CONSENT ITEM

LOCAL AGENCY FORMATION COMMISSION EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT

FOR MEETING OF: DECEMBER 7, 2015

<u>Proposal</u>

"Trailside Road-Lang Annexation" (Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District) (DA15-11)

Proponent

Property owner, by petition

Description/Justification

Proposed by petition of the landowner is an annexation of one unincorporated parcel (APN 267-142-09, totaling approximately 10.21-acres) to the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District (CSD) for the provision of sewer service. The subject parcel is located within the adopted sphere of influence of the Rancho Santa Fe CSD.

The proposed annexation area is located within the unincorporated San Dieguito Community Planning Area and is surrounded by single-family estate residential uses. County of San Diego zoning for the proposal area is Rural Residential.5 (RR.5; up to 1 dwelling unit per 2 or 4 acres dependent on slope). The proposal area is vacant and has an average slope of 13.5%. Elevations range from approximately 303 feet to 410 feet above mean sea level. A drainage course runs southwesterly from the east central part of the property to the south central property line.

The County of San Diego has approved a 4-lot residential subdivision for the proposed annexation area that would create four parcels ranging in size from 2.19 to 2.53 net acres (TPM 20975RPL2). The landowner intends to develop one single-family residence on each of the four parcels.

The County of San Diego has adopted a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) (Log No. 05-08-028) for the proposed development and annexation that identified potentially significant environmental impacts to Biological Resources; Cultural Resources; Transportation/Traffic; Utilities & Service Systems; and included Mandatory Findings of Significance. The County's adopted MND includes mitigation measures that are intended to reduce the proposed project's potentially significant environmental impacts to less-than-significant levels.

The Ranch Santa Fe CSD has indicated that capacity is available to extend sewer service to the site from a main located approximately 3,330' from the proposal area; the landowner would be responsible for all connection costs.

The subject territory is presently located within the sphere and authorized service area of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District (MWD) for water service; the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District (FPD) for structural fire protection services; and County Service Area

(CSA) No. 17 (San Dieguito Ambulance) for emergency medical services; no changes to these service arrangements are proposed.

The San Diego County Board of Supervisors has adopted a Master Enterprise District Resolution (MEDR) that will govern any exchange of property taxes resulting from the annexation.

General Plan/Zoning

County of San Diego General Plan: San Dieguito Community Plan: Semi-Rural Residential (SR-2; up to 1 dwelling unit per 2, 4, or 8 acres dependent on slope)

County of San Diego zoning: Rural Residential.5 (RR.5, 1 du/ 2 or 4ac; 2ac minimum lot size)

Location

North of SR-56; east of I-5; south of Del Dios Highway; and west of I-15. (Thomas Bros. Page 1169/A4)

Executive Officer Recommendation

- (1) Find that the Commission, acting as a responsible agency, has considered the environmental effects of the project as shown in the attached mitigated negative declaration prepared by the County of San Diego. The mitigation is within the jurisdiction of the County and not LAFCO because the affected resources and services are within the County; and
- (2) Adopt the form of resolution approving this annexation for the reasons set forth in the Executive Officer's Report, waiving the Conducting Authority proceedings according to Government Code Section 56663(c), and ordering the annexation subject to the following conditions:

