SYSTEM	3000,	PROPC	SED	COND	ITIONS:	S3000P10)0. TXT
TIME	OF CO	NCEI	NTRATIO	N 10 M	1IN.						
6 нот	JR RAI	NFA:	LL 3.5	INCHES	5				v		
BASIN	J AREA	5	.93 ACI	RES							
RUNOI	FF COE	FFI	CIENT	D.8							
PEAK	DISCH	ARGI	E 28.1	CFS							
TIME			0			HARGE			0		
TIME			10			HARGE		•	1		
TIME	· ·		20			HARGE			1		
TIME	(MIN)		30			HARGE			1.1		
TIME			40			HARGE			1.1		
TIME			50			HARGE			1.1		
TIME			60			HARGE			1.1		
TIME			70			HARGE			1.2		
TIME			80			HARGE			1.2		-
TIME			90			HARGE			1.3		
TIME			100			HARGE			1.3		
TIME			110			HARGE			1.4		
TIME			120			HARGE			1.5		
TIME			130			HARGE			1.6		
TIME						HARGE			1.6		
TIME						HARGE			1.8 1.9		
TIME						HARGE			2.1		
TIME			170 180			HARGE			2.1		
TIME			190			HARGE			2.5		
TIME TIME			200			HARGE			2.7		
TIME			200			HARGE			3.3		
TIME			220			HARGE			3.8		
TIME			230			HARGE			5.5		
TIME			240			HARGE			7.7		
	(MIN)		250			HARGE					
TIME			260			HARGE			4.4		
TIME			270			HARGE			3		
TIME			280			HARGE			-		
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Scenario Calculation Summary

Scenario Summary			
ID	27		
Label	Watershed - 1	00	
Notes			
Active Topology	Base Active To	pology	
Hydrology	Watershed - 1	00 - 100	
Rainfall Runoff	Watershed - 1	00	
Physical	Base Physical		
Initial Condition	Base Initial Co	ndition	
Boundary Condition	Base Boundary	Condition	
Infiltration and Inflow	Base Infiltratio	n and Inflow	
Output	Base Output		
User Data Extensions	Base User Data	a Extensions	
PondPack Engine Calculation Options	Watershed - 1	00	
Output Summary		· · · · · · · · ·	
Output Increment	1.000 min	Duration	5,520.000 min
Rainfall Summary			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Return Event Tag	100	Rainfall Type	(N/A)

Executive Summary (Nodes)

Storm Event

(N/A) in

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Truncation	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (min)	Peak Flow (ft³/s)	Maximum Water Surface Elevation (ft)	Maximum Pond Storage (ac-ft)
3000P	Watershed - 100	0	None	1.376	250.000	28.10	(N/A)	(N/A)
300P	Watershed - 100	0	None	8.184	252.000	135.80	(N/A)	(N/A)
Out 10	Watershed - 100	0	None	9.560	252.000	159.16	(N/A)	(N/A)

Executive Summary (Links)

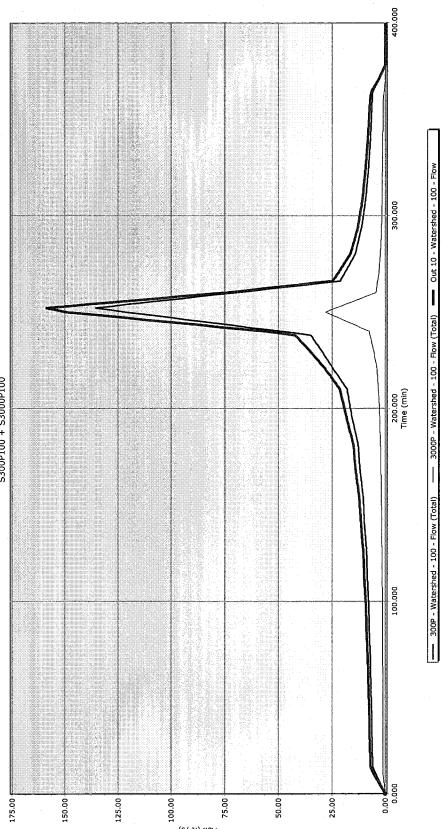
	le Flow
Label Type Location Hydrograph Peak Time Peak Flow End Point Noc	
Volume (min) (ft³/s) Dir	ection
(ac-ft)	

PR-3631-COMB-300P_3000P.ppc 10/4/2012

Total Depth

Bentley Systems, Inc. Haestad Methods Solution Center 27 Siemon Company Drive Suite 200 W Watertown, CT 06795 USA +1-203-755-1666 Bentley PondPack V8i [08.11.01.51] Page 1 of 1

(N/A)



S300P100 + S3000P100

(s\⁵∄) wol∃

	OD HYDROGRAPH E 2, 2001 RICK EN		PANY	
RUN DATE 10	/3/2012			
	LE NAME SYSTEM	4000, PROPOSEI	CONDITIONS:	S4000P100.TXT
	INTRATION 7 MI			
	LL 3.5 INCHES			
BASIN AREA 1				
RUNOFF COEFFI				
PEAK DISCHARG				
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TIME (MIN) =		DISCHARGE (C	•	
	14	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	21	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	28	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	35	DISCHARGE (CI		
	42	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	49	DISCHARGE (CI	,	
TIME (MIN) =	56	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	63	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	70	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	77	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	84	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	91	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	98	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	105	DISCHARGE (C		
TIME (MIN) =	112	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	119	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	126	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	133	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	140	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	147	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	154	DISCHARGE (CI		
TIME (MIN) =	161	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 3.6	
TIME (MIN) =	168	DISCHARGE (CI	ES) = 3.8	
TIME (MIN) =	175	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 4.1	
TIME (MIN) =	182	DISCHARGE (C	FS) = 4.3	
TIME (MIN) $=$	189	DISCHARGE (C	FS) = 4.8	
TIME (MIN) =	196	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 5	
TIME (MIN) =	203	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 5.8	
TIME (MIN) =	210	DISCHARGE (C	FS) = 6.3	
TIME (MIN) =	217	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 7.7	
TIME (MIN) $=$	224	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 8.7	
TIME (MIN) =	231	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 12.8	
TIME (MIN) =	238	DISCHARGE (CI	FS) = 15.2	
TIME (MIN) =	245		FS) = 67.5	
TIME (MIN) =	252		FS) = 10.3	
TIME (MIN) =	259		FS) = 6.9	
TIME (MIN) =	266		FS) = 5.4	
TIME (MIN) =	273		FS) = 4.5	
TIME (MIN) =	280		FS) = 3.9	
TIME (MIN) =	287		FS) = 3.5	
TIME (MIN) =	294	DISCHARGE (C)	FS) = 3.2	

TIME	(MIN) =	301	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	2.9
TIME	(MIN) =	308	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	2.7
TIME	(MIN) =	315	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	2.5
TIME	(MIN) =	322	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	2.4
TIME	(MIN) =	329	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	= ,	2.3
TIME	(MIN) =	336	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	2.1
TIME	(MIN) =	343	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	2
TIME	(MIN) =	350	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	2
TIME	(MIN) =	357	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	=	1.9
TIME	(MIN) =	364	DISCHARGE	(CFS)	= '	0

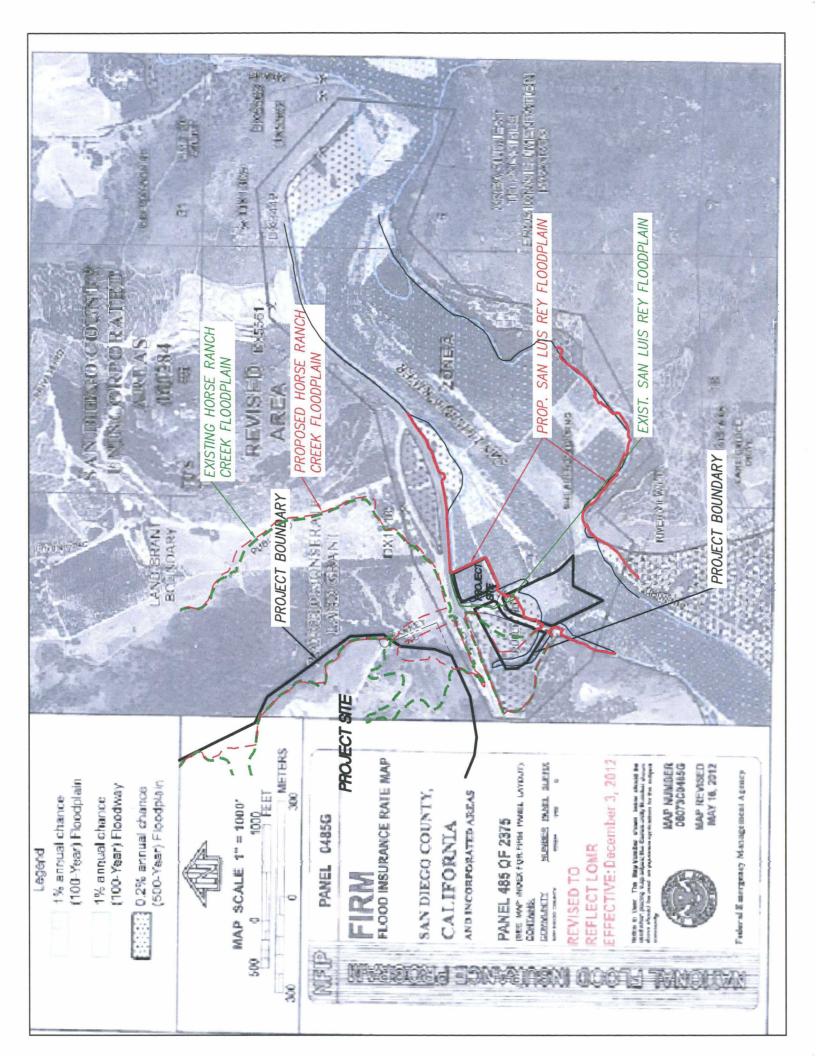
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY												
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		MIN)		21		DISC	HARGE	(CFS)	=	2.1		
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		MIN)				DISC	HARGE	(CFS)	=	2.3		
		MIN)				DISC	HARGE	(CFS)	=	2.3		
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ΠT		MIN)		196			HARGE			5.6		
ΊIΤ	•	MIN)		203			HARGE			6.5		
ΊIΤ		MIN)		210			HARGE			7		
ΊIΤ		MIN)		217			HARGE			8.6		
ΠT		MIN)		224			HARGE			9.8		
TIT		MIN)		231			HARGE			14.3		
TIT		MIN)		238			HARGE			16		
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IIT		MIN)		259			HARGE			7.7		
TII		MIN)		266			HARGE			6		
1IT		MIN)		273			HARGE			5		
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ΊΙΤ	에또 (]	MIN)	=	287		DISC	HARGE	(CFS)	=	3.9		

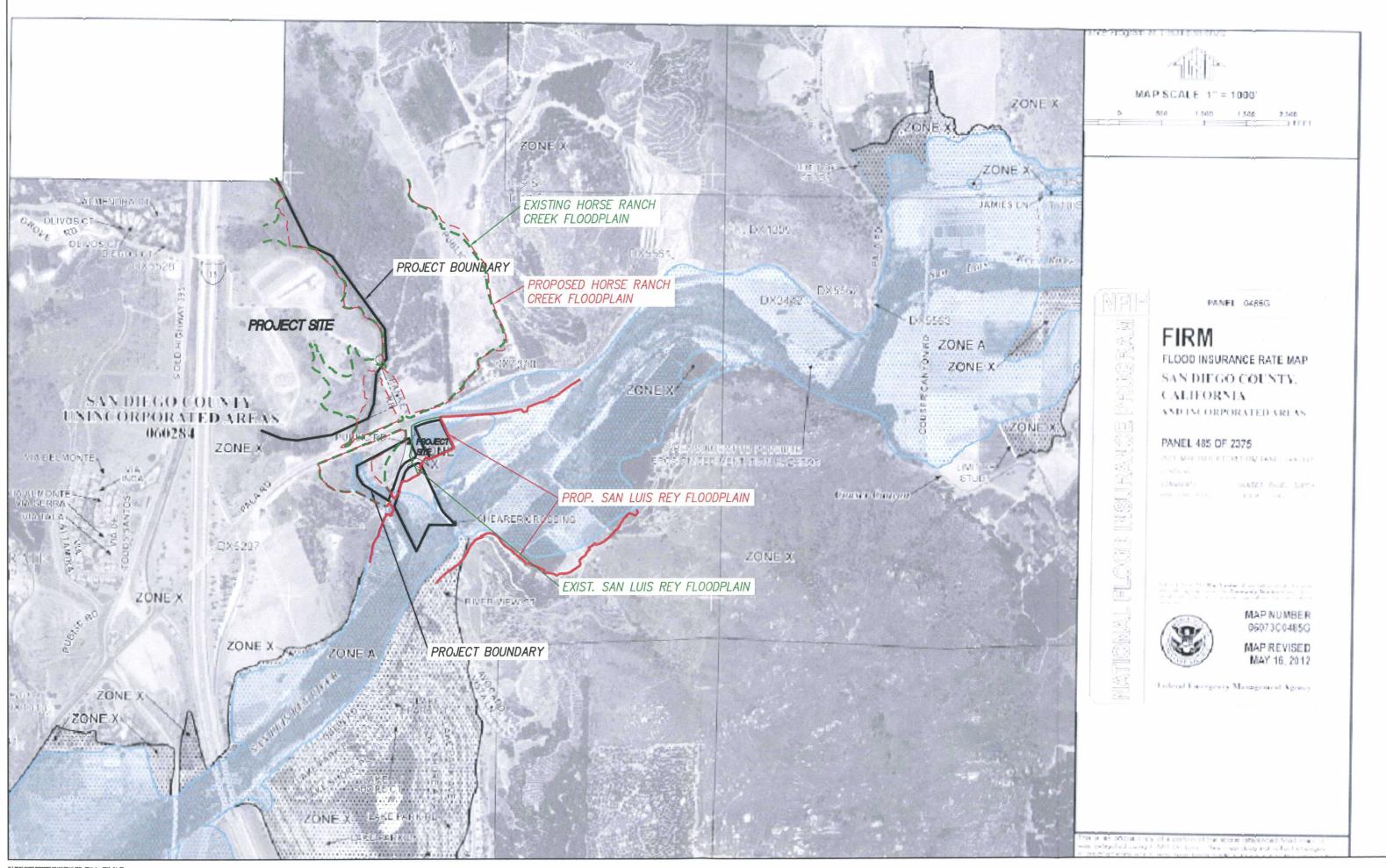
TIME	(MIN)	=	294	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	3.6
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TIME	(MIN)	=,	322	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	2.7
TIME	(MIN)	=	329	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	2.5
TIME	(MIN)	=	336	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	2.4
TIME	(MIN)	=	343	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	2.3
TIME	(MIN)	=	350	DISCHARGE	(CFS) = 0	2.2
TIME	(MIN)	=	357	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	2.1
TIME	(MIN)	=	364	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0



APPENDIX 6

FEMA FIRM Panel





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APPENDIX 7

Calculations for Caltrans Sump (Outfall #3)

2	PROJECTDESIGN CONSULTANTS Planning Engineering Surveying	PAGE OF JOB NOG31.10			
	701 B Street, Suite 720, San Diego, CA 92101 (619) 235-6471 • Fax (619) 234-0349	DRAWN BY	DATE 4/23/10		
PROJECT	CPW	CHECKED BY	DATE		
SUBJECT	Sump				

- The following 5 pages are excerpts from the URS Roadway Study. Retention volume below 72" culvert = 11.0 NF per URS analysis. This could not be confirmed w/ PDC's topo.
 - See survey shot exhibit. Per field shots, upstream invert is actually lower than downstream invert.

Top 72" RCP = 262.42

ie 72" RCP = 262.42 - diameter - Huckness of pipe= 262.42 - 6 - 7/12= 255.84' [NGVD 29] Type.... Outlet Input Data Name.... Outlet 1

File.... J:\27683000 State Route 76\Drainage Report\Calcs\sr76.ppw

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

= CVStructure ID Structure Type = Culvert-Circular _____ 1 No. Barrels -182.9 cm Barrel Diameter = = 78.<u>980</u> m Upstream Invert = 78.690 m Dnstream Invert Horiz. Length = 57.497 m Barrel Length = 57.498 m Barrel Slope = .00504 m/m OUTLET CONTROL DATA... 01 00

Mannings n	=	.0130	
Ke	=	.2000	(forward entrance loss)
Kb	=	.0008743	(per m of full flow)
Kr	_	.2000	(reverse entrance loss)
HW Convergence	=	.0003	+/- m

INLET CONTROL DATA... Equation form = 1 Inlet Control K .0045 = Inlet Control M = 2.0000 Inlet Control c = .03170 Inlet Control Y = .6900 T1 ratio (HW/D) = 1.093 T2 ratio (HW/D) = 1.195 ~.500 Slope Factor

Use unsubmerged inlet control Form 1 equ. below T1 elev. Use submerged inlet control Form 1 equ. above T2 elev.

