James A. Rotherham, CPA CEO & Managing Partner

.....

Roy T. Hosaka, CPA Retired

James C. Nagel, CPA Retired

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO SPRING VALLEY, CALIFORNIA AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2014

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT INTRODUCTORY SECTION JUNE 30, 2014

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2014

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page <u>Number</u>
Table of Contents	i - ii
FINANCIAL SECTION	1
Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements	2 - 4 5 - 9
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements:	10 11
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	12
Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	13
Balances - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	14 - 15
Statement of Activities Notes to the Financial Statements	16 17 - 33
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION	34
Budgetary Comparison Schedules: General Fund	35 - 36
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION	37
Budgetary Comparison Schedules as Supplementary Information: Special Revenue Funds:	
Budget Stabilization Fund	38
Uncompensated Leave Fund	39
Mitigation Fund	40
Capital Projects Funds:	4.4
Capital Reserve Fund Special Projects Fund	41 42
Capital Facilities Fund	42
Vehicle Replacement Fund	43 44
Organization Structure	45
Assessed Valuation	46
Grant Revenue	47

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2014

N3	Page <u>Number</u>
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS SECTION	48
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Independent Auditors' Report on State Compliance	49 - 50 51 - 52
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS SECTION	53
Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	54 - 55 56

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT FINANCIAL SECTION JUNE 30, 2014



James A. Rotherham, CPA CEO & Managing Partner

Roy T. Hosaka, CPA Retired

James C. Nagel, CPA Retired

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District Spring Valley, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds of San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining funds of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 35 through 36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, except for pages 38 through 44, and pages 46 through 47, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and pages 38 through 44, and pages 46 through 47, of the other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 10, 2015, on our consideration of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hosaka, Rotherham & Company

San Diego, California February 10, 2015

As management of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which begin immediately following this analysis. This annual financial report consists of two main parts (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis and, (2) Basic Financial Statements.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and subsequently amended by GASB No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34. GASB No. 34 established financial reporting standards for state and local governments, including cities, villages and special purpose governments.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's ending total net position balance was \$10,693,268.
- The change in net position for the year was an increase of \$2,812,742.
- The District had an excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund (before transfers) in the amount of \$1,882,054 in the current year compared to \$404,226 in the previous year.
- This year the District had \$588,143 in additions to capital assets compared to no additions in the previous year.
- The District's General Fund Budget for this year showed an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$84,649 (before transfers) compared to the actual amount of \$1,882,054 (before transfers).

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's audit report is comprised of four components: 1) financial statements and notes, 2) supplementary information, 3) reports on compliance and internal control, and 4) findings and recommendations.

Basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund statements. The two sets of statements are tied together by reconciliations showing why they differ.

The District as a whole is reported in the government-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector.

More detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole is provided in the fund financial statements. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

The Statement of Net Position, a government-wide statement, presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Statement of Activities, a government-wide statement, presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The *Balance Sheet* for governmental funds presents financial information by fund types showing money left at year-end available for spending.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all governmental fund types focuses on how money flows into and out of the various funds.

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are included to provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements.

The Supplementary Information gives an overview of the operations of the District and the governing body and outlines assessed property valuation.

Reports on Compliance and Internal Control encompass the independent auditor's reports showing compliance with Government Auditing Standards and provides additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The *Findings and Recommendations* section notes material weaknesses in the system and recommendations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvement, vehicles and furniture and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its constituents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Statement of Net Position

To begin our analysis, a summary of the District's Statement of Net Position is presented in Table 1 below for the current year and the prior year.

Net position may serve over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,693,268 as of June 30, 2014. The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

TABLE 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

		_		
5,210 \$	14,893,156	\$	(27,946)	-0.2%
3,903	11,509,647		234,256	2.0%
9,113 \$	26,402,803	\$	206,310	0.8%
	,903	11,509,647	11,509,647	3,903 11,509,647 234,256

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

TABLE 1 (CONTINUED) Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2014	2013	\$ Change	% Change
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
Current liabilities	\$ 2,674,688	\$ 3,360,231	\$ (685,543)	-20.4%
General long-term debt	13,241,154	15,177,749	(1,936,595)	-12.8%
Total liabilities	15,915,842	18,537,980	(2,622,138)	-14.1%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	7,168,903	6,279,647	889,256	14.2%
Restricted	2,446,897	1,912,491	534,406	27.9%
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,077,471	(327,315)	1,404,786	-429.2%
Total net position	10,693,271	7,864,823	2,828,448	36.0%
TOTAL LIABILITIES				
AND NET POSITION	\$ 26,609,113	\$ 26,402,803	\$ 206,310	0.8%

Statement of Activities

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, excluding inter-fund transfers, increased to \$19,224,973. This was due primarily to an increase in general revenues.
- The District's total expenses decreased to \$16,412,231.
- The change in net position was an increase of \$2,828,445 which includes \$2,812,742 for the current year and \$15,703 from a prior period adjustment.

The following table presents a summary of the Statement of Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

TABLE 2
Condensed Statement of Activities

		2014		2013	_	\$ Change	% Change
REVENUES							
Program revenues	\$	1,045,710	\$	1,036,473	\$	9,237	0.9%
General revenues	151	18,179,266		17,786,602		392,664	2.2%
Total revenues		19,224,976		18,823,075		401,901	2.1%
EXPENSES							
Operations		13,785,072		16,319,996		(2,534,924)	-15.5%
Administration		2,276,582		1,318,003		958,579	72.7%
Unallocated depreciation		350,577		731,283		(380,706)	-52.1%
Total expenses		16,412,231		18,369,282		(1,957,051)	-10.7%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	2,812,745	_\$_	453,793	\$	2,358,952	519.8%

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Significant Changes in Individual Funds

The district was able to contribute to reserve accounts for future vehicle purchases and funding the liability for uncompensated absence, a total of \$51,798 and \$1,936,595 were paid in leave credit withdrawals and long-term debt, respectively.