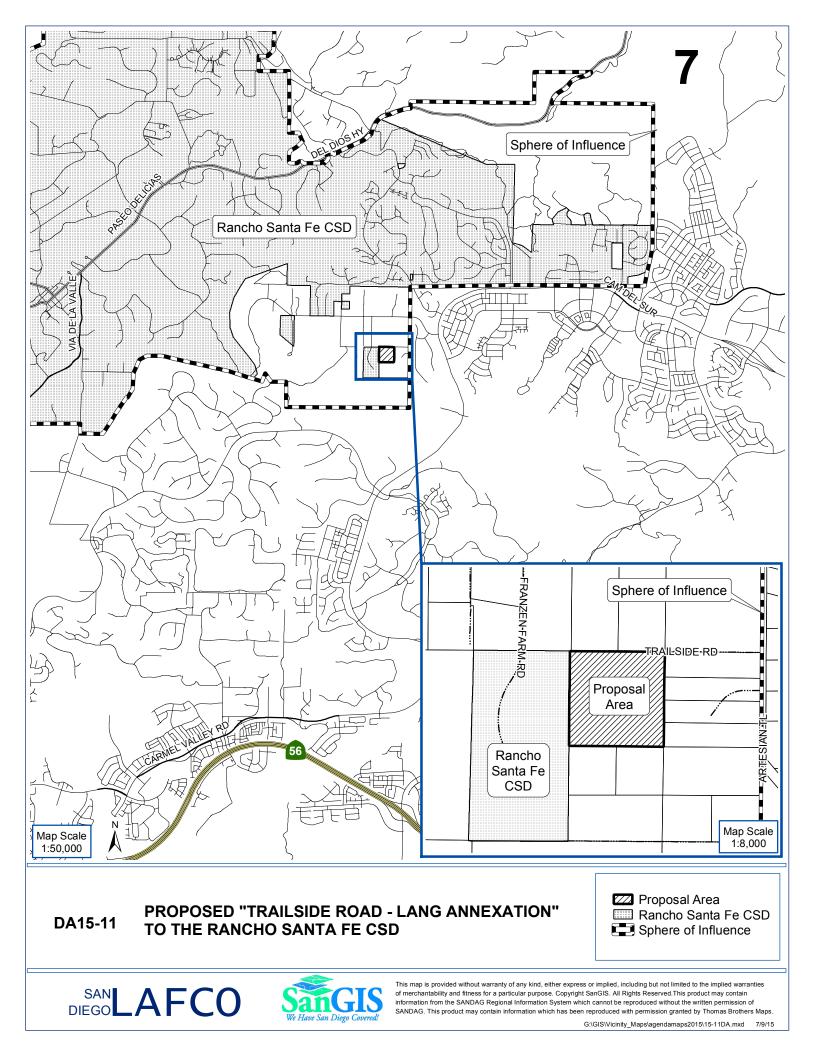
Payment by the property owners of district capacity fees and sewer service fees, and State Board of Equalization charges.

Attachment

Vicinity Map

Mitigated Negative Declaration, County of San Diego, adopted March 6, 2008 (Log No. 05-08-028).

MDO:RB:ra



ITEM 7 ATTACHMENT "TRAILSIDE ROAD – LANG ANNEXATION" (RANCHO SANTA FE CSD)

(REF NO.: DA15-11)

Mitigated Negative Declaration, County of San Diego,

Adopted March 6, 2008 (Log No. 05-08-028)



County of San Diego

ERIC GIBSON

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

March 6, 2008 Revised July 11, 2008

Project Name: Lang Minor Residential Subdivision (4 lots)

Project Number(s): TPM 20975RPL², Log No. 05-08-028

This Document is Considered Draft Until it is Adopted by the Appropriate County of San Diego Decision-Making Body.

This Mitigated Negative Declaration is comprised of this form along with the Environmental Initial Study that includes the following:

- a. Initial Study Form (revised on July 11, 2008 to respond to LAFCO comments).
- Environmental Analysis Form and attached extended studies for cultural resources, drainage, stormwater management, biology, and fire protection.
- 1. California Environmental Quality Act Mitigated Negative Declaration Findings:

Find, that this Mitigated Negative Declaration reflects the decision-making body's independent judgment and analysis, and; that the decision-making body has reviewed and considered the information contained in this Mitigated Negative Declaration and the comments received during the public review period; and that revisions in the project plans or proposals made by or agreed to by the project applicant would avoid the effects or mitigate the effects to a point where clearly no significant effects would occur; and, on the basis of the whole record before the decision-making body (including this Mitigated Negative Declaration) that there is no substantial evidence that the project as revised will have a significant effect on the environment.



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NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

March 6, 2008

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the County of San Diego is proposing to adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act for the following project. The proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration can be reviewed on the World Wide Web at

http://www.sdcdplu.org/dplu/ceqa_public_review.html, at the Department of Planning and Land Use (DPLU), Project Processing Counter, 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, California 92123 and the public library listed below. Comments on the proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration must be sent to the DPLU address listed above and should reference the project number and name.