In transition zone between unsubmerged and submerged inlet control, interpolate between flows at T1 & T2... At T1 Elev = $80.978 \text{ m} \longrightarrow \text{Flow} = 6.8641 \text{ cms}$ At T2 Elev = $81.165 \text{ m} \longrightarrow \text{Flow} = 7.8446 \text{ cms}$

Page 9.02

je 9.02

- NAND 88 = 259.12 NAND 88

= 256.98 NGVD29

Type.... Vol: Elev-Area Name.... POND 10 Page 8.01

File.... J:\27683000 State Route 76\Drainage Report\Calcs\sr76.ppw

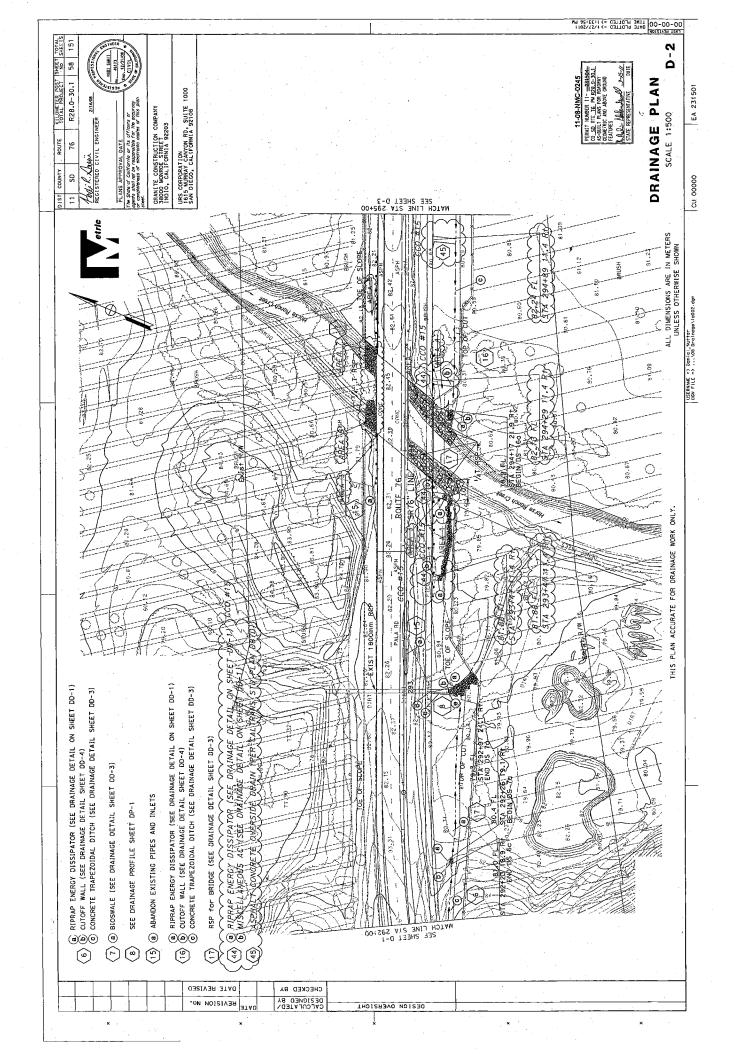
Elevation Planimeter Area A1+A2+sqr(A1*A2) Volume Volume Sum (m) (sq.cm) (sq.m) (sq.m) (cu.m) (cu.m) ____ ______ _____ ____ ----[[+] ----- .0 .0 76.999 .0 .0 (NGV 029) 77.498 ____ 2043.9 2043.9 340.6 340.6 78.001 _____ 8064.0 14167.6 2375.0 2715.6 78.480 __ 11427.1 ___ 29090.4 4640.3 7355.9 256.98 78.980 = 11.01 AF 13517.4 37372.8 6227.2 <u>13583.1</u> 30655.4 51230.0 79.980 __ 20903.2 17072.3 81.979 ____ 27870.9 72911.0 48595.1 79250.5

spilling into 72" culvert POND VOLUME EQUATIONS

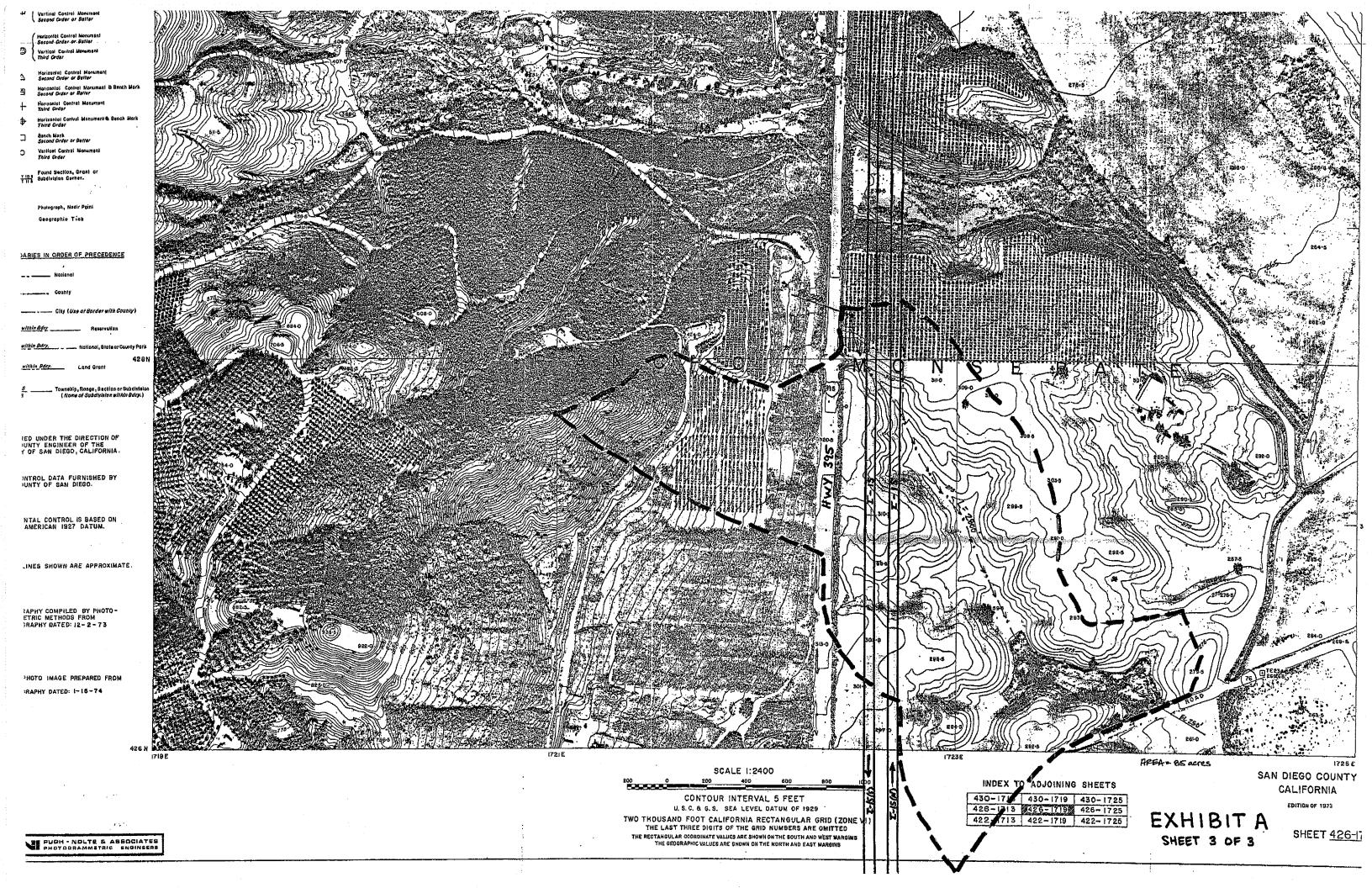
* Incremental volume computed by the Conic Method for Reservoir Volumes.

Volume = (1/3) * (EL2-EL1) * (Area1 + Area2 + sq.rt.(Area1*Area2))

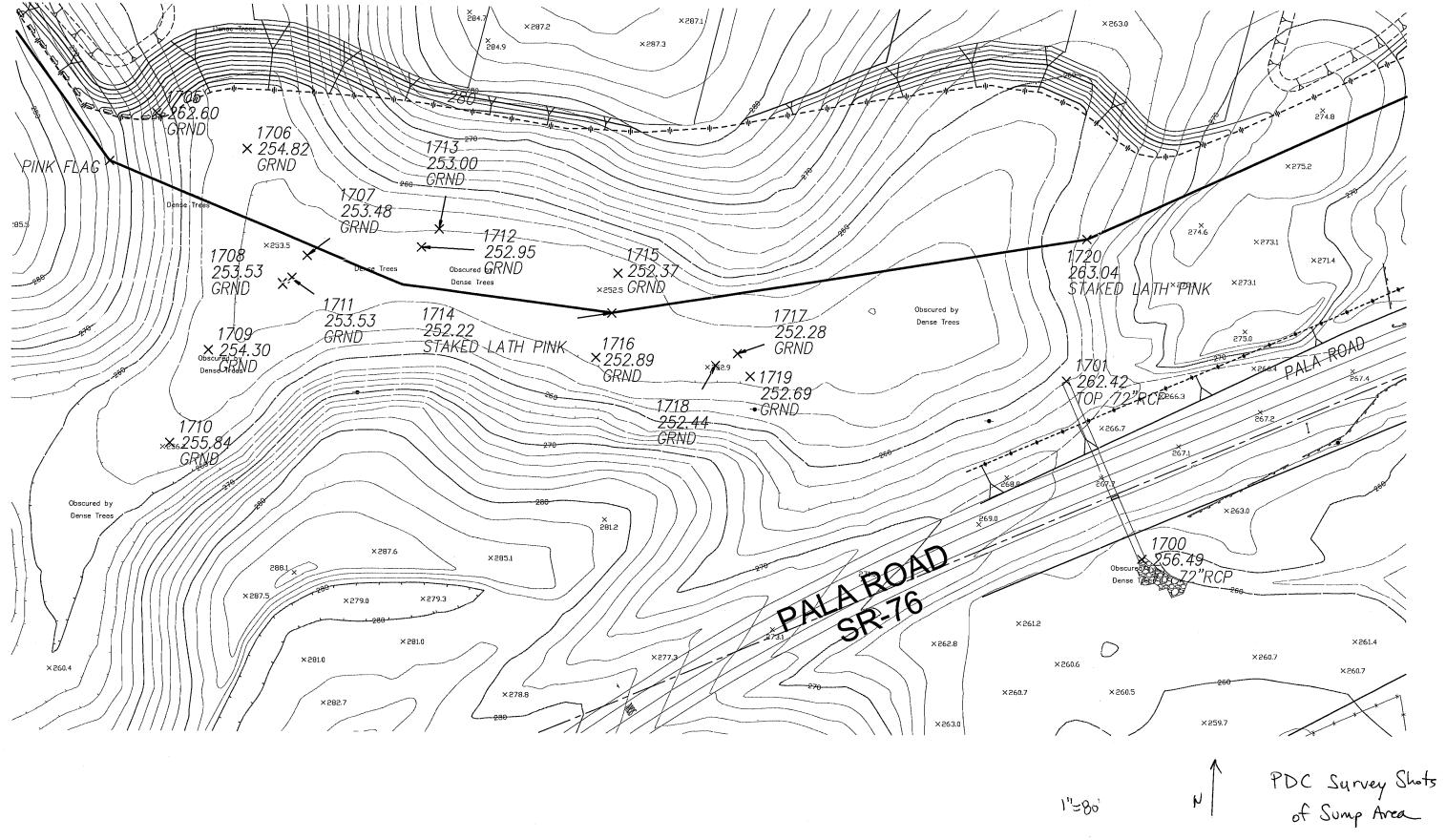
where: EL1, EL2 = Lower and upper elevations of the increment Area1,Area2 = Areas computed for EL1, EL2, respectively Volume = Incremental volume between EL1 and EL2



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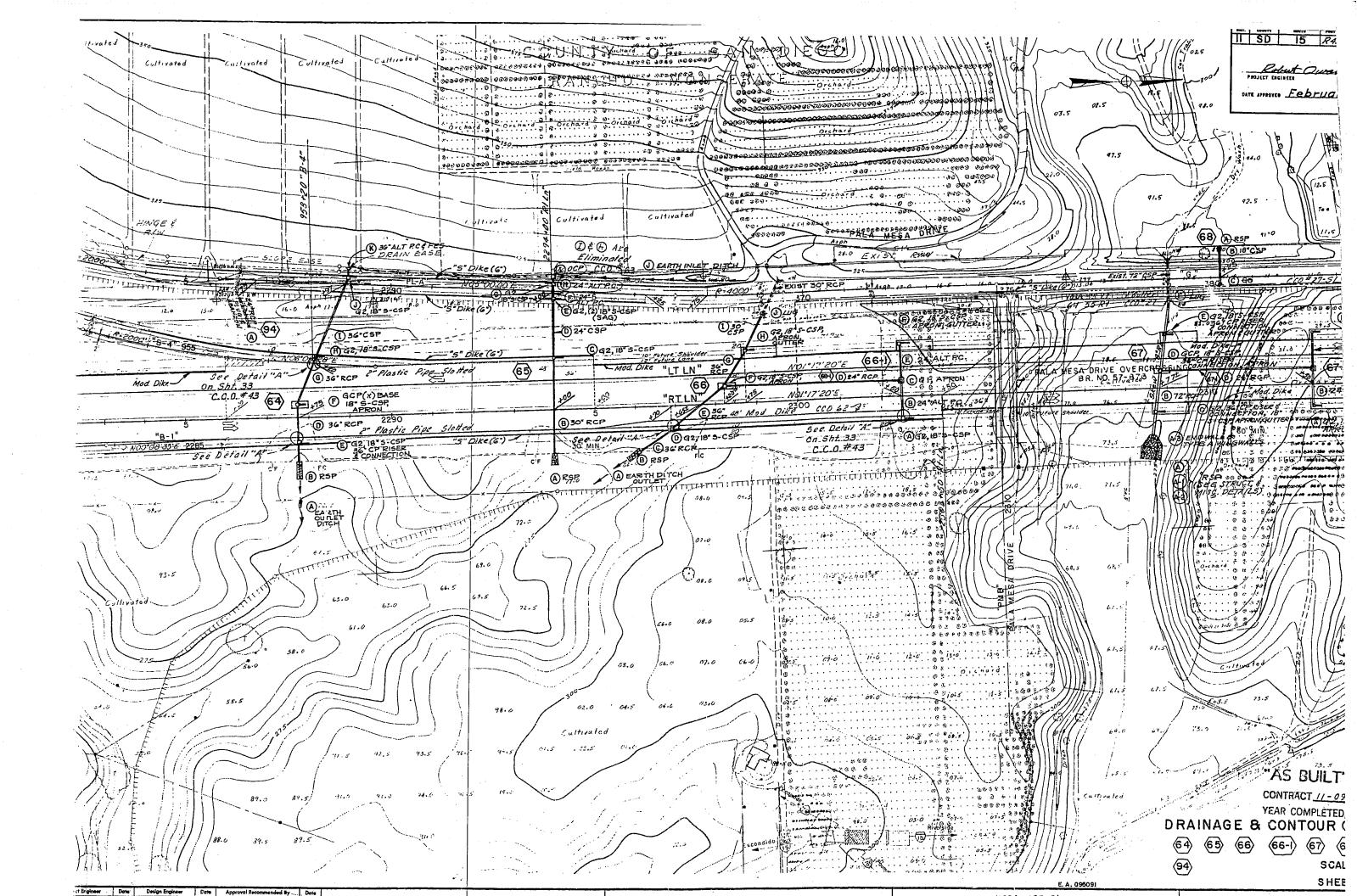