TABLE 3
Comparison of Fund Balances

	 2014	 2013	\$ Change	% Change
General Fund	\$ 2,222,293	\$ 845,546	\$ 1,376,747	162.8%
Capital Reserve Fund	1,005,554	944,620	60,934	6.5%
Special Projects Fund	29	104,638	(104,609)	-100.0%
Vehicle Replacement Fund	1,188,660	718,124	470,536	65.5%
Other Governmental Funds	252,654	145,109	107,545	74.1%
Total fund balances	\$ 4,669,190	\$ 2,758,037	\$ 1,911,153	69.3%

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund had the following excess of expenditures over appropriations (instances where actual amounts exceeded budgeted amounts) in the following individual categories:

TABLE 4 Excess Expenditures over Appropriations

Communication services - Equipment	\$ 5,853	Maintenance - Fleet	\$ 81,110
Grant expenditures	\$ 176,472	Utilities	\$ 32,569
Insurance	\$ 223,886		

The District's General Fund Budget for this year showed an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$84,649 (before transfers) compared to the actual amount of \$1,882,054 (before transfers).

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Long-Term Debt

The District has long-term debt in the amount of \$13,241,154. \$4,575,000 of this debt is for a capital lease and revenue bonds for the headquarters complex and Station 22. \$8,556,000 is for Public Property Financing as the result of funding the District's CalPERS Side Fund. The additional \$110,154 is for annual leave and sick leave earnings to be paid out to employees when they leave the District.

Capital Assets

There was an overall increase in capital assets of \$234,256, due mainly to additions and the continual depreciation of assets.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

TABLE 5 Changes in Capital Assets

	 2014	 2013	\$ Change	<u>%</u> C	hange
Land	\$ 2,093,520	\$ 2,093,520	\$ 34 0		0.0%
Structures and improvements	12,889,754	12,889,754	4 7		0.0%
Furniture and equipment	1,356,636	1,356,636	2		0.0%
Vehicles and apparatuses	8,302,160	7,725,610	576,550		7.5%
Less: accumulated depreciations	(12,898,167)	(12,555,873)	(342,294)		2.7%
Total capital assets, net	\$ 11,743,903	\$ 11,509,647	\$ 234,256		2.0%

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

As a result of the transition to CAL FIRE on December 31, 2012, the District's financial condition is improving. The annual cooperative agreement came under budget more than the anticipated 10% savings.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Finance and Administration Division at (619) 670-0500, or by mail at 2850 Via Orange Way, Spring Valley, California, 91978.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

A005T0	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS Cash in county treasury	\$	6,619,650
Cash on hand and in banks	Ψ	519,345
Accounts receivable		204,883
Noncurrent assets:		204,003
Paid for current year benefit		1,253,556
Paid for future years benefit		6,267,776
Capital assets:		0,201,110
Land		2,093,520
Structures and improvements		12,889,754
Furniture and equipment		1,356,636
Vehicles and apparatuses		8,302,160
Less: accumulated depreciation		(12,898,167)
ESSS. documented depresentation	-	(12,000,101)
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	26,609,113
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		9
Current liablities		12.
Accounts payable	\$	2,555,465
Deferred revenue	•	119,223
Noncurrent liabilities:		,
Due within one year		1,998,000
Due in more than one year		11,243,154
Total liabilities		15,915,842
Net postion		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		7,168,903
Restricted for:		.,,
Capital projects		2,383,681
Specific programs		63,216
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,077,471
Total net position		10,693,271
		, ,
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	26,609,113

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net (Expenses), Revenues and Changes in Net Position	Governmental	Activities	\$ (12,980,908)	(2,035,036)	(350,577)	(15,366,521)		16,963,375	678,094	537,797	18,179,266	2,812,745	7,864,823	15,703	\$ 10,693,271
ω	Capital Grants and	Contributions	69	156,173	•	\$ 156,173	NUES		ents		evenues	POSITION	EGINNING	IDJUSTMENT	NDING
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions	€	85,373		\$ 85,373	GENERAL REVENUES	Property taxes	Benefit assessments	Miscellaneous	Total general revenues	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	NET POSITION-BEGINNING	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	NET POSITION-ENDING
	Charges for	Services	\$ 804,164	E		\$ 804,164									
		Expenses	\$ 13,785,072	2,276,582	- 1	\$ 16,412,231		is							
		Functions/Programs	GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES: Operations	Administration	Unallocated depreciation	TOTAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES									

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General Fund	_]	Capital Reserve Fund		Special Projects Fund	ag.	Vehicle Replacement Fund	Gov	Other Governmental Funds		Totals
ASSETS: Cash in county treasury Cash on hand and in banks Accounts receivable Due from other funds	↔	1,575,775 519,345 201,861 2,600,000	↔	1,004,566	↔	2,600,000	€	1,186,913	↔	252,396 - 258	₩	6,619,650 519,345 204,883 2,600,000
Total assets	⇔	4,896,981	es l	1,005,554	es l	2,600,029	မာ	1,188,660	€9	252,654	es	9,943,878
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:	•											
Accounts payable Due to general funds	↔	2,555,465	↔	<u>a</u> 10	↔	- 000 008 6	↔	100	↔	i)	↔	2,555,465
Unearned revenue		119,223		e el		2,000,000,						2,600,000 119,223
Total liabilities		2,674,688		*		2,600,000	ľ	•		i		5,274,688
Fund Balance:				1								
Assigned Unassigned/unappropriated:		3		1,005,554		29		1,188,660		252,654		2,446,897
Unassigned/unappropriated amount		2,222,293		E		•		•				2,222,293
l otal tund balance		2,222,293		1,005,554		29		1,188,660		252,654		4,669,190
Total liabilities and fund balances	↔	4,896,981	69	1,005,554	↔	2,600,029	63	1,188,660	49	252,654	↔	9,943,878