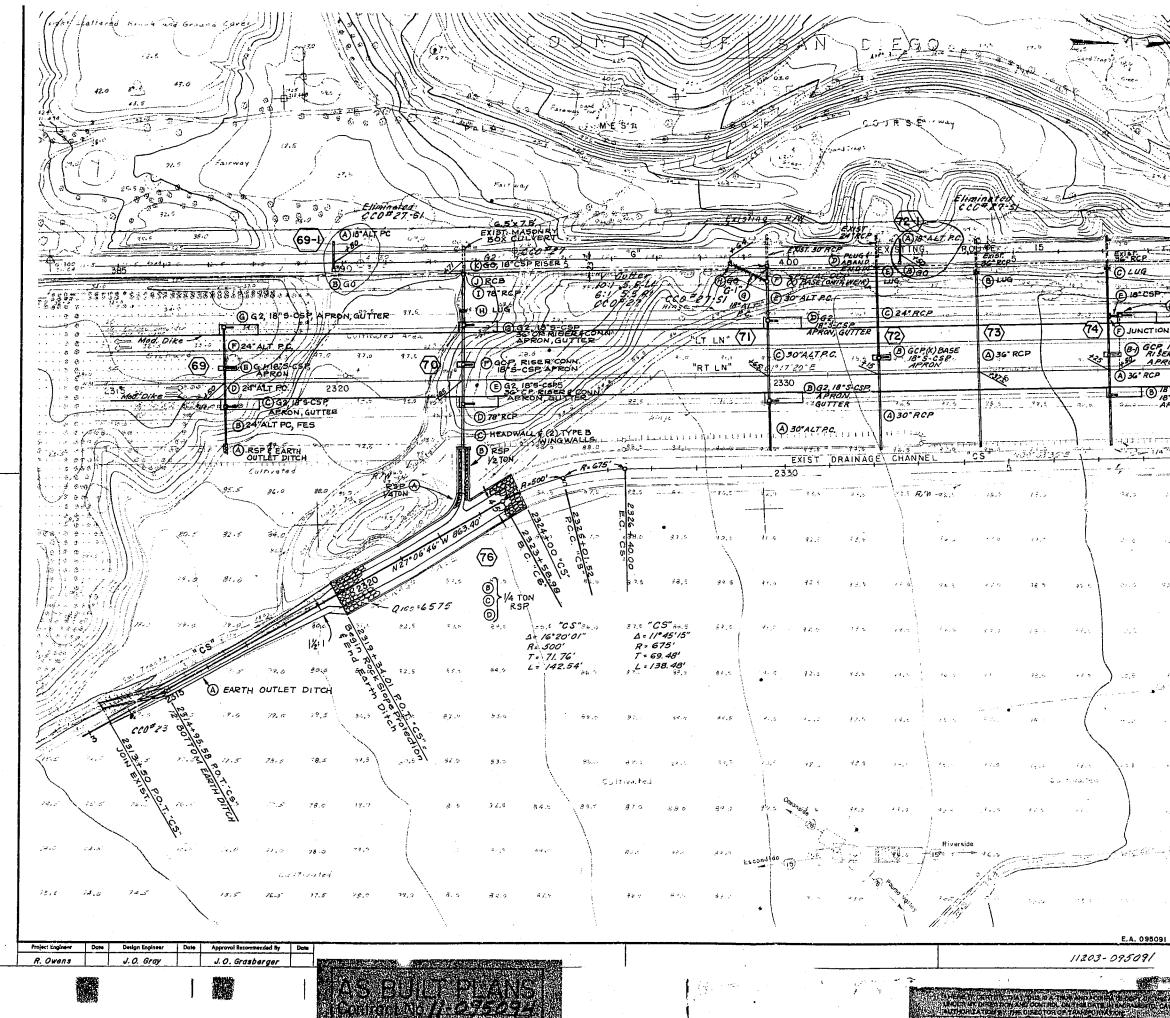
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APPENDIX 8

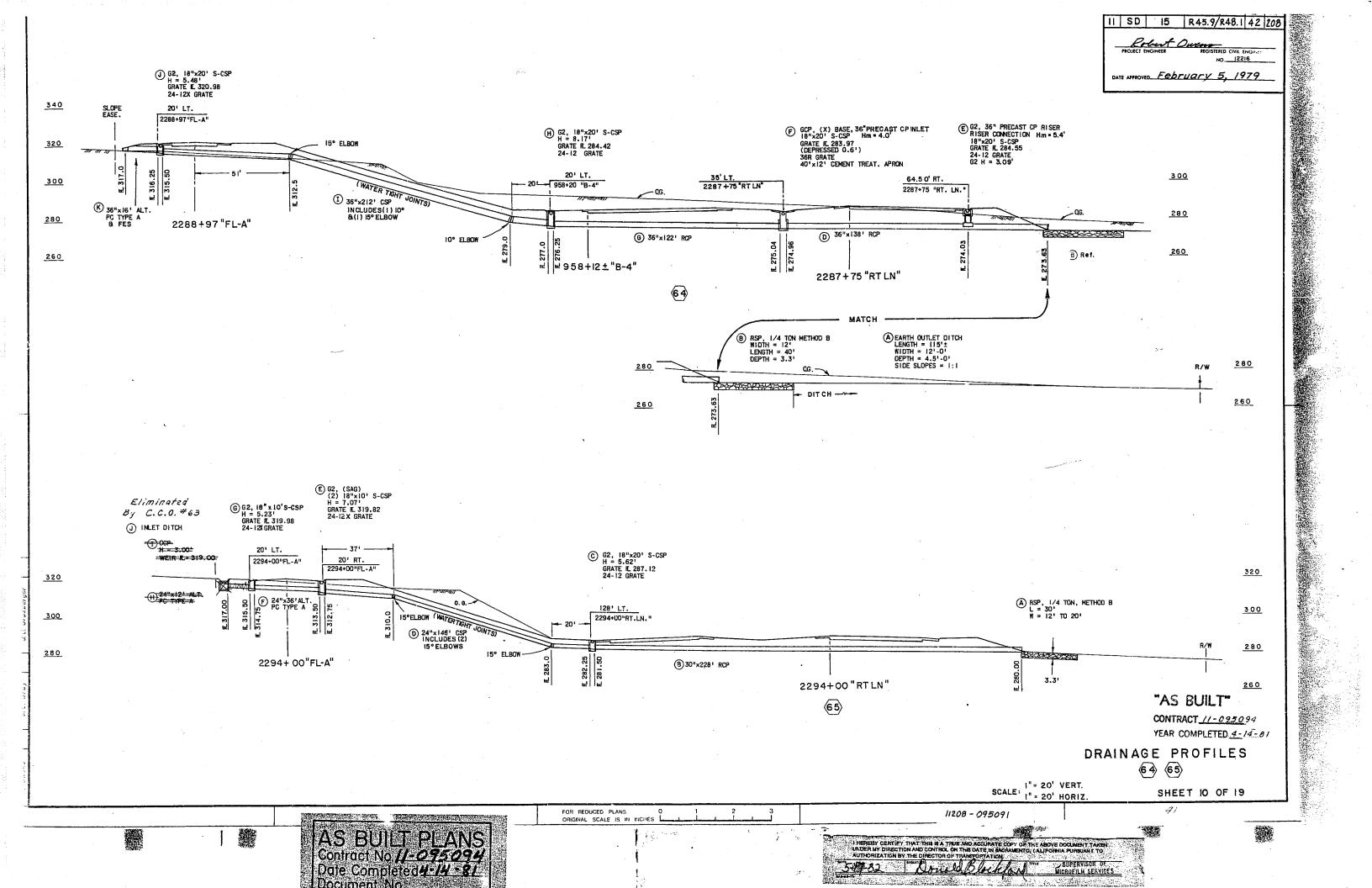
Interstate 15 Storm Drain As-builts

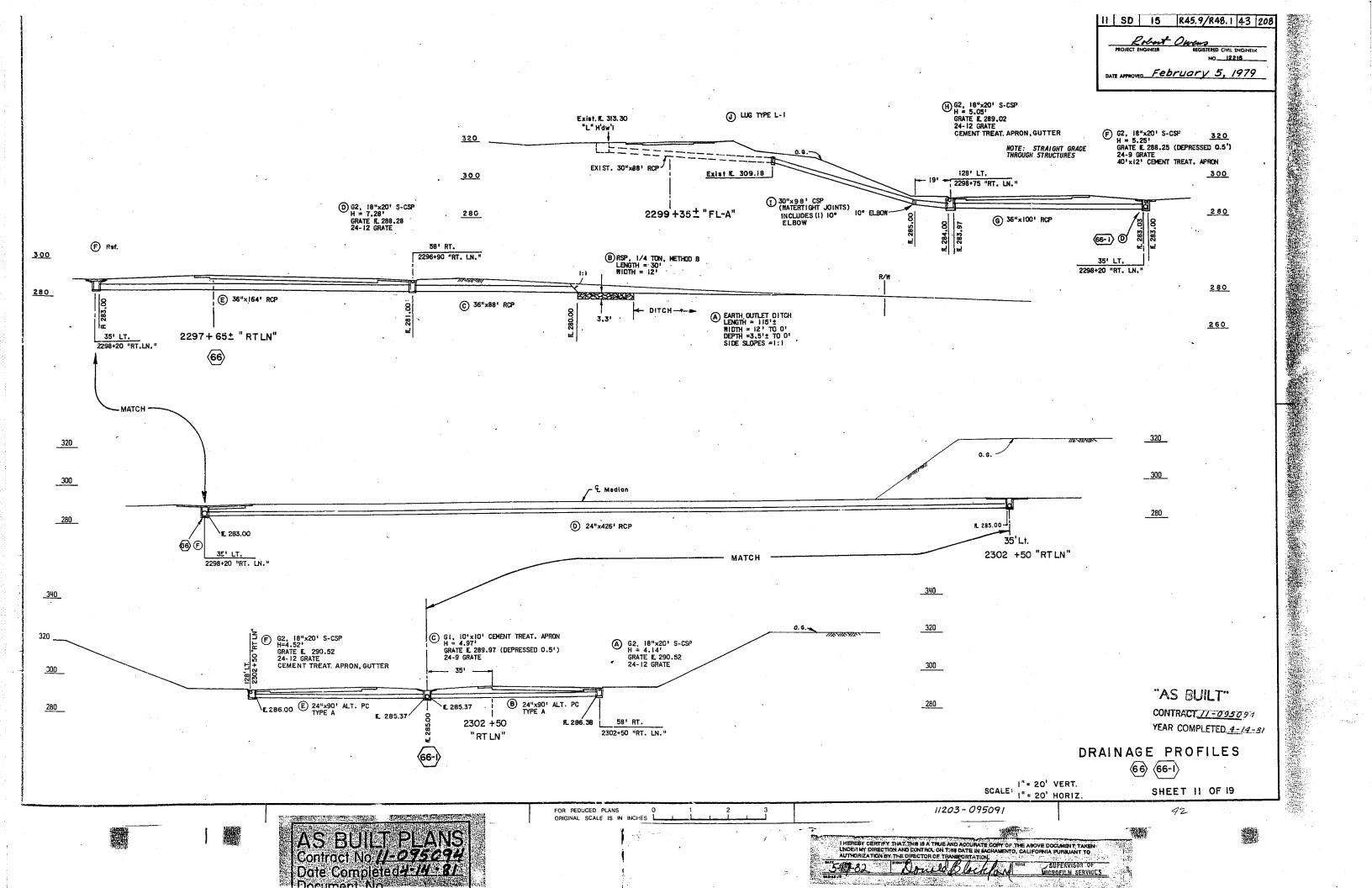


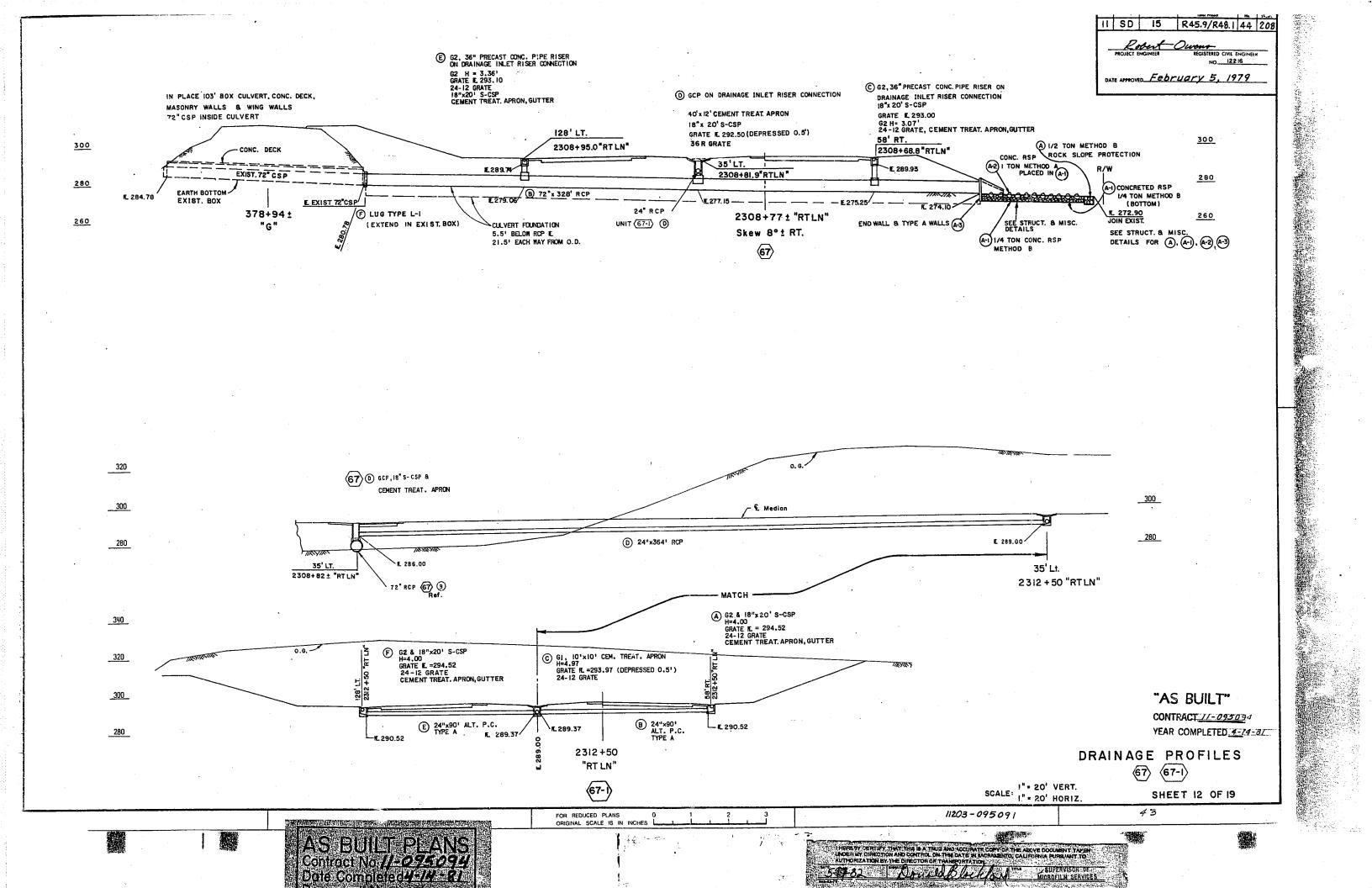


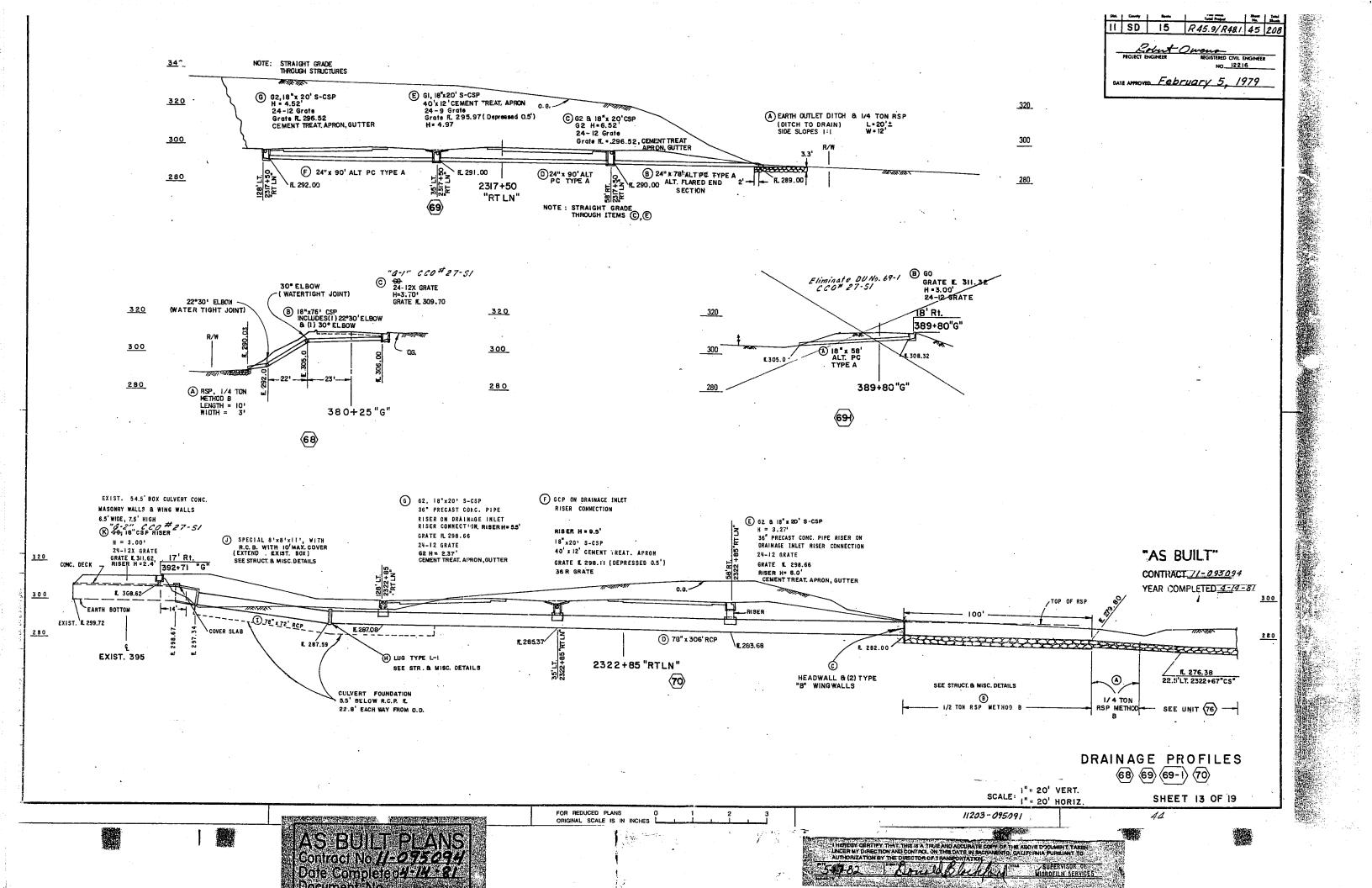
11 SD 15 R45.9/R48.1 31 20 PROJECT ENGINEER Duren PROJECT ENGINEER REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER BO. 12216 BATE APROVED February 5, 1979 0100=1750 (I)(Z) TYPE A WINGWALLS S'DIRE(6) TATA STD PARAPET RISER Exist CP TS PAVING LIMIT 75' Masonry AS-CSP A CSP Apron 660#2 DG2 18 6 CSP UTTER Mod Dike -<75) O IO'XT RCE B-) GCP 18" S-CSP, RISER CONN., APRON _____ 2340 B 18 5 CSP. IB CSP RISER APRON, GUTTER E STD. PARAPET D(2) TYPE B WINGWALLS र्थ्य त्या गात्र <u>प्राय</u>स्थान EXIST. RSP - 1/4 TON RSP .. 2340 38.2 .76 1 14.1 Ц, AS BUILT CONTRACT 11- 0550 54 YEAR COMPLETED 4-14-81 DRAINAGE & CONTOUR GRADING ୭ (69-1) 70 (71) 72 (72-1) (73) **(75)** (74) (76) SCALE : 1" = 100" SHEET 6 OF 7 Ġ

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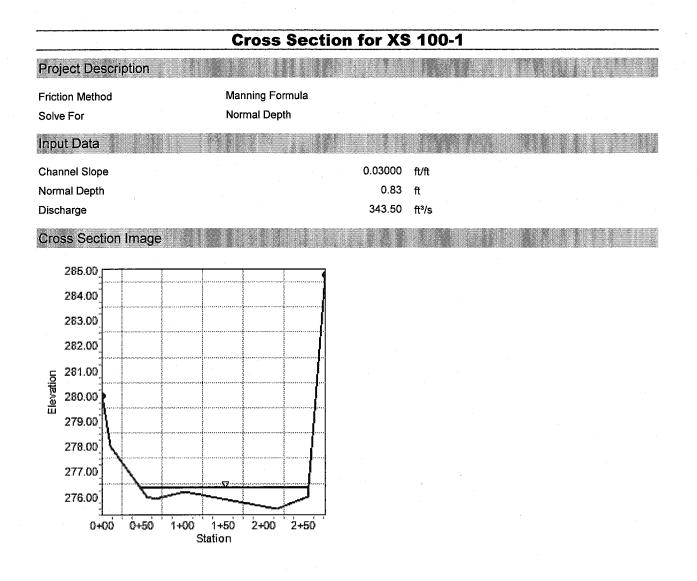


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APPENDIX 9

Floodplain Calculations for Minor Tributaries (not including HRC or SLR River)

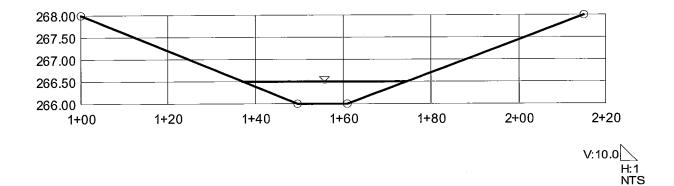


Bentley Systems, Inc. Haestad Methods Sol**BteotidgeFituw**Master V8i (SELECTseries 1) [08.11.01.03] 27 Siemons Company Drive Suite 200 W Watertown, CT 06795 USA +1-203-755-1666 Page 1 of 1

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XS 300-1 (EX Q100) Cross Section for Irregular Channel

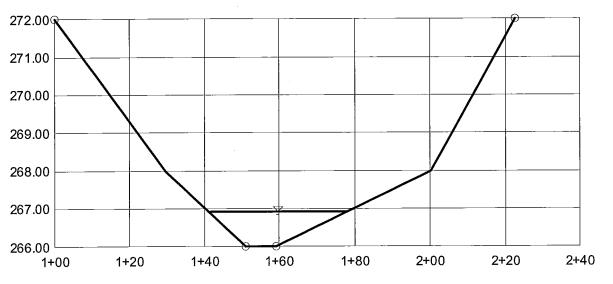
Project Description		
Worksheet	XS 300-1	
Flow Element	Irregular Cha	ini
Method	Manning's Fo	orr
Solve For	Channel Dep	oth
Section Data		
Section Data Mannings Coefficie	ei 0.035	
	ei 0.035 0.031000	ft/ft
Mannings Coefficie	0.031000	
Mannings Coefficie Channel Slope	0.031000	



Project Engineer: Chelisa FlowMaster v7.0 [7.0005] Page 1 of 1

XS 300-2 (EX Q100) Cross Section for Irregular Channel

Project Description		
Worksheet	XS 300-2	
Flow Element	Irregular Cha	ini
Method	Manning's Fo	n
Solve For	Channel Dep	oth
Section Data		
Mannings Coefficie	ı 0.035	
Channel Slope	0.020000	ft/ft
Water Surface Elev	266.92	ft
Elevation Range	3.00 to 272.00	

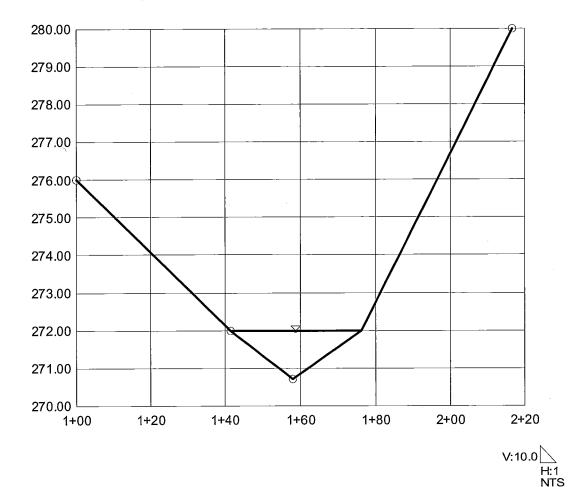


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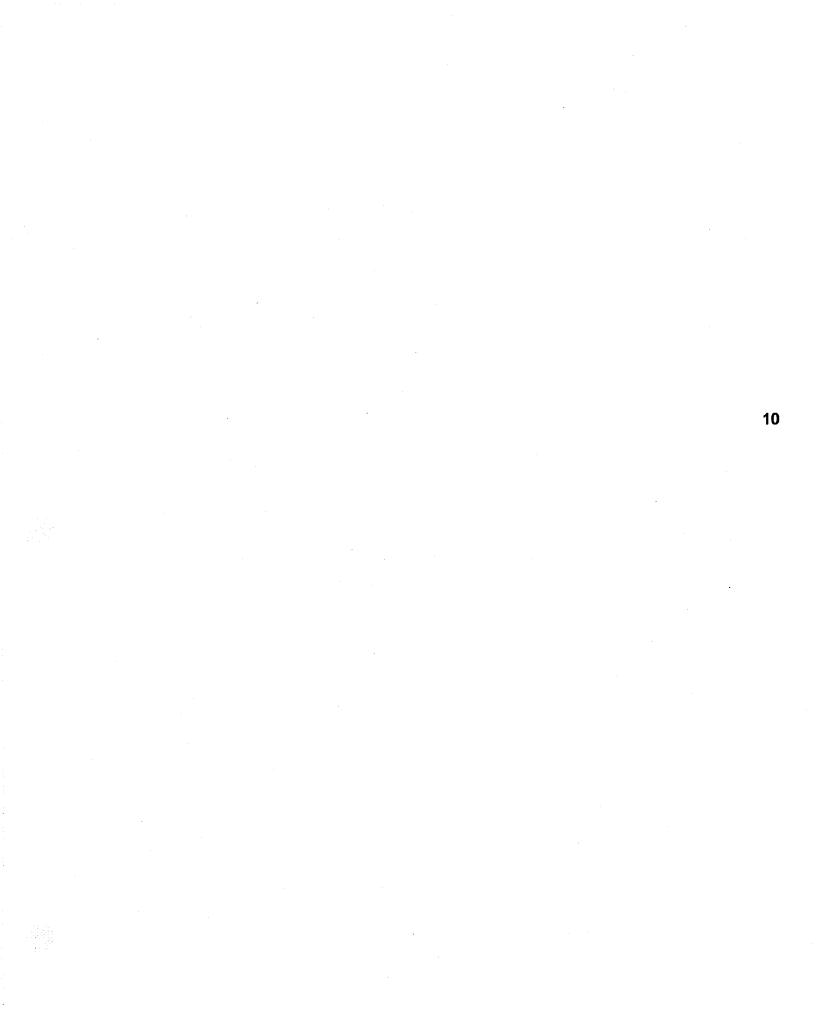
Project Engineer: Chelisa FlowMaster v7.0 [7.0005] Page 1 of 1

XS 300-3 (EX Q100) Cross Section for Irregular Channel

Project Description		
Worksheet	XS 300-3	
Flow Element	Irregular Cha	ani
Method	Manning's F	nc
Solve For	Channel Dep	oth
Section Data		
Mannings Coefficie	0.037	
Channel Slope	0.015000	ft/ft
Water Surface Elev	272.00	ft
Elevation Range).70 to 280.00	
Discharge	83.20	cfs



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APPENDIX 10

Preliminary Hydraulic Calculations of Outfalls to HRC

Culvert Calculator Report Line A (Basin 1)

Culvert Summary						
Allowable HW Elevation	288.00	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.69		
Computed Headwater Eleva	286.42	ft	Discharge	91.40	cfs	
Inlet Control HW Elev.	286.42	ft	Tailwater Elevation	279.85	ft	HRC TWC
Outlet Control HW Elev.	286.04	ft	Control Type	Inlet Control		
Grades		·			·	·
Upstream Invert	280.50	ft	Downstream Invert	280.00	ft	_
Length	54.67	ft	Constructed Slope	0.009146	ft/ft	
Hydraulic Profile				-		_
Profile	S2		Depth, Downstream	2.77	ft	
Slope Type	Steep		Normal Depth	2.72	ft	
Flow Regime	Supercritical		Critical Depth	2.96	ft	
Velocity Downstream	11.20	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.007822	ft/ft	
						<u> </u>
Section	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····				_
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013		
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.50	ft	
Section Size	42 inch		Rise	3.50	ft	
Number Sections	1					
Outlet Control Properties					, ,	
Outlet Control HW Elev.	286.04	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.72	ft	
Ке	0.50		Entrance Loss	0.86	ft	
Inlet Control Properties						
Inlet Control HW Elev.	286.42	ft	Flow Control	Submerged		
	e w/headwall	-	Area Full	9.6	ft²	
К	0.00980		HDS 5 Chart	1		
			HDS 5 Scale	1		
M	2.00000			1		
	2.00000 0.03980		Equation Form	1		

Culvert Calculator Report Line B

Culvert Summary						
Allowable HW Elevation	295.00	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.66	·	
Computed Headwater Elev	293.25	ft	Discharge	345.80	cfs	V 2117177
Inlet Control HW Elev.	293.25	ft	Tailwater Elevation	273.00	ft (in betwee	N X sec 3642.177 + 3351.9519
Outlet Control HW Elev.	292.68	ft	Control Type	Inlet Control		4 33 51.951
Grades					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	000.04	4	Deveration and lower d	070.00		
Upstream Invert	283.31		Downstream Invert	270.00		
Length	1,121.80	π	Constructed Slope	0.011865		
Hydraulic Profile						
Profile			Depth, Downstream	3.88	ft	
Slope Type	Steep		Normal Depth	3.88		
	Supercritical		Critical Depth	5.04		
Velocity Downstream	17.90	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.006388		
Section			<u></u>			
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013		
Section Material	Concrete		Span	6.00	ft	
Section Size	72 inch		Rise	6.00	ft	
Number Sections	1				<u> </u>	
Outlet Control Properties						
Outlet Control HW Elev.	292.68	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	2.89	ft	
Ke	0.50		Entrance Loss	1.44	ft	
Inlet Control Properties			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	293.25	ft	Flow Control	Submerged		
Inlet Type Square edge	w/headwall		Area Full	28.3	ft²	
К	0.00980		HDS 5 Chart	1		
Μ	2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	., 1		
С	0.03980		Equation Form	[′] 1		
Y	0.67000					

Culvert Calculator Report Line C (Basin 2)

Culvert Summary	1				_			
Allowable HW Elevation	275.00 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.61		_			
Computed Headwater Eleva	271.42 ft	Discharge	51.40	cfs				
Inlet Control HW Elev.	270.78 ft	Tailwater Elevation	270.78	ft -	W	HRC	Xsec	1630
Outlet Control HW Elev.	271.42 ft	Control Type	Outlet Control		•			
Grades					_			
Upstream Invert	265.00 ft	Downstream Invert	256.00	ft				
Length	196.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.045918					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_			
Hydraulic Profile	······				_			
	sureProfile	Depth, Downstream	14.78					
Slope Type	N/A	Normal Depth	1.11					
Flow Regime Velocity Downstream	N/A 4.09 ft/s	Critical Depth Critical Slope	2.15 0.004008					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			_			
Section	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······	<u></u>		_			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013					
				-				
Section Material	Concrete	Span	4.00	ft				
Section Material Section Size	Concrete 48 inch	Span Rise	4.00 4.00					
		•						
Section Size	48 inch	•			_			
Section Size Number Sections	48 inch	•		ft				
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties	48 inch 1	Rise	4.00	ft	_			
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev.	48 inch 1 271.42 ft	Rise Upstream Velocity Head	4.00	ft				
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke	48 inch 1 271.42 ft	Rise Upstream Velocity Head	4.00	ft				
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties Inlet Control HW Elev.	48 inch 1 271.42 ft 0.50 270.78 ft	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss	4.00 0.26 0.13	ft ft ft				
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties	48 inch 1 271.42 ft 0.50 270.78 ft	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss Flow Control	4.00 0.26 0.13 Unsubmerged	ft ft ft				
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties Inlet Control HW Elev. Inlet Type Square edge w	48 inch 1 271.42 ft 0.50 270.78 ft //headwall	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss Flow Control Area Full	4.00 0.26 0.13 Unsubmerged 12.6	ft ft ft				
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties Inlet Control HW Elev. Inlet Type Square edge w K	48 inch 1 271.42 ft 0.50 270.78 ft //headwall 0.00980	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss Flow Control Area Full HDS 5 Chart	4.00 0.26 0.13 Unsubmerged 12.6 1	ft ft ft				