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Total fund balances - governmental fund balance sheet	\$ 4,669,190
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Prepaid expenditures which are not for the current period are not reported in the	11,743,903
funds.	7,521,332
Payables for revenue bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(4,575,000)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(110,154)
Other long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	 (8,556,000)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 10,693,271

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Capital	Special	Vehicle	Other		
	General	Reserve	Projects	Replacement	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	
REVENUES							ĺ
Property taxes	\$ 16,963,375	. ↔	\$	₩	, (9	\$ 16.963.375	375
Benefit assessments	678,094	1		•	96		094
Contract revenue	747,385	8				747	747,385
Mitigation fees		07011			85.373	82	85,373
Grant revenue	156,173	ı	ı			156	156,173
Facilities rental	56,779	r	***	**	9	56.	56.779
Other revenue	506,779	3,434	996	31,446	(1,518)	541	541,107
Total revenue	19,108,585	3,434	996	31,446	83,855	19,228,286	286
EXPENDITURES							
Salaries	516,121	£ # ()			51.797	567.918	918
Employee benefits	1,434,123	13#2	¥ ()		٠	1.434.123	123
Communication services - Equipment	48,503	Е	*	•	•	48	48.503
Grant expenditures	176,472	•		9	•	176	176.472
Medical services - Support	5,444	3		3.9			5 444
Household	23,650	2 1				23	23,650
Insurance	558,221	⊁€		*	٠	558 221	221
Maintenance - Equipment	60,659	(1 0)	£2	٠	٠	09	60.659
Maintenance - Fleet	364,147	E	Ĭ	9	·	364	364.147
Maintenance - Stations	134,928	•	*).	•	134	134,928
Office expenditures	19,653	•	3	(i)	•	19	19,653
Personnel development	7,783		Ü	•		7	7.783
Professional services	10,388,297	78				10.388.297	297
Publications and media	4,880					4	4.880
Safety clothing/equipment	22,436	3.00	•	•	*	22	22.436
Special district expenditures	54,621		*	•	3	54	54,621
Iravel	650	10		•	37		650

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Capital	Special	Vehicle	Other	
59	General	Reserve	Projects	Replacement	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals
Expenditures (continued):				6		
Utilities	208,619	ž	Û	9	,	208.619
Noncapitalized equipment	25,717	9		,	•	25,717
Capital outlay	588,143	90	•	21,532	32.976	642,651
Debt service:					1	
Principal	1,898,000	1	*		3	1.898.000
Interest	685,464	•	•	1		685,464
Total expenditures	17,226,531		•	21,532	84,773	17,332,836
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	1,882,054	3,434	996	9,914	(918)	1,895,450
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	84,412	57,500	ŧ	460,622	87,300	689,834
Transfers out	(605,422)	•	(1,000)	•	(83,412)	(689,834)
Proceeds from long-term debt	•	•	ì	3		3
Proceeds to CalPERS Side Fund	•	•	•	3	٠	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(521,010)	57,500	(1,000)	460,622	3,888	1
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,361,044	60,934	(34)	470,536	2,970	1,895,450
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	845,546	944,620	63	718,124	249,684	2,758,037
Prior period adjustment	15,703	3	-	*	•	15,703
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 2,222,293	\$ 1,005,554	\$ 29	\$ 1,188,660	\$ 252,654	\$ 4,669,190

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,895,450
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	588,143
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(350,577)
Long-term prepayments of the CalPERS Side Fund are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	(1,253,556)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	655,000
Repayment of other long-term debt is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,243,000
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	38,595
The loss on disposal of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(2,520)
The entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as	
revenue in the funds, but only the resulting gain or loss is reported in the SOA.	(790)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 2,812,745

A. Significant Accounting Policies

1. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District (District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

2. Reporting Entity

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and subsequently amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, and GASB No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District
- it would be misleading or cause the financial statements to be incomplete to exclude another organization

Based on these criteria, the District has no component units. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB statement.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-Type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

A. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements: The Fund Financial Statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major government funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of major governmental general fixed assets.

The Special Projects Fund is used for the purchase and development of real property segregated for special projects.

The Vehicle Replacement Fund is used for fees collected that can only be used to purchase new vehicles.

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes. The following special revenue funds are utilized by the District:

The Budget Stabilization Fund is used as a means to offset one-time revenue shortfalls within the General Fund.

The Uncompensated Leave Fund is used to reserve funds equaling the cash value of uncompensated absences.

The Fire Mitigation Fund is used for fees collected that can only be used to purchase capital assets directly related to growth.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay. The following capital projects funds are utilized by the District:

The Capital Facilities Fund is used for fees collected that can only be used to purchase, replace, or improve capital facilities.

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

A. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Government Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its fiscal year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

5. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

6. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's Board of Directors must adopt a final budget no later than October 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Directors satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Board of Directors and District Fire Chief during the fiscal year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the fiscal year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

A. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

7. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of June 30, 2014, the District had \$3,761,051 of uninsured funds.

The District maintains a majority of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with San Diego County Treasury indicates the amount was less than 1% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchase method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventories of the General Fund are immaterial and have been omitted from these statements.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the benefitting period.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Structures and improvements	10-50
Furniture and equipment	7-20
Vehicles and apparatuses	5-20

A. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits and sick leave are recognized as liabilities of the District.

Forty hour per week employees may accumulate up to a maximum of 1,040 hours combined vacation and sick leave.

All excess sick leave above the established limits is to be converted to salary at the rate of three sick leave hours to one hour.

e. Fund Balance Reserves and Designation

The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 (GASB 54), Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balances categories listed below:

- *Nonspendable*, such as fund balance associated with revolving funds, inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale.
- Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors.
- Assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the entity for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the entity's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classification.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts may be used, it is the District's policy that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund Activity results from loans, services provided reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

A. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Diego bills and collects the taxes for the District.

h. Unearned Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned Revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceed qualified expenditures.

i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation	Action Taken
None reported	Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at fiscal year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name	25	Deficit Amount	Remarks
None reported		Not applicable	Not applicable

C. Cash and Investments

1. Cash in County Treasury

The District maintains a majority of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$6,619,650 as of June 30, 2014). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$6,626,270.

C. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

2. Cash on Hand and in Banks

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$519,345 as of June 30, 2014) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of June 30, 2014, the District had \$3,761,051 of uninsured funds.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Credit Quality Rating	 Fair Value
Cash in county treasury Cash in banks Cash on hand Total	Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable	\$ 6,626,270 517,245 2,100 7,145,615
Statement of Net Position: Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014, co	nsist of the following:	n
Cash in county treasury Deposits with financial institutions Cash on hand Total		\$ 6,619,650 517,245 2,100 7,138,995

Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

The District's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the District's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The District held no investments at June 30, 2014.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District held no investments with high sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations at June 30, 2014.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District held no investments with underlying credit risk at June 30, 2014.

C. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code, which is investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District investments. The District held no investments with concentration of credit risk at June 30, 2014.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institute, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure governmental agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

The Custodial Credit Risk for investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earnings investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one fiscal year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the investment Company Act of 1940.

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2014, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Re	apital serve und	ens	comp- ated e Fund	Rep	/ehicle lacement Fund	Gove	Other rnmental unds	_	Totals
Property taxes	\$ 27,945	\$	·**	\$		\$		\$	£70	\$	27,945
Grant receivable	50,967		-		(₩)		. *		:=:		50,967
Other receivables	122,949	e.	988		29		1,747		258	1	25,971
Totals	\$201,861	\$	988	\$	29	\$	1,747	\$	258	\$2	204,883

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
Special Projects Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,000	Budgeting Purposes
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	83,412	Budgeting Purposes
General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	57,500	Budgeting Purposes
General Fund	Vehicle Replacement Fund	460,622	Budgeting Purposes
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	87,300	Budgeting Purposes
	Total	\$ 689,834	

2. Due To and From Other Funds

Due to and from other funds at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Due To	Due From	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Special Projects Fund	\$ 2,600,000	Short-Term Loans
	Total	\$ 2,600,000	

F. Long-Term Asset

1. Long-Term Asset Activity

Changes in long-term assets for the year ended June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Incr	eases		Ending Balance	P	Amounts Paid Within One Year
CalPERS Side Fund	\$ 8,774,888	\$		\$ (1,253,556)	\$ 7,521,332	\$	1,253,556
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,774,888	\$		\$ (1,253,556)	\$ 7,521,332	\$	1,253,556

2. California Public Employees' Retirement Systems (CalPERS) Side Fund

On June 1, 2011, in order to refund the CalPERS Side Fund Obligations, and thereby realize substantial cash flow savings, the District made a one-time payment of \$11,282,000 to the CalPERS Side Fund for the benefit of nine years of future obligation payments at a reduced rate.

F. Long-Term Asset (Continued)

The future reduction of the long-term asset is as follows:

Year Ending June 30		F	Future Reductions
2015		\$	1,253,556
2016			1,253,556
2017			1,253,556
2018			1,253,556
2019			1,253,556
2020			1,253,552
	Total	\$	7,521,332

G. Capital Assets

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2014, is shown below:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balances	 Additions	D	eletions		Ending Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Land	\$ 2,093,520	\$ <u> </u>	_\$_		_\$	2,093,520
Total capital assets, not being						
depreciated	2,093,520					2,093,520
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Structures and improvements	12,889,754	Ξ.		=		12,889,754
Furniture and equipment	1,356,636	<u> </u>		2		1,356,636
Vehicles and apparatuses	7,725,610	 588,143		(11,593)		8,302,160
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated	21,972,000	 588,143		(11,593)		22,548,550
Less accumulated depreciation for:						-
Structures and improvements	(5,887,727)	(262,678)		#1		(6,150,405)
Furniture and equipment	(1,013,062)	(63,965)		<u>11</u>		(1,077,027)
Vehicles and apparatuses	(5,655,084)	(23,934)		8,283		(5,670,735)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,555,873)	(350,577)		8,283		(12,898,167)
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net	9,416,127	237,566		(3,310)		9,650,383
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 11,509,647	\$ 237,566	\$	(3,310)	\$	11,743,903

H. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities.

H. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds payable Public Property Financing Compensated absences*	\$ 5,230,000 9,799,000 148,749	\$ - - -	\$ (655,000) (1,243,000) (38,595)	\$ 4,575,000 8,556,000 110,154	\$ 680,000 1,318,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 15,177,749	\$ -	\$ (1,936,595)	\$ 13,241,154	\$1,998,000

^{*} Because of the nature of compensated absences and uncertainty over when vacations will be taken, a statement of debt service requirements to maturity has not been presented.

The fund typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Revenue Bonds Payable	Governmental	General Fund
Public Property Financing	Governmental	General Fund
Compensated Absences	Governmental	Uncompensated Leave Fund

In the government-wide financial statements, interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2014, was \$685,464 and is included in the functional expenses as a direct charge.

2. Revenue Bonds Payable

In October 2003, the San Diego Regional Building Authority (Authority) issued \$10,005,000 of Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 (Bonds). Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to provide funds to refund, on a current basis, the Authority's Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1993A, and pay certain costs incurred in connection with execution and delivery of the Bonds. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments and to extend the life of the debt.

The Bonds are special obligations of the Authority, payable from and secured by revenues of the Authority consisting primarily of payments to be made by the District, for the right to the use of certain real property and improvements thereon (Leased Property) pursuant to that certain Second Amended and Restated Lease Agreement dated October 1, 2003 (Lease Agreement), by and between the District, as lessee, and the Authority, as lessor. The District has covenanted in the Lease Agreement to make the Lease Payments for the Leased Property as provided for therein, to include all such Lease Payments in each of its budgets and to make the necessary annual appropriations for all such Lease Payments.

The terms of the Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds call for installments of principal and interest payments up to \$887,725, annually. This includes interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% through January 2020. These Bonds are collateralized by land, structure and equipment.

H. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize revenue bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

v <u></u>	Principal		Interest		Totals
\$	680,000	\$	191,988	\$	871,988
	715,000		162,344		877,344
	740,000		130,500		870,500
	775,000		96,413		871,413
	810,000		58,725		868,725
	855,000		19,238		874,238
\$	4,575,000	\$	659,208	\$	5,234,208
	\$	\$ 680,000 715,000 740,000 775,000 810,000 855,000	\$ 680,000 \$ 715,000 740,000 775,000 810,000 855,000	\$ 680,000 \$ 191,988 715,000 162,344 740,000 130,500 775,000 96,413 810,000 58,725 855,000 19,238	\$ 680,000 \$ 191,988 \$ 715,000 162,344 740,000 130,500 775,000 96,413 810,000 58,725 855,000 19,238

3. Public Property Financing Corporation

On June 1, 2011, in order to fund the CalPERS Side Fund Obligations and thereby realize substantial cash flow savings, the District leased certain real property, together with all buildings, facilities and other improvements which are located thereon to the Public Property Financing Corporation of California for an advance rental payment of \$11,282,000, which is sufficient to fund the CalPERS Side Fund Obligation. The District will make sixteen bi-annual payments with interest at 4.9% per annum.

The Loan will mature on July 30, 2019. Debt service requirements for this note payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		-	Interest		Totals	
2015	\$	1,318,000	\$	403,295	\$	1,721,295	
2016		1,431,000		337,341		1,768,341	
2017		1,536,000		265,948		1,801,948	
2018		1,658,000		189,214		1,847,214	
2019		1,727,000		106,893		1,833,893	
2020		886,000		21,707		907,707	
Totals	\$	8,556,000	\$	1,324,398	\$	9,880,398	

I. Assigned Fund Balances

Assigned fund balances as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Assigned for the contract of t		
Capital Reserve Fund	\$	1,005,554	
Special Projects Fund		29	
Vehicle Replacement Fund		1,188,660	
Other Governmental Funds		252,654	
Total	\$	2,446,897	

J. Employee Retirement Systems

Benefit provisions and state statute and District policies establish all other requirements. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

Funding Policy

Active non-safety plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary and the District contributes 17.005% of the annual covered salary. Active safety plan members are required to contribute 9.0% of their annual covered salary and the District contributes 22.774 % of the annual covered salary. The District makes the contributions required of the District's employees on their behalf and for their account.

According to the most recently available Actuarial Valuation Reports for the Safety and Miscellaneous Plans, for the year ended June 30, 2013, the District's total plan assets are \$84,197,888 and \$4,887,839, the total Present value of Projected Benefits (PVB) is \$104,568,848 and \$6,953,933, and the plans are 80.6% and 76.7% funded, respectively.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$76,762, \$843,079, \$1,648,646, and \$2,871,986, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial reports may be obtained from CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento,, CA 95814 and www.calpers.ca.gov.

K. Joint Power Agreements

1. Public Agencies Self Insurance System (PASIS)

The District entered into a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA), known as the Public Agencies Self Insurance System (PASIS), a self-insurance plan for workers' compensation insurance. The PASIS is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the PASIS, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and share surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the PASIS. The JPA is a separate entity which is independently audited.

2. Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority (FAIRA)

The District entered into a JPA, known as the Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority (FAIRA), a self-insurance plan for general liability insurance. FAIRA is governed by an 11 member Board elected by a vote of the members. One seat is reserved for the highest premium member and one seat is reserved for an elected member from the State of Nevada.

The board controls the operations of the FAIRA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the FAIRA. The JPA is a separate entity which is independently audited.

L. Post-Employment Benefits other than Pension Benefits

The District currently provides Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) by making a contribution towards retiree health benefits based on the District-sponsored medical plan. Currently there are 92 retirees receiving the benefit, and seven active employees that are either currently eligible for the benefit or are earning service credit for eligibility towards the benefit.

Plan Description

To be eligible for retiree health benefits, an employee must retire from the District and commence pension benefit under CalPERS (typically on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of CalPERS eligible service). The District's financial obligation is to provide a monthly contribution towards the retiree's continuation of health coverage through the CalPERS Health Program for the lifetime of the retiree or for a surviving spouse. The District's annual contribution is capped at the Kaiser (non-medical) Basic premium amount in 2011 plus 50% of any future increases based on retiree's coverage category. Employees hired after November 1, 2011 will only receive a District Contribution equal to the CalPERS minimum required employee contribution.

The detail plan provision is described below:

- Active employees are offered a choice of medical plans through the CalPERS Health Program under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The District offers the same medical plans to eligible retirees except once a retiree is eligible for Medicare, the retiree must join a Medicare HMO or Supplement Plan with Medicare being the primary payer.
- The District contributes to the retiree health coverage of eligible retirees and eligible surviving spouses. For employees who retired on or before November 1, 2011, the District's financial obligation is to pay for the retiree and eligible dependent coverage up to a monthly maximum which is equal to the Kaiser Basic family premium. For employees who retired after November 1, 2011, the District's financial obligation is to pay for the retiree and eligible dependent coverage up to a monthly maximum capped at 50% of the growth from the 2011 Kaiser Basic Plan based upon family status. Employees hired after January 1, 2012, the District's financial obligation is to pay the minimum amount required by law for health insurance coverage upon their retirement.
- An employee is eligible for the District contribution provided they are vested in their CalPERS
 pension benefit and commence payment of their pension benefit within 120 days of
 retirement with the District. Vesting requires at least 5 years of PERS eligible service. The
 surviving spouse of an eligible retiree who elected spouse coverage under CalPERS is
 eligible for the employer contribution upon the death of the retiree.