Culvert Calculator Report Line D

Culvert Summary					_		
Allowable HW Elevation	272.00 ft	Headwater Depth/Heig	pht 1.22				
Computed Headwater Eleva	268.83 ft	Discharge	7.70	cfs	N HRC	Viec	988
Inlet Control HW Elev.	268.71 ft	Tailwater Elevation	267.96	ft TV	N HAC	172.0	
Outlet Control HW Elev.	268.83 ft	Control Type	Entrance Control				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Grades		· · · · ·	·		_		
Upstream Invert	267.00 ft	Downstream Invert	265.00	ft			
Length	26.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.076923	ft/ft			
		-			•		
Hydraulic Profile					_		
Profile CompositePressureF	rofileS1S2	Depth, Downstream	2.96	ft			
Slope Type	N/A	Normal Depth	0.53	ft			
Flow Regime	N/A	Critical Depth	1.08	ft			
Velocity Downstream	4.36 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.007214	ft/ft			
		······································			• •		
Section					-		
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013				
Section Material	Concrete	Span	1.50				
Section Size	18 inch	Rise	1.50	ft			
Number Sections	1				-		
Outlet Control Properties	<u> </u>				-		
Outlet Control HW Elev.	268.83 ft	Upstream Velocity Hea	ad 0.50	ft	-		
Ке	0.50	Entrance Loss	0.25	ft			
					-		
Inlet Control Properties	· · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · ·		•		
Inlet Control HW Elev.	268.71 ft	Flow Control	Transition				
Inlet Type Square edge	w/headwall	Area Full	1.8	ft²			
К	0.00980	HDS 5 Chart	1				
			1				
M	2.00000	HDS 5 Scale	1				
M C	2.00000 0.03980	Equation Form	1				

Culvert Calculator Report Line E (Basin 3)

Culvert Summary Allowable HW Elevation 273.00 ft Headwater Depth/Height 2.27 Computed Headwater Eleva 272.43 ft Discharge 228.30 cfs HRC XSec 988 TW Inlet Control HW Elev. 272.43 ft **Tailwater Elevation** 267.96 ft Outlet Control HW Elev. 271.81 ft Control Type Inlet Control Grades Upstream Invert 264.50 ft Downstream Invert 264.00 ft Length **Constructed Slope** 0.011421 ft/ft 43.78 ft Hydraulic Profile Profile PressureProfile Depth, Downstream 3.14 ft 3.12 ft Slope Type N/A Normal Depth N/A Critical Depth 3.21 ft Flow Regime Velocity Downstream 12.55 ft/s Critical Slope 0.011201 ft/ft Section Circular Mannings Coefficient 0.013 Section Shape Span 3.50 ft Section Material Concrete 3.50 ft Section Size 42 inch Rise Number Sections 2 **Outlet Control Properties** Outlet Control HW Elev. 271.81 ft Upstream Velocity Head 2.38 ft 1.09 ft 0.50 Entrance Loss Ke Inlet Control Properties Flow Control Submerged Inlet Control HW Elev. 272.43 ft Inlet Type Square edge w/headwall Area Full 19.2 ft² 0.00980 HDS 5 Chart 1 κ 2.00000 HDS 5 Scale 1 М С 0.03980 Equation Form 1 0.67000 Y

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Culvert Calculator Report Line F-1

Culvert Summary				
Allowable HW Elevation	282.00 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.81	•
Computed Headwater Eleva	268.14 ft	Discharge	135.55 cfs	
Inlet Control HW Elev.	268.14 ft	Tailwater Elevation	דער 263.32 ft	w from Line G
Outlet Control HW Elev.	267.57 ft	Control Type	Inlet Control	W from Line G (sump analysis)
Grades				•
		Devue atea area lavorat		
Upstream Invert	260.90 ft	Downstream Invert	258.00 ft	
Length	81.49 ft	Constructed Slope	0.035587 ft/ft	
Hydraulic Profile				
Profile CompositePressureF	ProfileS1S2	Depth, Downstream	2.35 ft	
Slope Type	N/A	Normal Depth	2.00 ft	
Flow Regime	N/A	Critical Depth	3.47 ft	
Velocity Downstream	17.69 ft/s	•	0.008158 ft/ft	
Section		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
	Concrete	Span	4.00 ft	
Section Material				
Section Size	48 inch	Rise	4.00 ft	
				•
Section Size	48 inch			•
Section Size Number Sections	48 inch			•
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties	48 inch 1	Rise	4.00 ft	•
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke	48 inch 1 267.57 ft	Rise Upstream Velocity Head	4.00 ft 2.13 ft	•
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties	48 inch 1 267.57 ft 0.50	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss	4.00 ft 2.13 ft 1.07 ft	• • •
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties Inlet Control HW Elev.	48 inch 1 267.57 ft 0.50 268.14 ft	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss Flow Control	4.00 ft 2.13 ft 1.07 ft Submerged	•
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties Inlet Control HW Elev. Inlet Type Square edge	48 inch 1 267.57 ft 0.50 268.14 ft w/headwall	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss Flow Control Area Full	4.00 ft 2.13 ft 1.07 ft Submerged 12.6 ft ²	•
Section Size Number Sections	48 inch 1 267.57 ft 0.50 268.14 ft w/headwall 0.00980	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss Flow Control Area Full HDS 5 Chart	4.00 ft 2.13 ft 1.07 ft Submerged 12.6 ft ² 1	•
Section Size Number Sections Outlet Control Properties Outlet Control HW Elev. Ke Inlet Control Properties Inlet Control HW Elev. Inlet Type Square edge	48 inch 1 267.57 ft 0.50 268.14 ft w/headwall	Rise Upstream Velocity Head Entrance Loss Flow Control Area Full	4.00 ft 2.13 ft 1.07 ft Submerged 12.6 ft ²	•

Culvert Calculator Report Line F (Basin 4)

Culvert Summary			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Allowable HW Elevation	282.00	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	2.21	
Computed Headwater Elev	ri 275.42	ft	Discharge	28.10	cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	275.42	ft	Tailwater Elevation	268.14	ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	274.86	ft	Control Type	Inlet Control	
Grades					
Upstream Invert	271.00	ft	Downstream Invert	268.00	ft
Length	28.00	ft	Constructed Slope	0.107143	ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile					
Profile	S2		Depth, Downstream	1.07	ft
Slope Type	Steep		Normal Depth	0.85	ft
Flow Regime	Supercritical		Critical Depth	1.83	ft
Velocity Downstream	16.43	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.013430	ft/ft
Section				_	
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
Section Material	Concrete		Span	2.00	ft
Section Size	24 inch		Rise	2.00	ft
Number Sections	1				
Outlet Control Properties					
Outlet Control HW Elev.	274.86	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.35	ft
Ке	0.50		Entrance Loss	0.68	ft
Inlet Control Properties				,	
Inlet Control HW Elev.	275.42	ft	Flow Control	Submerged	
	e w/headwall		Area Full	3.1	ft²
K	0.00980		HDS 5 Chart	1	
M	2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	1	
С	0.03980		Equation Form	1	
0	0.00000		Equation		

Culvert Calculator Report 72" Prop Q SR 76 (Discharge Pipe G)

Culvert Summary		/				·
Allowable HW Elevation	266.42	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.25		as as \$ 3000 f combined
Computed Headwater Eleva	263.32	ft	Discharge	159.20	cfs 🗕	- 5300 + 5 3000
Inlet Control HW Elev.	262.34	ft	Tailwater Elevation	262.34	ft 🔶	HEC HEC-RA
Outlet Control HW Elev.	263.32	ft	Control Type	Outlet Control		- S300P + S 3000P combined - STOON separate HRC HEC-RA - run@peak of ornsite flows X. Sec 472
Grades			<u> </u>			From PDC field shots
Upstream Invert	255.84	ft	Downstream Invert	256.49	ft	- POC field shots
Length	169.00	ft	Constructed Slope	-0.003846	ft/ft	(from)
Hydraulic Profile						
Profile CompositeA2Pre	ssureProfile		Depth, Downstream	5.85	ft	
Slope Type	Adverse		Normal Depth	0.00		
Flow Regime	Subcritical		Critical Depth	3.43	ft	
Velocity Downstream	5.67	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.003631	ft/ft	
Section						
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013		
Section Material	Concrete		Span	6.00	ft	
Section Size	72 inch		Rise	6.00	ft	
Number Sections	1					_
Outlet Control Properties			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u>. </u>
Outlet Control HW Elev.	263.32	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.49	ft	
Ке	0.50		Entrance Loss	0.25	ft	
Inlet Control Properties			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	262.34	ft	Flow Control	Unsubmerged	<u> </u>	_
Inlet Type Square edge			Area Full	28.3	ft²	
K	0.00980		HDS 5 Chart	1		
M	2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	1		
C	0.03980		Equation Form	1		
Ŷ	0.67000		•			

Culvert Calculator Report 72" Existing Q SR 76 (Discharge Pipe G)

Culvert Summary					
Allowable HW Elevation	266.42	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.23	
Computed Headwater Eleva	263.23	ft	Discharge	151.30	cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	262.34	ft	Tailwater Elevation	262.34	ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	263.23	ft	Control Type	Outlet Control	
Grades					
Upstream Invert	255.84	ft	Downstream Invert	256.49	ft
Length	169.00	ft	Constructed Slope	-0.003846	ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile					
Profile CompositeA2Pre	ssureProfile		Depth, Downstream	5.85	ft
Slope Type	Adverse		Normal Depth	0.00	ft
Flow Regime	Subcritical		Critical Depth	3.34	ft
Velocity Downstream	5.39	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.003570	ft/ft
Section	<u></u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
Section Material	Concrete		Span	6.00	ft
Section Size	72 inch		Rise	6.00	ft
Number Sections	1				
Outlet Control Properties	· · ·				
Outlet Control HW Elev.	263.23	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.44	ft
Ке	0.50		Entrance Loss	0.22	ft
Inlet Control Properties			•		
Inlet Control HW Elev.	262.34	ft	Flow Control	Unsubmerged	
Inlet Type Square edge	w/headwall		Area Full	28.3	ft²
K	0.00980		HDS 5 Chart	1	
Μ	2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	1	
С	0.03980		Equation Form	1	
Y	0.67000				

EXCERPT FROM HRC FLOOD STUDY (HECHMS HYDROGRAPH OF HRC)