Funding Policy

The District has not established a trust account for this plan. The District funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost

The following table presents an estimate of the net other post-employment benefits based on an actuarial valuation for the subsequent three (3) years by the Epler Company at July 1, 2011 and the new actuarial valuation for the subsequent three (3) years by NYHART at July 2014.

L. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

The actual net other post-employment benefit obligation will reflect actual contributions made for payment of retiree health benefits and expenses and to pre-fund.

Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	\$	2,201,460 206,330 (316,313) 2,091,477 (911,852)
Increase in OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation - beginning Net OPEB Obligation - ending	\$	1,179,625 4,585,105 5,764,730
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) AAL Without active Firefighters Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ \$	25,403,812 15,247,602
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) UAAL Without active Firefighters	\$ \$	25,403,812 15,247,602

The District provided the 2011-2012 and 2014-2015 annual OPEB Cost analysis which is the most recently available information.

The district's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the OPEB obligation for the year ending June 30, 2014 and two preceding years were as follows:

	Annual		Percentage of		
	Required		Annual OPEB	Net OPEB	
Years Ended	Contribution		Cost Contributed	Obligation	
6/30/2012	\$	2,126,268	32.5%	\$	3,311,708
6/30/2013	\$	2,162,947	38.3%	\$	4,585,105
6/30/2014	\$	2,201,460	41.4%	\$	5,764,730

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$25,403,812, all of which was unfunded. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is the excess of the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) over the actuarial value of eligible plan assets. Eligible assets under GASB 45 must be segregated and secured for the exclusive purpose of paying for the retiree health benefits. The District has not reported any eligible plan assets under GASB 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, & GASB 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, therefore a UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll is not applicable.

The projection of future benefits for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information indicating whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

K. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of valuations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

- 1. Retirement age for active employees: According to the retirement rates under the most recent CalPERS pension plan experience study, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 52.
- 2. Measurement date: July 1, 2014
- 3. Mortality: Life expectancies at the calculation date are based on the most recent mortality tables used by CalPERS for the pension valuations.
- 4. Turnover: Termination rates are based on the most recent rates used by CalPERS for the pension valuations.
- 5. Spouse Coverage: 70% of future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for their spouse. Male spouses are assumed to be 3 years older than female spouses. Actual spouse coverage and spouse ages are used for current retirees.
- 6. Dependent Coverage: Not explicitly valued.
- 7. Cost claim development: The valuation claim costs are based on the premiums paid for medical insurance coverage. The District participates in the CalPERS Health Plan, a community rated plan. The valuation assumes the District is exempt from the valuation of any medical plan rate subsidy.
- 8. Medical trends rates: Medical costs are adjusted in future years by the following trends:

Year	PPO	HMO
2015	Actual	Actual
2016	7.00%	6.50%
2017	6.50%	6.00%
2018	6.00%	5.50%
2019	5.50%	5.00%
2020+	5.00%	5.00%

- 9. Minimum contribution: The CalPERS minimum required contribution is assumed to increase 4% per year.
- 10. Inflation: The rate of inflation was 2.7% per annum.
- 11. Payroll increases: The rate of increase for payroll was 3.0% per annum.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

K. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions (continued)

- 12. Discount rate: Based on the historical and expected returns of the District's investments, the discount rate of 4.5% was used.
- 13. The actuarial cost method used was Projected Unit Credit with service prorate. Under this method, the Actuarial Accrued Liability is the present value of projected benefits multiplied by the ratio of benefit service as of the valuation date to the projected benefit service at retirement, termination, disability or death. The Normal Cost for a plan year is the expected increase in the Accrued Liability during the plan year.

All employees eligible as of the measurement date in accordance with the provisions of the Plan listed in the data provided by the District were included in the valuation.

L. Prior period adjustment

A prior period adjustment in the amount of \$15,703 is due to an overstatement of accounts payable.

M. Subsequent Events

The District's management has evaluated events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements from the balance sheet date through February 10, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On January 14, 2015, the District completed the closing of escrow on a property located in El Cajon, California, for future conversion to house ambulances. The total amount paid is \$400,000.

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION JUNE 30, 2014

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$16,796,966	\$ 16,796,966	\$ 16,963,375	\$ 166,409
Benefit assessments	678,667	678,667	678,094	(573)
Contract revenue	785,091	785,091	747,385	(37,706)
Grant revenue	×		156,173	156,173
Facilities rental	58,638	58,638	56,779	(1,859)
Other revenue	460,000	460,000	506,779	46,779
Total revenues	18,779,362	18,779,362	19,108,585	329,223
Expenditures:				
Salaries	561,209	561,209	516,121	45,088
Employee benefits	1,455,267	1,455,267	1,434,123	21,144
Communication services - Equipment	42,650	42,650	48,503	(5,853)
Grant expenditures	÷ .	<u> </u>	176,472	(176,472)
Medical services - Support	26,950	26,950	5,444	21,506
Household	28,210	28,210	23,650	4,560
Insurance	334,335	334,335	558,221	(223,886)
Maintenance - Equipment	70,525	70,525	60,659	9,866
Maintenance - Fleet	283,037	283,037	364,147	(81,110)
Maintenance - Stations	177,549	177,549	134,928	42,621
Office expenditures	23,500	23,500	19,653	3,847
Personnel development	35,725	35,725	7,783	27,942
Professional services	11,728,726	11,728,726	10,388,297	1,340,429
Publications and media	8,281	8,281	4,880	3,401
Safety clothing/equipment	52,435	52,435	22,436	29,999
Special district expenditures	163,326	163,326	54,621	108,705
Travel	1,120	1,120	650	470
Utilities	176,050	176,050	208,619	(32,569)
Noncapitalized equipment	66,997	66,997	25,717	41,280
Capital outlay	875,357	875,357	588,143	287,214
Debt service:				
Principal	1,898,000	1,898,000	1,898,000	19 9 7
Interest	685,464	685,464	685,464	
Total expenditures	18,694,713	18,694,713	17,226,531	1,468,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	84,649	84,649	1,882,054	1,797,405

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):				i i
Transfers in	50,000	50,000	84,412	(34,412)
Transfers out	-	:=-	(605,422)	605,422
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,000	50,000	(521,010)	571,010
Net change in fund balance	134,649	134,649	1,361,044	1,226,395
Fund balance, July 1	845,546	845,546	845,546	4
Prior period adjustment	, ,	-	15,703	15,703
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 980,195	\$ 980,195	\$ 2,222,293	\$ 1,242,098

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION JUNE 30, 2014

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Oı	Budgeted	 nts inal	A	ctual	Final E Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Revenues:							
Other revenue	_\$	Щ.	\$ #	_\$	4		4
Total revenues		-	 ě		4		4
Expenditures:							
Total expenditures		-	(*)		•		
Net change in fund balance		*	1		4		4
Fund balance, July 1		583	583		583		
Prior period adjustment			 		:*:		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	583	\$ 583	\$	587	\$	4

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT UNCOMPENSATED LEAVE FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original Final			Actual		legative)	
Revenues:	•				 -		
Other revenue	\$	-	\$	12	\$ 218	\$	218
Total revenues		7.5	_		218		218
Expenditures:							
Salaries		(4)		*.	51,797		(51,797)
Total expenditures		N g		3857	 51,797		(51,797)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	0.4		-	 (51,579)		(51,579)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in				-	10,000		(10,000)
Transfers out				<u> </u>	 (430)		430
Total other financing sources (uses)					9,570		(9,570)
Net change in fund balance		-		·*	(42,009)		(42,009)
Fund balance, July 1		104,638		104,638	 104,638		0 4 1
Fund balance, June 30	\$	104,638	\$	104,638	\$ 62,629	\$	(42,009)

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT MITIGATION FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Variance with Final Budget
78	Budaete	d Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		-		
Mitigation fees	\$	\$	\$ 85,373	\$ 85,373
Other revenue		-27	(2,444)	(2,444)
Total revenues			82,929	82,929
Expenditures:				
Miscellaneous expenditures	1,000	1,000	2	1,000
Total expenditures	1,000			1,000
		*		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(1,000)	(1,000)	82,929	83,929
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out			(82,982)	82,982
Total other financing sources (uses)		7/	(82,982)	82,982
Net change in fund balance	(1,000)	(1,000)	(53)	947
Net Glange in fally balance	(1,000)	(1,000)	(00)	0-17
Fund balance, July 1	53	53	53	:#::
Fund balance, June 30	\$ (947)	\$ (947)	\$ -	\$ 947

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT CAPITAL RESERVE FUND - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	5.1.1		•			Fin	ance with al Budget
							ositive
(Original Final				Actual	(N	egative)
•	=	\$		\$	3 434	2	3,434
<u>Ψ</u>	<u>F</u> _	Ψ_		Ψ_		<u> </u>	
					3,434		3,434
)ii				_	
-		,		_			
		-		-	3,434		3,434
					E7 E00		(E7 E00)
				<u> </u>			(57,500)
					57,500		(57,500)
			0 ≠ 0		60,934		60,934
	944 620		944 620		944 620		<u> </u>
•		•		<u>¢</u>		-¢	60,934
<u>φ</u>	344,020	Ψ	344,020	Ψ	1,000,004	Ψ	00,004
	\$	Original	Original \$ - \$	\$ - \$	Original Final \$ - \$ - \$	Original Final Actual \$ - \$ - \$ 3,434 3,434 3,434 57,500 - 57,500 - 57,500 - 60,934 944,620 944,620 944,620	Budgeted Amounts Final Original Final Actual (N \$ - \$ - \$ 3,434 \$ 3,434 - 3,434 3,434 - 57,500 - 57,500 - 57,500 - 60,934 - 60,934 944,620 944,620 944,620

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budgeted	l Amoun	ts			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
		iginal		inal	/	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:	-							
Other revenue	\$	<u>u</u>	\$	¥	\$	966		966
Total revenues		e e	-	Œ		966		966
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures			,			- 141		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						966		966
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)						(1,000)		1,000
Net change in fund balance						(34)		1,966
Fund balance, July 1 Prior period adjustment		63		63		63		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	63	\$	63	\$	29	\$	1,966

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT CAPITAL FACILITIES FUND - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Revenues: Other revenue \$ - \$ - \$ 704 \$ 704 Total revenues 704 704 Expenditures: 704 704 Capital outlay 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Total expenditures 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses): 77,300 (77,300) Total other financing sources (uses) 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528			Budgeted	Amo				Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive
Other revenue \$ - \$ - \$ 704 \$ 704 Total revenues 704 704 Expenditures: 704 704 Capital outlay 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Total expenditures 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses): 77,300 (77,300) Total other financing sources (uses) 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528		Original Final					Actual	(N	egative)
Total revenues - - 704 704 Expenditures: 2 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Total expenditures 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses): - - 77,300 (77,300) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528									
Expenditures: 24,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Total expenditures 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses): - - 77,300 (77,300) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528	Other revenue	\$		_\$_	22	\$	704	_\$	
Capital outlay 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Total expenditures 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses): - - - 77,300 (77,300) Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528	Total revenues		*		i i		704		704
Total expenditures 34,500 34,500 32,976 1,524 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses):	·								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 77,300 (77,300) Total other financing sources (uses) - 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528	Capital outlay		34,500		34,500		32,976		1,524
over (under) expenditures (34,500) (34,500) (32,272) 2,228 Other financing sources (uses): - - 77,300 (77,300) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528	Total expenditures		34,500		34,500		32,976		1,524
Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) - - 77,300 (77,300) Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528	27		(34,500)		(34,500)		(32,272)		2,228
Net change in fund balance (34,500) (34,500) 45,028 79,528	Transfers in				·				
W 200 200-200	lotal other financing sources (uses)	-			- 55		77,300		(77,300)
Fund balance July 1 144 410 144 410 -	Net change in fund balance		(34,500)		(34,500)		45,028		79,528
	Fund balance, July 1		144,410		144,410		144,410		=
Fund balance, June 30 \$ 109,910 \$ 109,910 \$ 189,438 \$ 79,528	• •	\$		\$		\$		\$	79,528