$\begin{array}{c} 1 \cdot J_{an-D0} & 5:00 & 0.02 & 0.01 & 0.01 & 452.9 & 0 & 452.9 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-D0} & 8:0 & 0.02 & 0.01 & 0.01 & 490.1 & 0 & 490.1 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 8:20 & 0.02 & 0.01 & 0.01 & 506.8 & 0 & 509.8 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 8:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 527.6 & 0 & 527.6 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 8:50 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 567. & 0 & 585. \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 8:20 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 565.7 & 0 & 585. \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 9:20 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 565.7 & 0 & 585. \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 9:20 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 565.8 & 0 & 585. \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 9:20 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 664.7 & 0 & 664.7 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 9:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 664.7 & 0 & 664.7 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 9:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 664.3 & 0 & 664.3 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 9:50 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 772.8 & 0 & 772.8 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 10:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 772.8 & 0 & 772.8 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 10:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 772.8 & 0 & 772.8 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 10:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 772.8 & 0 & 772.8 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 10:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 774.9 & 0 & 794.9 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 11:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 874.4 & 0 & 887.4 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 11:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 874.4 & 0 & 893.8 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 11:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 & 875.2 & 0 & 975.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 11:30 & 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 919.5 & 0 & 914.5 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 11:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1095.2 & 0 & 1975.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 12:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1196.6 & 0 & 1094.6 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 12:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1196.6 & 0 & 1095.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 12:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1196.6 & 0 & 1095.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 12:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1195.6 & 0 & 1137.6 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 13:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1196.6 & 0 & 1095.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 13:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1196.6 & 0 & 1095.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 13:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1196.6 & 0 & 1095.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 13:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.03 & 1196.6 & 0 & 1196.6 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 13:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.06 & 178.8 & 0 & 1395.7 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 13:30 & 0.04 & 0.01 & 0.06 & 178.8 & 0 & 1395.2 \\ 1 \cdot J_{an-00} & 13:30 $					-				-
i-Jan-00 8:70 0.02 0.01 471.5 0 471.5 i-Jan-00 8:20 0.02 0.01 490.1 0 490.1 i-Jan-00 8:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 527.6 0 527.6 i-Jan-00 8:60 0.03 0.01 0.02 586.6 0 546.6 i-Jan-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 586.7 0 565.7 i-Jan-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 i-Jan-00 9:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 i-Jan-00 9:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 776.3 0 772.7 i-Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 772.7 0 772 i-Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 784.9 0 748.6 i-Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01	1-Jan-00	8:00	0.02	0.01	0.01	452.9	0	452.9	
1.Jar-00 830 0.03 0.01 508.8 0 508.8 1.Jar-00 8:40 0.03 0.01 0.02 527.6 0 527.6 1.Jar-00 8:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 586.6 0 565.7 1.Jar-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 586.7 0 565.7 1.Jar-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 586.7 0 565.7 1.Jar-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 1.Jar-00 9:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 1.Jar-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 776.3 0 727.8 1.Jar-00 10:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 772.8 0 772.7 1.Jar-00 10:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 784.9 0 774.9 1.Jar-00 11:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 975.2 0 975.2 1.Jar-00 11:30	1-Jan-00	8:10	0.02	0.01	0.01	471.5	0	471.5	
i_an-00 840 0.03 0.01 0.02 527.6 0 527.6 i_jan-00 8:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 566.6 0 566.7 i_jan-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 565.7 0 565.7 i_jan-00 9:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.5 0 664.5 i_jan-00 9:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 644.3 0 644.3 i_jan-00 9:40 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 i_jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 776.3 0 772.8 i_jan-00 10:03 0.01 0.02 774.9 0 772.4 i_jan-00 10:03 0.01 0.02 749.6 9 749.6 i_jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 867.4 i_jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01	1-Jan-00	8:20	0.02	0.01	0.01	490.1	0	490.1	
i Jan-00 8:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 546.6 0 546.6 i Jan-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 565.7 0 565.7 i Jan-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 565.7 0 565.7 i Jan-00 9:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 604.5 0 604.5 i Jan-00 9:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 i Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 i Jan-00 10:02 0.03 0.01 0.02 772.8 0 772.8 i Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 784.9 0 794.9 i Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 842.6 0 842.6 i Jan-00 11:30 0.03 0.01 0.03 975.2 0 975.2 i Jan-00 12:00	1-Jan-00	8:30	0.03	0.01	0.01	508.8	0	508.8	
i.Jan-00 9:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 665.7 0 565.7 i.Jan-00 9:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 585 0 585 i.Jan-00 9:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 604.6 0 604.3 i.Jan-00 9:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.3 i.Jan-00 9:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 685.3 0 668.3 i.Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 772.8 0 727.8 i.Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 774.9 0 774.9 i.Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 784.9 0 774.9 i.Jan-00 11:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 887.4 0 887.4 i.Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 887.4 0 867.4 i.Jan-00 11:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1995.0 919.5 i.Jan-00 11	1-Jan-00	8:40	0.03	0.01	0.02	527.6	0	527.6	
T-Jan-00 9:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 585 0 585 T-Jan-00 9:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 604.5 0 624.3 T-Jan-00 9:40 0.03 0.01 0.02 644.3 0 644.3 T-Jan-00 9:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 T-Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 665.3 0 685.3 T-Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 727.8 0 772.8 T-Jan-00 10:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 772.0 7772 T-Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 784.9 0 794.9 T-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 867.4 T-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.03 993.0 803 T-Jan-00 11:40 0.03 0.01	1-Jan-00	8:50	0.03	0.01	0.02	546.6	0	546.6	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	9:00	0.03	0.01	0.02	565.7	0	565.7	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	9:10	0.03	0.01	0.02	585	0	585	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	9:20	0.03	0.01	0.02	604.5	0	604.5	
1-Jan-00 9:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 664.7 0 664.7 1-Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 685.3 0 668.7 1-Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 776.3 0 772.8 1-Jan-00 10:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 772.8 0 772.9 1-Jan-00 10:40 0.03 0.01 0.02 774.9 0 774.9 1-Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 842.6 0 842.6 1-Jan-00 11:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 867.4 1-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.03 919.5 919.5 919.5 1-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.03 1044.8 0 1044.3 1-Jan-00 12:00 0.04 0.01 0.03 1044.4 0 1044.3 1-Jan-00 12:00 0.04 0.01 0.03 1044.6 1044.6 1044.4 1044.4	1-Jan-00	9:30	0.03	0.01	0.02	624.3	0	624.3	
1-Jan-00 10:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 686.3 0 685.3 1-Jan-00 10:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 776.3 0 776.3 1-Jan-00 10:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 777.8 0 777.8 1-Jan-00 10:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 777.2 0 772 1-Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 784.9 0 794.9 1-Jan-00 11:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 842.6 1-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 867.4 1-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.03 919.5 919.5 919.5 1-Jan-00 11:50 0.04 0.01 0.03 1034.3 0 1034.3 1-Jan-00 12:10 0.04 0.01 0.03 1034.3 1034.3 1-Jan-00 12:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1085.2 0 1095.2 1-Jan-00 </td <td>1-Jan-00</td> <td>9:40</td> <td>0.03</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>0.02</td> <td>644.3</td> <td>0</td> <td>644.3</td> <td></td>	1-Jan-00	9:40	0.03	0.01	0.02	644.3	0	644.3	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	9:50	0.03	0.01	0.02	664.7			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	10:00	0.03	0.01	0.02				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	10:10	0.03	0.01	0.02	706.3		706.3	
1-Jan-00 10:40 0.03 0.01 0.02 772 0 772 1-Jan-00 10:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 784.9 0 794.9 1-Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 818.4 0 818.4 1-Jan-00 11:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 842.6 1-Jan-00 11:30 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 867.4 1-Jan-00 11:30 0.03 0.01 0.03 893 0 893 1-Jan-00 11:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 975.2 0 975.2 1-Jan-00 12:00 0.04 0.01 0.03 1034.3 0 1034.3 1-Jan-00 12:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1084.6 0 1095.2 1-Jan-00 12:30 0.04 0.01 0.03 1126 1190.6 1-Jan-00 13:00 0.04 0.01 0.03 1303.2 1303.2 1-Jan-00 13:00	1-Jan-00	10:20	0.03	0.01	0.02	727.8		727.8	
1-Jan-00 10:50 0.03 0.01 0.02 794.9 0 794.9 1-Jan-00 11:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 818.4 0 818.4 1-Jan-00 11:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 867.4 1-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 863 1-Jan-00 11:30 0.03 0.01 0.03 919.5 9 919.5 1-Jan-00 11:50 0.04 0.01 0.03 946.8 0 946.8 1-Jan-00 12:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1004.4 1004.4 1-Jan-00 12:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1084.6 0 1084.6 1-Jan-00 12:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1085.2 0 1095.2 1-Jan-00 12:30 0.04 0.01 0.03 1126 1126 1-Jan-00 13:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1132.6 1130.6 1-Jan-00 13:20 0.0	1-Jan-00	10:30	0.03	0.01	0.02		0		
1-Jan-00 11:00 0.03 0.01 0.02 818.4 0 818.4 1-Jan-00 11:10 0.03 0.01 0.02 842.6 0 842.6 1-Jan-00 11:20 0.03 0.01 0.02 867.4 0 867.4 1-Jan-00 11:30 0.03 0.01 0.03 919.5 0 919.5 1-Jan-00 11:50 0.04 0.01 0.03 975.2 0 975.2 1-Jan-00 12:00 0.04 0.01 0.03 1084.6 0 946.8 1-Jan-00 12:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1084.6 1004.6 1-Jan-00 12:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1095.2 0 1095.2 1-Jan-00 12:40 0.04 0.01 0.03 1192.6 1126.6 1-Jan-00 13:20 0.04 0.01 0.03 1192.6 1126.6 1-Jan-00 13:20 0.04 0.01 0.04 1282.8 0 1225.4 1-Jan-00 13:40	1-Jan-00	10:40	0.03	0.01	0.02	772	0	772	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	10:50	0.03	0.01	0.02	794.9	0		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	11:00	0.03	0.01	0.02	818.4	0	818.4	
1-Jan-0011:300.030.010.0389308931-Jan-0011:400.030.010.03919.50919.51-Jan-0011:500.040.010.03975.20975.21-Jan-0012:000.040.010.031004.401004.41-Jan-0012:200.040.010.031034.301034.31-Jan-0012:200.040.010.031095.201095.21-Jan-0012:300.040.010.031095.201095.21-Jan-0012:500.040.010.031157.601157.61-Jan-0013:000.040.010.031190.601190.61-Jan-0013:000.040.010.041225.401225.41-Jan-0013:300.050.010.041303.201303.21-Jan-0013:400.050.010.041395.21395.21-Jan-0014:000.050.010.061578.801578.81-Jan-0014:200.060.010.051509.401509.41-Jan-0014:300.070.010.061578.801578.81-Jan-0014:300.070.010.081972.401972.41-Jan-0015:000.080.010.071855.701855.71-Jan-0015:00 <td>1-Jan-00</td> <td>11:10</td> <td>0.03</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>0.02</td> <td>842.6</td> <td>0</td> <td>842.6</td> <td></td>	1-Jan-00	11:10	0.03	0.01	0.02	842.6	0	842.6	
1-Jan-0011:400.030.010.03919.50919.51-Jan-0011:500.040.010.03946.80946.81-Jan-0012:000.040.010.031004.401004.41-Jan-0012:100.040.010.031034.301034.31-Jan-0012:200.040.010.031084.601064.61-Jan-0012:300.040.010.031082.01095.21-Jan-0012:400.040.010.031126011261-Jan-0013:000.040.010.031157.601157.61-Jan-0013:000.040.010.031190.601190.61-Jan-0013:000.040.010.041262.801282.81-Jan-0013:300.050.010.041303.201303.21-Jan-0013:500.050.010.041395.201395.21-Jan-0014:000.060.010.051509.401509.41-Jan-0014:300.070.010.061659.101659.11-Jan-0014:300.070.010.081972.401972.41-Jan-0015:000.080.010.081972.401972.41-Jan-0015:000.090.010.081972.401972.41-Jan-0015:00 </td <td>1-Jan-00</td> <td>11:20</td> <td>0.03</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>0.02</td> <td>867.4</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td>	1-Jan-00	11:20	0.03	0.01	0.02	867.4	0		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	11:30	0.03	0.01	0.03	893	0		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	11:40	0.03	0.01	0.03	919.5	0	919.5	
1-Jan-0012:100.040.010.031004.401004.41-Jan-0012:200.040.010.031034.301034.31-Jan-0012:300.040.010.031064.601064.61-Jan-0012:400.040.010.031052.201095.21-Jan-0013:000.040.010.031126011261-Jan-0013:000.040.010.031190.601190.61-Jan-0013:200.040.010.041225.401225.41-Jan-0013:300.050.010.041303.201303.21-Jan-0013:500.050.010.041395.201395.21-Jan-0014:000.050.010.041395.201395.21-Jan-0014:100.060.010.051509.401509.41-Jan-0014:200.060.010.061751.501751.51-Jan-0014:400.070.010.061659.101659.11-Jan-0015:000.080.010.082103.502258.91-Jan-0015:000.080.010.082103.502258.91-Jan-0015:000.070.010.082103.502258.91-Jan-0015:000.070.010.082103.502258.91-Jan-00 </td <td>1-Jan-00</td> <td>11:50</td> <td>0.04</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>0.03</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td>	1-Jan-00	11:50	0.04	0.01	0.03		0		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	12:00	0.04	0.01	0.03	975.2	0	975.2	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	12:10	0.04	0.01	0.03	1004.4	0	1004.4	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	12:20	0.04	0.01	0.03	1034.3	0	1034.3	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	12:30	0.04	0.01	0.03		0		
1-Jan-0013:000.040.010.031157.601157.61-Jan-0013:100.040.010.031190.601190.61-Jan-0013:200.040.010.041225.401225.41-Jan-0013:300.050.010.041303.201303.21-Jan-0013:400.050.010.041303.201303.21-Jan-0013:500.050.010.041395.201395.21-Jan-0014:000.050.010.041395.201395.21-Jan-0014:200.060.010.051509.401509.41-Jan-0014:300.070.010.061578.801578.81-Jan-0014:400.070.010.061751.501751.51-Jan-0014:500.070.010.061751.501751.51-Jan-0015:000.080.010.081972.401972.41-Jan-0015:200.090.010.082103.502258.91-Jan-0015:500.170.020.182693.102693.11-Jan-0016:000.240.020.223016.703016.7peak of onside flowS1-Jan-0016:000.870.060.813593.40(3593.4)peak of onside flowS1-Jan-0016:200.170.010.16 <td>1-Jan-00</td> <td>12:40</td> <td>0.04</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>0.03</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1-Jan-00	12:40	0.04	0.01	0.03				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	12:50	0.04	0.01	0.03	1126	0	1126	
1-Jan-0013:200.040.010.041225.401225.41-Jan-0013:300.050.010.041262.801262.81-Jan-0013:400.050.010.041303.201303.21-Jan-0013:500.050.010.041347.101347.11-Jan-0014:000.050.010.041395.201395.21-Jan-0014:100.060.010.051509.401509.41-Jan-0014:200.060.010.051509.401578.81-Jan-0014:300.070.010.061659.101659.11-Jan-0014:500.070.010.061751.501751.51-Jan-0014:500.070.010.081972.401972.41-Jan-0015:000.080.010.082103.502103.51-Jan-0015:000.140.020.122258.902258.91-Jan-0015:500.170.020.162693.102693.11-Jan-0016:000.240.020.223016.703016.71-Jan-0016:100.870.060.813593.403593.4peak of onsite flows1-Jan-0016:100.170.010.164403.204403.204403.2	1-Jan-00	13:00	0.04	0.01		1157.6			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	13:10	0.04	0.01	0.03	1190.6	0		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1-Jan-00	13:20	0.04	0.01	0.04	1225.4			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	13:30	0.05	0.01	0.04	1262.8	0	1262.8	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	13:40			0.04	1303.2			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	13:50	0.05	0.01	0.04	1347.1			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	14:00	0.05	0.01	0.04	1395.2	0	1395.2	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	14:10	0.06	0.01	0.05	1448.7	0		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	14:20	0.06	0.01	0.05	1509.4	0		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	14:30	0.07	0.01					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	14:40	0.07	0.01					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	14:50	0.07	0.01					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	15:00	0.08	0.01					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	15:10	0.09	0.01	0.08				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	15:20	0.09						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	15:30							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-Jan-00	15:40							
1-Jan-00 16:10 0.87 0.06 0.81 3593.4 0 3593.4 C Q in HKC C 1-Jan-00 16:20 0.17 0.01 0.16 4403.2 0 4403.2 peak of onsite flows	1-Jan-00	15:50	0.17	0.02					
1-Jan-0016:100.870.060.813593.40 (3593.4) \leftarrow (μ in FINC1-Jan-0016:200.170.010.164403.204403.2peak of onsite flows1-Jan-0016:300.10.010.15400.805400.8	1-Jan-00	16:00				the second s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		LA LARCE
1-Jan-00 16:20 0.17 0.01 0.16 4403.2 0 4403.2 peak of ansite the 1-Jan-00 16:30 0.1 0.01 0.1 5400.8 0 5400.8	1-Jan-00	16:10) + Win Hive flows
1-Jan-00 16:30 0.1 0.01 0.1 5400.8 0 5400.8	1-Jan-00	16:20	0.17	0.01					peak of onside the
	1-Jan-00	16:30	0.1	0.01	0.1	5400.8	0	5400.8	· -

Peak of Systems 300P + 3000P occurs at t= 966 min = 16=10

P:\3631\ENGR\REPORTS\DRAIN\HYDRO\REGIONAL\results.xls

Culvert Calculator Report Line H

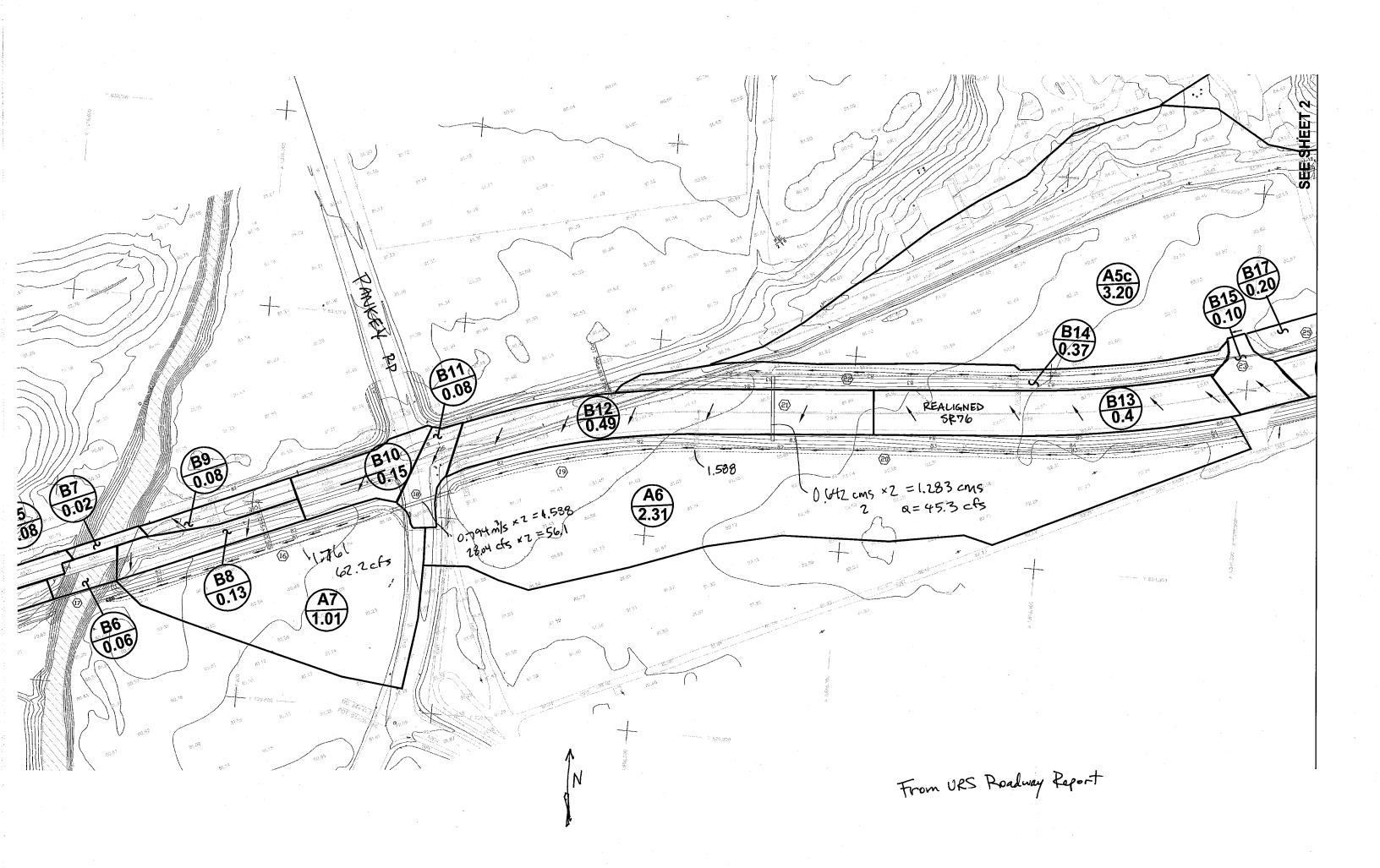
Culvert Summary		<u></u>			-			
Allowable HW Elevation	265.69 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	5.31		-			
Computed Headwater Eleva	267.77 ft	Discharge	11.50	cfs			Vaia	472
Inlet Control HW Elev.	265.57 ft	Tailwater Elevation	265.57	ft 🗢	TW	HRC	x sec	472
Outlet Control HW Elev.	267.77 ft	Control Type	Outlet Control	-				
Grades	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-			
Upstream Invert	259.80 ft	Downstream Invert	258.80	ft	-			
Length	100.89 ft	Constructed Slope	0.009912	ft/ft				
Hydraulic Profile					-			
Profile Press	sureProfile	Depth, Downstream	6.77	ft	-			
Slope Type	N/A	Normal Depth	N/A					
Flow Regime	N/A	Critical Depth	1.29	ft				
Velocity Downstream	6.51 ft/	's Critical Slope	0.011064	ft/ft	_			
Section					-			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013					
Section Material	Concrete	Span	1.50	ft				
Section Size	18 inch	Rise	1.50	ft				
Number Sections	1				-			
Outlet Control Properties					-			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	267.77 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.66	ft				
Ке	0.50	Entrance Loss	0.33	ft				
Inlet Control Properties					-			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	265.57 ft	Flow Control	Submerged		-			
Inlet Type Square edge v	v/headwall	Area Full	1.8	ft²				
К	0.00980	HDS 5 Chart	. 1					
Μ	2.00000	HDS 5 Scale	1					
С	0.03980	Equation Form	1					
Y	0.67000							

Culvert Calculator Report Line H-1

Culvert Summary								
Allowable HW Elevation	267.88	ft .	Headwater Depth/Height	1.73				Palue Root
Computed Headwater Eleva	266.77	ft	Discharge	56.10	cfs	- from	URS	Roadway Report
Inlet Control HW Elev.	265.57	ft	Tailwater Elevation	265.57	ft			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	266.77	ft	Control Type	Outlet Control				
Grades		-						
Upstream Invert	261.57	ft	Downstream Invert	258.73	ft			
Length	469.00	ft .	Constructed Slope	0.006055	ft/ft			
Hydraulic Profile						_		
	sureProfile		Depth, Downstream	6.84	ft			
Slope Type	N/A		Normal Depth	1.57				
Flow Regime	N/A		Critical Depth	1.71				
Velocity Downstream	3.97	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.004570	ft/ft			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Section								
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013				
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.00				
Section Size	36 inch		Rise	3.00	ft			
Number Sections	2							
Outlet Control Properties								
Outlet Control HW Elev.	266.77	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.24	ft			
Ке	0.50		Entrance Loss	0.12	ft			
Inlet Control Properties				· · · ·				
Inlet Control HW Elev.	265.57	ft	Flow Control	Unsubmerged				
Inlet Type Square edge			Area Full	14.1				
K	0.00980		HDS 5 Chart	1				
M	2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	1				
C	0.03980		Equation Form	1				

Culvert Calculator Report Line H-1-Option 1

Culvert Summary									
Allowable HW Elevation	267.88	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.99		-		Danduran	Report
Computed Headwater Eleva	267.55	ft	Discharge	56.10	cfs 🦟	from	0102	Roadway	
Inlet Control HW Elev.	265.57	ft	Tailwater Elevation	265.57	ft				
Outlet Control HW Elev.	267.55	ft	Control Type	Outlet Control					
Grades						-			
	004 57								
Upstream Invert Length	261.57 911.54		Downstream Invert Constructed Slope	256.50 0.005562					
Hydraulic Profile					···· · · ·	-			
	sureProfile		Depth, Downstream	9.07	ft	-			
Slope Type	N/A		Normal Depth	1.61					
Flow Regime	N/A		Critical Depth	1.71					
Velocity Downstream	3.97	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.004570					
Section				<u></u>	· ·	-			
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	·	-			
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.00	ft				
Section Size	36 inch		Rise	3.00	ft				
Number Sections	2		, · · ·			-			
Outlet Control Properties						-			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	267.55	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.24	ft				
Ке	0.50		Entrance Loss	0.12	ft				
Inlet Control Properties						-			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	265.57	ft	Flow Control	Unsubmerged					
Inlet Type Square edge	w/headwall		Area Full	14.1					
initerijpo oqualo bago			HDS 5 Chart	1					
K	0.00980		TIDO 5 ONAIL						
	0.00980 2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	1					
к				1 1					



Culvert Calculator Report Line I-Option 1

Culvert Summary					
Allowable HW Elevation	262.00	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.90	
Computed Headwater Elev			Discharge	54.40	cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	260.32		Tailwater Elevation	259.16	
Outlet Control HW Elev.	261.71	-	Control Type	Outlet Control	
					_
Grades		·- ·			
Upstream Invert	256.00	ft	Downstream Invert	250.00	ft
Length	176.10	ft	Constructed Slope	0.034072	ft/ft
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
Hydraulic Profile					
Profile Pre	essureProfile		Depth, Downstream	9.16	ft
Slope Type	N/A		Normal Depth	1.40	ft
Flow Regime	N/A		Critical Depth	2.40	ft
Velocity Downstream	7.70	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.006992	ft/ft
Section					
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.00	ft
Section Size	36 inch		Rise	3.00	ft
Number Sections	1		···		
Outlet Control Properties	<u> </u>		·····		
Outlet Control HW Elev.	261.71	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.92	ft
Ке	0.50		Entrance Loss	0.46	ft
Inlet Control Properties			·····		
Inlet Control HW Elev.	260.32	#	Flow Control	Submoraed	
	200.32 e w/headwall	n	Area Full	Submerged 7.1	fi2
K	0.00980		HDS 5 Chart	1.1	11-
n M	2.00000		HDS 5 Chart HDS 5 Scale	1	
C	0.03980		Equation Form	1	
Y	0.67000			I	
	0.07000				

APPENDIX 11

Excerpts from Pala Mesa Specific Plan

TEXT

PALA MESA

PRIVATE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

PREPARED

FOR

H/D DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

BY

ALVIN W. RAY A.I.A. PLANNING & ARCHITECTURE 3368 SECOND AVENUE SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92103 299-1674

29 AUGUST 1973 (REVISED 15 FEBRUARY 1974)

CHAPTER V

RESIDENTIAL DENSITIES AND HOUSING TYPES, LODGE FACIL-ITIES AND COMMERCIAL USES PROPOSED FOR EACH AREA

Design Character.

The design of the dwelling units, lodge units and recreational facilities will reflect the open space of the golf course and the existing character of the site and will incorporate minimum width private roads and extensive pedestrian circulation within each area as well as between the residential and lodge sites and the major recreational facilities. With the development's strong resort orientation emphasis will be placed upon creating a relaxed atmosphere. Buildings will be designed to harmonize with their natural surroundings by the use of natural materials and colors, roof lines, detailing and so on. The scale and design of buildings in the two commercial areas will be integrated with the resort and residential character of the entire PDP. There will be extensive landscaping throughout the site.

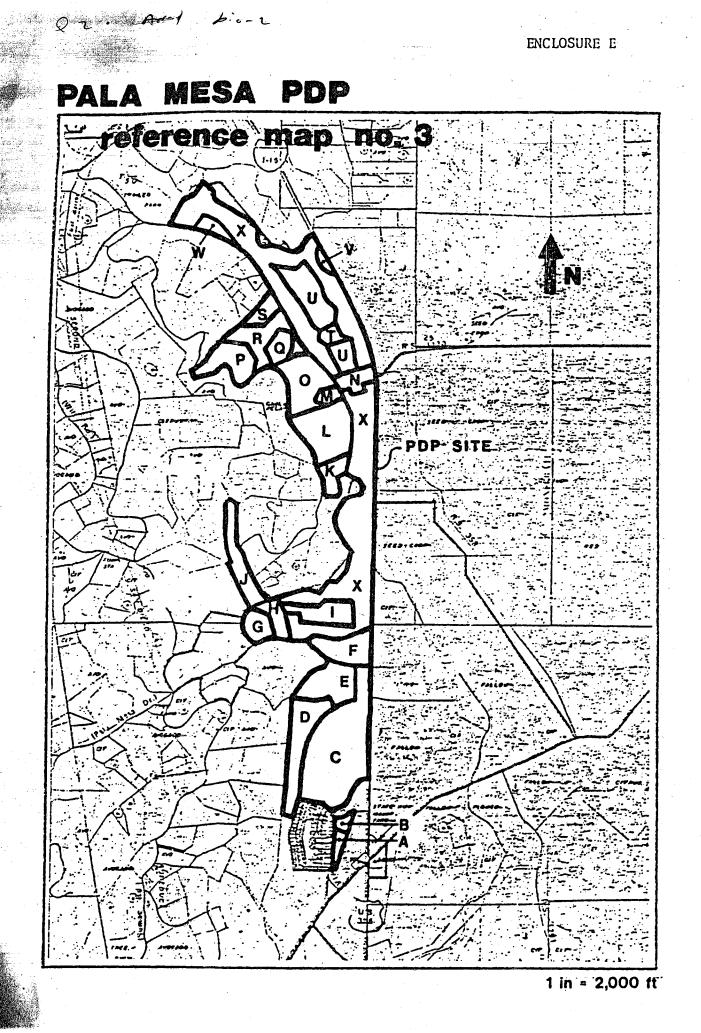
Residential Densities and Housing Types:

Area	Density	Housing Type
Area C 52.00 acres 260 d.u.	5.0 du/acre	Design: PRD, attached in clusters, possibly some detached No. bedrooms: majority 2 bdrm. Height: 2 story maximum Parking: per County requirements
Area E 17.50 acres 43 d.u.	2.5 du/acre	Design: PRD, attached in clusters No. bedrooms: 2 and 3 bedrooms Height: 2 story maximum Parking: per County requirements

- 22 -

Area	Density	Housing Type
Areas F, H, I 27.50 acres 165 d.u.	6.0 du/acre	Design: PRD, attached in clusters No. bedrooms: majority 2 bdrm. Height: 2 story maximum Parking: per County requirements
Area G 8.5 acres 9 d.u.	1.0 du/acre	Note: This area and Areas F, I and H will be combined under one Special Use Permit.
		Design: PRD, attached or detached No. bedrooms: majority 3 bdrm. Height: 2 story maximum Parking: 2 per dwelling unit
Area U 26 acres 186 d.u.	7.2 du/acre	Design: PRD, attached in clusters No. bedrooms: majority 2 bdrm. Height: 2 story maximum Parking: per County requirements and one golf cart space per unit
Area W 5.2 acres 28 d.u.	5.4 du/acre	Design: PRD, attached in clusters No. bedrooms: majority 2 & 3 bedrooms. Height: 2 story maximum Parking: per County requirements
Areas D, J', K, P, Q, S 79.40 acres 18 d.u.	1.0 du/ 4.4 acre	Detached single-family residences

- 23 -



TABULATION

Area	Approx. Acreage	Proposed Use	Existing Zone	Proposed Zone	Number of Dwelling and Lodge Units
A	2.50	Public Services	C	C	
В	2.50	Neighborhood Commercial	C	C	
С	52.00	Residential	R-1-A A-1-(1)	PRD (5)	260 d.u.
D	17.50	Residential Estates	A-1-(1)	A-1-(4)	3 d.u.
Е	17.50	Residential	A-1-(1)	PRD (3)	43
F	9.75	Residential	R-1-A	PRD (6)	60
G	8.50	Residential	R-1-A	PRD (1)	9
H	5.25	Residential	R-1-A	PRD (6)	30
I	12.50	Residential	R-1-A	PRD (6)	75
J	11.00	Open Space and Reservoir Sites	A-1-(1)	Open Space Easement	
J	33.00	Residential Estates	A-1-(1)	A-1-(4)	8
К	5.75	Residential Estates	A-1-(1)	A-1-(4)	1
L	21.00	Lodge	A-1-(1) E-1-A	A-1-(1)	(50 Lodge Suites)
М	2.00	Recreation/Spa	A-1-(1)	A-1-(1)	
Ν	6.00	Recreation - Clubhouse and Miscellaneous Facilities	E-1-A	E-1-A	
0	28.00	Lodge	A-1-(1)	A-1-(1)	(83 Exist.Rms.) (25 Lodge Suites)

TABULATION (Cont'd.)

P12.25Residential EstatesA-1-(1)A-1-(4)2Q6.40Residential EstatesA-1-(1)A-1-(1)2R13.90LodgeA-1-(1)A-1-(1)(25Lodge Suites)S2.00Residential EstatesA-1-(1)A-1-(1)2T4.00Recreation - TennisE-1-AE-1-AU26.00Residential Hwy. Serv.E-1-AFRD (8)186V1.50Commercial Hwy. Serv.E-1-AC1.00Mtce. Facil- ityE-1-ACW5.20ResidentialE-1-APRD (6)28X114.00Open Space - Golf CourseOpen Space E-1-AOpen Space Easement	<u>Area</u>	Approx. <u>Acreage</u>	Proposed Use	Existing Zone	Proposed Zone	Number of Dwelling and Lodge Units
Estates $A-1-(1)$ $A-1-(1)$ 2 R13.90Lodge $A-1-(1)$ $A-1-(1)$ 2 S2.00Residential Estates $A-1-(1)$ $A-1-(1)$ 2 T4.00Recreation - Tennis $E-1-A$ $E-1-A$ $$ U26.00Residential $E-1-A$ $E-1-A$ $$ U26.00Residential $E-1-A$ PRD (8)186V1.50Commercial Hwy. Serv. $E-1-A$ C $$ 1.00Mtce. Facil- ity $E-1-A$ C $$ W5.20Residential $E-1-A$ PRD (6)28X114.00Open Space - Open SpaceOpen Space $Open Space$	Р	12.25		A-1-(1)	A-1-(4)	2
S 2.00 Residential Estates A-1-(1) A-1-(1) (25 Lodge Suites S 2.00 Residential T 4.00 Recreation- Tennis E-1-A E-1-A U 26.00 Residential E-1-A PRD (8) 186 V 1.50 Commercial Hwy. Serv. E-1-A C 1.00 Mtce. Facil- ity E-1-A C W 5.20 Residential E-1-A PRD (6) 28 X 114.00 Open Space - Open Space	Q	6.40		A-1-(1)	A-1-(1)	2.
TA.OORecreation - TennisA-1-(1)A-1-(1)2T4.00Recreation - TennisE-1-AE-1-AU26.00ResidentialE-1-APRD (8)186V1.50Commercial Hwy. Serv.E-1-AC1.00Mtce. Facil- ityE-1-ACW5.20ResidentialE-1-APRD (6)28X114.00Open Space - Open SpaceOpen SpaceOpen Space	R	13.90	Lodge	A-1-(1)	A-1-(1)	(25 Lodge Suites
Tennis $E-1-A$ $E-1-A$ $E-1-A$ $$ U26.00Residential $E-1-A$ PRD (8)186V1.50Commercial Hwy. Serv. $E-1-A$ C $$ 1.00Mtce. Facil- ity $E-1-A$ C $$ W5.20Residential $E-1-A$ PRD (6)28X114.00Open Space -Open SpaceOpen Space	S	2.00		A-1-(1)	A-1-(1)	2
V1.50Commercial Hwy. Serv.E-1-APRD (8)186V1.50Commercial Hwy. Serv.E-1-AC1.00Mtce. Facil- ityE-1-ACW5.20ResidentialE-1-APRD (6)28X114.00Open Space -Open SpaceOpen Space	Т	4.00		E-1-A	E-1-A	
V1.50Commercial Hwy. Serv.E-1-AC1.00Mtce. Facil- ityE-1-ACW5.20ResidentialE-1-APRD (6)28X114.00Open Space -Open Space	U	26.00	Residential	E-1-A	PRD (8)	186
ity $E-1-A$ C W 5.20 Residential $E-1-A$ PRD (6) 28 X 114.00 Open Space - Open Space	V		Hwy. Serv.	E-1-A	C	
X114.00Open SpaceOpen Space				E-1-A	C	
X 114.00 Open Space - Open Space	W	5.20	Residential	E-1-A	PRD (6)	28
		114.00	Open Space - Golf Course	E-1-A	Open Spa ce Easement	tr is tag and