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budgeted	Ame	ounts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original Final				Actual		1)	Negative)
Revenues:								
Other revenue	\$	·	\$		\$	31,446	\$	31,446
Total revenues		S#1	_		_	31,446		31,446
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		610,000		610,000		21,532		588,468
Total expenditures		610,000		610,000	_	21,532		588,468
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	(610,000)	-	(610,000)	_	9,914		(557,022)
Other financing sources (uses):							ě.	
Transfers in		-				460,622		(460,622)
Total other financing sources (uses)		5 5 0			_	460,622		(460,622)
Net change in fund balance		(610,000)		(610,000)		470,536		(96,400)
Fund balance, July 1		718,124		718,124		718,124		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	108,124	\$	108,124	\$	1,188,660	\$	(96,400)
	_							

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2014

San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District (District) was formed on July 1, 1988, under the provisions of the California State Health and Safety Code, Section 14022, to provide fire protection, prevention, emergency medical services, code enforcement, and weed abatement. The District is currently operating eight fire stations located at:

- 3255 Helix Street Spring Valley, CA 91977
- 2850 Via Orange Way*
 Spring Valley, CA 91978
- 905 Gillespie Drive Spring Valley, CA 91977
- 1811 Suncrest Boulevard El Cajon, CA 92021
- * This site also houses the District Office

Darilyn O'Dell

- 10105 Vivera Drive La Mesa, CA 91941
- 11501 Via Rancho San Diego El Cajon, CA 92019
- · 2140 Dehesa Road El Cajon, CA 92019
- 1273 Clarendon Street El Cajon, CA 92020

The Board of Directors for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was comprised of the following members:

Name	Office	Term	Term Expires
Dave Rickards	President	4 Years	December 2016
Rick Augustine	Vice President	4 Years	December 2014
Chris Winter	Director	4 Years	December 2014
Jeff Nelson	Director	4 Years	December 2014
Karrie Johnston	Director	4 Years	December 2016
William Kiel	Director	4 Years	December 2016
Dan McMillan	Director	4 Years	December 2016
	Adminis	tration	
Nan	ne	P	osition
Ray Ch	aney	Fir	e Chief

Administrative/Finance Manager

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION JUNE 30, 2014

Assessed Va	aluation:
-------------	-----------

Unsecured Property	113,954,292	
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 10,365,585,279	_

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT GRANT REVENUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	-	eneral Fund
STATE:	•	00.504
Management and Administration (RCIP)	\$	22,591
Total Urban Areas Security Initiative		22,591
State Homeland Security Grant:		
Equipment (Radios)		25,000
Equipment (Tthermal Imaging Cameras)		13,813
Equipment (BA Cylinders)		24,910
Total State Homeland Security Grant		63,723
Indian Gaming Grant		
Command Vehicle		45,000
Total state		131,314
LOCAL:		
American Red Cross Grant - Live Fire		19,062
American Red Cross Grant - Fire Extinguisher		3,312
American Red Cross Grant - Kids in Charge		198
American Red Cross Grant - VIPER Program		1,797
American Red Cross Grant - CERT		490_
Total local	,	24,859
TOTAL GRANT REVENUE	\$	156,173

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS SECTION JUNE 30, 2014

James A. Rotherham, CPA CEO & Managing Partner

Roy T. Hosaka, CPA Retired

James C. Nagel, CPA Retired

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District Spring Valley, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds of San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hosaka, Rotherham & Company

San Diego, California February 10, 2015



James A. Rotherham, CPA CEO & Managing Partner
Roy T. Hosaka, CPA Retired

James C. Nagel, CPA

Retired

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Directors
San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District
Spring Valley, California

Report on Compliance for Each State Program

We have audited San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in Article 13A of the Constitution of the State of California that could have a direct and material effect on the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's state program is identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's state program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Article 13A of the Constitution of the State of California. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District's compliance. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected transactions and records to determine the Organization's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures In	Procedures
Description	Audit Guide	Performed
GANN Limit Calculation	1	Yes

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE Page 2

Opinion on State Program

In our opinion, San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of state compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Article 13A of the Constitution of the State of California. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hosaka, Rotherham & Company

San Diego, California February 10, 2015

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS SECTION JUNE 30, 2014

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Summary of Auditors' Results

1.	Financial Statements		
	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqual	ified
	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	One or more material weaknesses identified	?Yes	XNo
	One or more significant deficiencies identified are not considered to be material weaknessed		XNone Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo
2.	Federal Awards		
	Internal control over major programs:		
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	?Yes	_N/A_No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified are not considered to be material weaknesse		N/A None Reported
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	N/A	
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) or Circular A-133?	Yes	_N/A_No
	Identification of major programs:		
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program	or Cluster
	The District did not spend more than \$500,0	000 in Federal Expenditure	s
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	N/A	
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	_N/A_No

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

A.	Summary o	f Auditors'	Results	(Continued)	
----	-----------	-------------	---------	-------------	--

	3. State Awards	
	Internal control over state programs:	
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	YesXNo
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	YesX_None Reported
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unqualified
В.	Financial Statement Findings	
	None	
C.	Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
	None	
D.	State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
	None	

SAN MIGUEL CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Findings/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not implemented
None	N/A	N/A