Totals

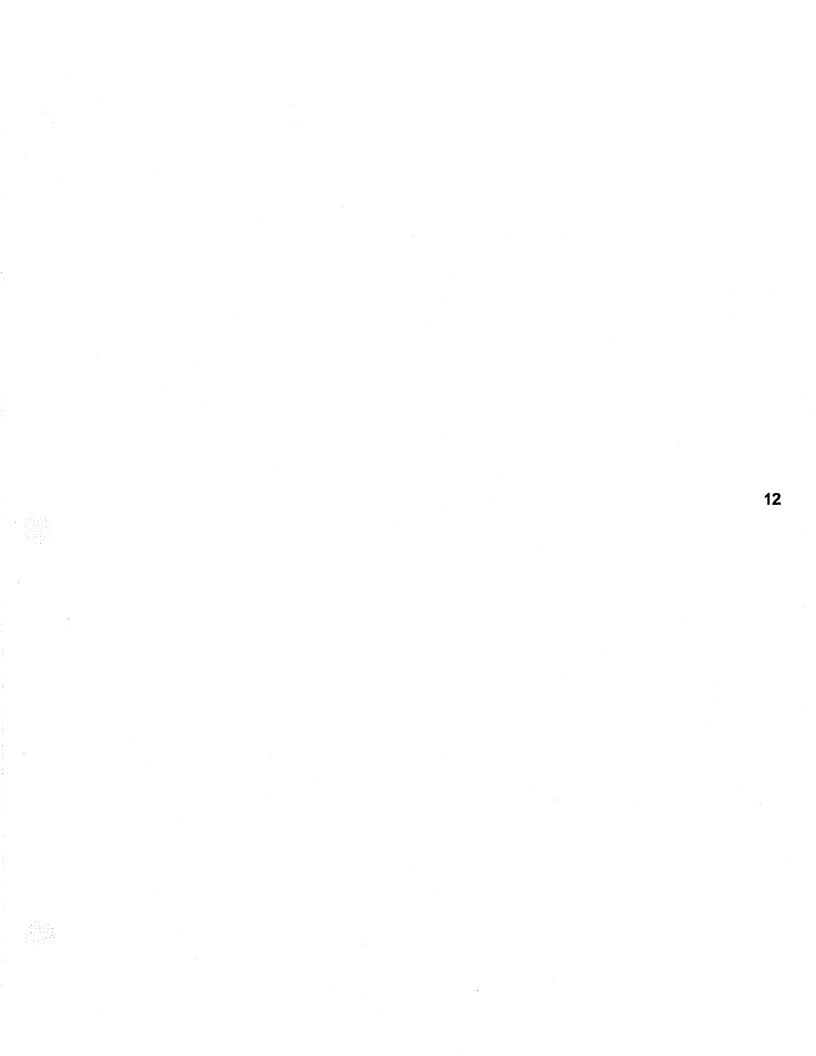
421.00 Acres

709 d.u. (1.98 du/ac 100 Lodge Suite 83 Exist. Room

SUMMARY OF PROPOSED LAND USES:

PRD	136.70 Acres 691 d.u.'s
Residential Estates	76.90 Acres 18 d.u.'s
Lodge Suites	62.90 Acres 83 Existing Rooms
Open Space &	276-5 +100 New Suites
Recreation	137.00 Acres
Commercial	7.50 Acres
Total	421.00

- 10 -



APPENDIX 12

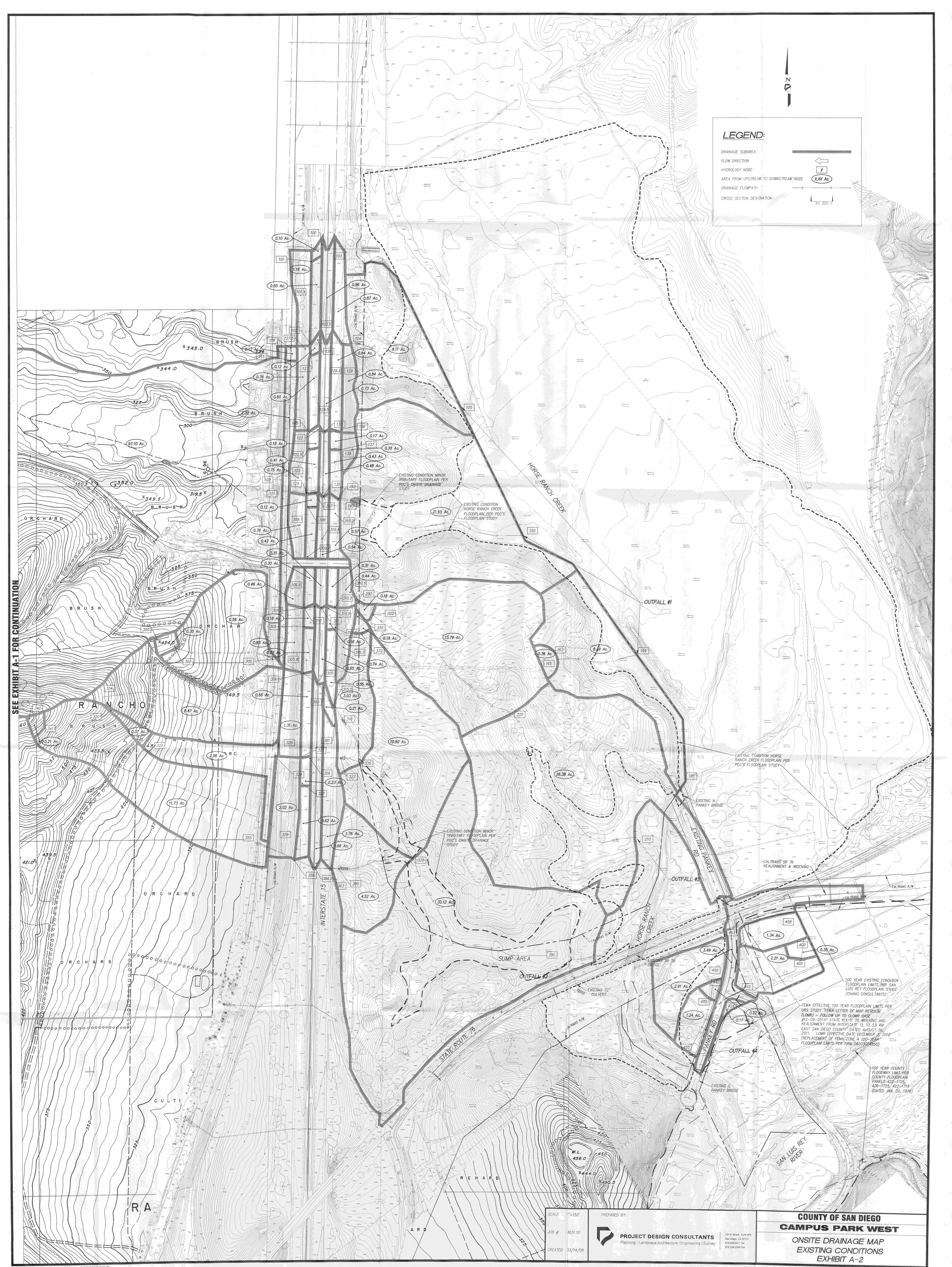
Electronic Copies of URS Roadway & Hydraulic Studies (For Reference)

APPENDIX 13

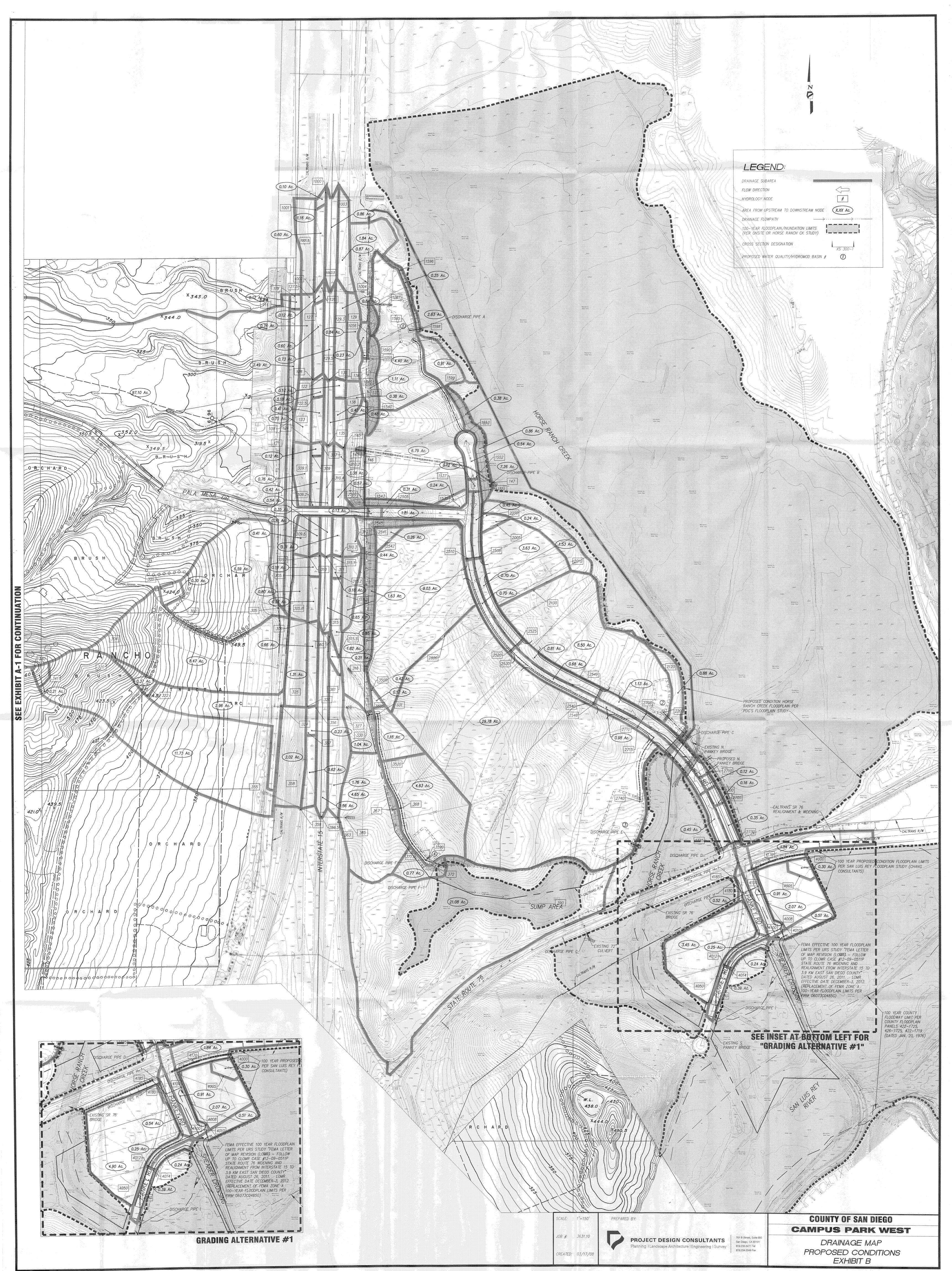
Drainage Exhibits



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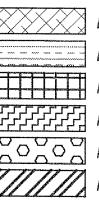
P: \3631\ENGR\REPORTS\DRAIN\EXH\A1_A2-3631EX-drain.dwg 4/16/2013 12:25:22 PM



 $P: \ 3631 \ ENGR \ REPORTS \ DRAIN \ EXH \ B_{3631} \ P-drain. \ dwg \ 4/16/2013 \ 12:31:38 \ PM$



LANDUSE LEGEND



LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL <=1 DU/AC PER PALA MESA SPECIFIC PLAN LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL 2 DU/AC PER COUNTY GENERAL PLAN MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL 6 DU/AC PER PALA MESA SPECIFIC PLAN CARACTERISTIC PROPOSED HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL 20 DU/AC PLANNING AREA PER TM PROPOSED GENERAL COMMERCIAL PLANNING AREA PER TM

<u>NOTES</u>

1. OFFSITE AREAS NOT HATCHED ARE ZONED FOR <= 1 DU/ACRE (OR SIMILAR PERCENT IMPERVIOUS COVER) PER GENERAL PLAN OR SPECIFIC PLAN. (EXCEPTION IS INTERSTATE 15 AREA).

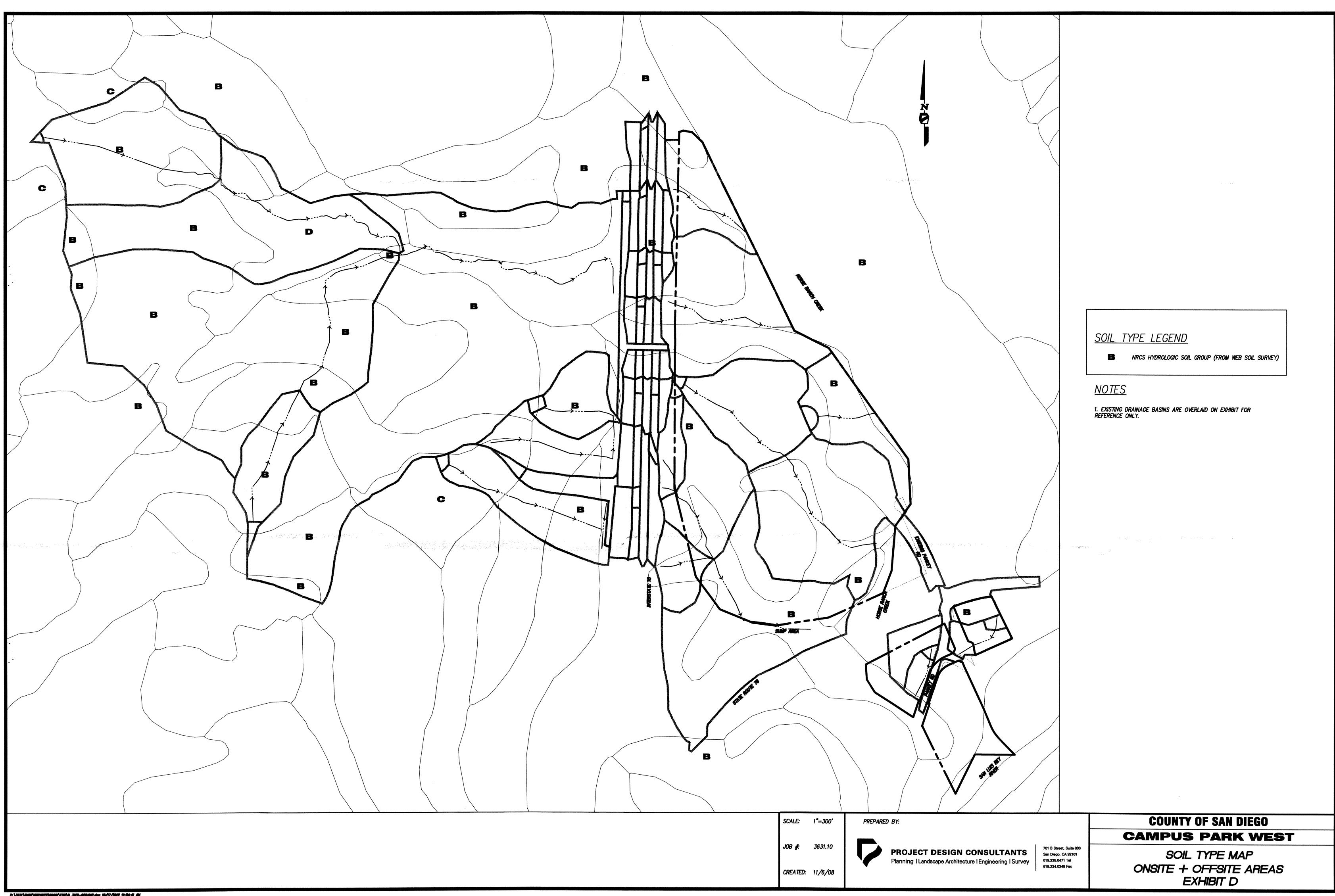
2. ONSITE PROJECT DENSITIES/LANDUSES ARE PROPOSED PER THE CAMPUS PARK WEST TM. HATCHING IS APPROXIMATE TO THE PLANNING AREAS, SO NOT ALL DRAINAGE AREAS WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES REPRESENT THE OVERALL LAND USE (I.E. SOME LOTS WILL REMAIN OPEN SPACE). SEE DETAILED HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS. 3. PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASINS AND NRCS SOIL TYPES ARE OVERLAID ON EXHIBIT FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO CAMPUS PARK WEST

701 B Street, Suite 800 San Diego, CA 92101 Planning | Landscape Architecture | Engineering | Survey 619.235.6471 Tel 619.234.0349 Fax

gra UPer

LAND USE MAP PROPOSED + OFFSITE CONDITIONS EXHIBIT C





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