PM 20975RPL², LOG NO. 05-08-028; LANG MINOR RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION (4 LOTS). The project is the subdivision of 10.21 acres into four lots for single-family residential development. The project is located south of Artesian Road and west of Artesian Trail within the San Dieguito Community Planning area within the unincorporated area of San Diego County. Comments on this proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration must be received no later than April 4, 2008 at 4:00 p.m. (a 30-day public review period). This proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration can also be reviewed at the Rancho Santa Fe Branch Library, located at 17040 Avenida de Acacias, Rancho Santa Fe, CA 92067. For additional information, please contact Camille Passon at (858) 694-2982 or by e-mail at Camille.Passon@sdcounty.ca.gov.

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2. Required Mitigation Measures:

Refer to the attached Environmental Initial Study for the rationale for requiring the following measures:

- A. TRANSPORTATION
 - 1. The payment of the Transportation Impact Fee, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of this program, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.
- B. BIOLOGY
 - 1. Prior to issuance of any permit and prior to recordation of the Parcal Map, the applicant shall grant by separate document to the County of San Diego and the California Department of Fish and Game an open space easement, or grant by separate document to the California Department of Fish and Game, a conservation easement, as shown on TPM 20975RPL² dated December 13. 2007 on file with the Department of Planning and Land Use as Environmental Review Number 05-08-028. This easement is for the protection of biological resources and prohibits all of the following on any portion of the land subject to said easement: grading; excavation; placement of soil, sand, rock, gravel, or other material; clearing of vegetation; construction, erection, or placement of any building or structure; vehicular activities; trash dumping; or use for any purpose other than as open space. Granting of this open space authorizes the County and its agents to periodically access the land to perform management and monitoring activities for the purposes of species and habitat conservation. [DPLU, FEE]

The sole exception(s) to this prohibitionare:

a. Selective clearing of vegetation by hand to the extent required by <u>written order</u> of the fire authorities for the express purpose of reducing an identified fire hazard. While clearing for fire management is not anticipated with the creation of this easement, such clearing may be deemed necessary in the future for the safety of lives and property. All fire clearing shall be pursuant to the Uniform Fire Code Mitigated Negative Declaration, - 3 -TPM 20975RPL², Log No. 05-08-028

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and the Memorandum of Understanding dated February 26, 1997, between the wildlife agencies and the fire districts and any subsequent amendments thereto. Activities conducted pursuant to a revegetation or habitat management plan approved by the Director of Planning and Land Use.

2. Prior to issuance of any permit and prior to recordation of the Parcal Map the applicant shall grant by separate document to the County of San Diego a Limited Building Zone Easement as shown on TPM 20975RPL² dated December 13, 2007 on file with the Department of Planning and Land Use as Environmental Review Number 05-08-028. The purpose of this easement is to limit the need to clear or modify vegetation for fire protection purposes within the adjacent biological open space easement and prohibits the construction or placement of any structure designed or intended for occupancy by humans or animals. The only exceptions to this prohibition are: [DPLU, FEE]

a. Decking, fences, and similar facilities.

b. Sheds, gazebos, and detached garages, less than 250 square feet in total floor area, that are designed, constructed and placed so that they do not require clearing or fuel modification within the biological open space easement, beyond the clearing/fuel modification required for the primary structures on the property.

3. Prior to issuance of any permit and prior to recordation of the Parcal Map, the applicant shall provide for the approval of the Director of Planning and Land Use evidence that 2.0 acres of Tier II or higher habitat credit has been secured in a mitigation bank approved by the California Department of Fish & Game, located within the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). Evidence of purchase shall include the following information to be provided by the mitigation bank: **[DPLU, FEE X 2]**

 A copy of the purchase contract referencing the project name and numbers for which the habitat credits were purchased.

 If not stated explicitly in the purchase contract, a separate letter must be provided identifying the entity responsible for Mitigated Negative Declaration, - 4 - TPM 20975RPL², Log No. 05-08-028

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the long-term management and monitoring of the preserved land.

- c. To ensure the land will be protected in perpetuity, evidence must be provided that a dedicated conservation easement or similar land constraint has been placed over the mitigation land.
- d. An accounting of the status of the mitigation bank. This shall include the total amount of credits available at the bank, the amount required by this project and the amount remaining after utilization by this project.

-OR-

Provide for the conservation and habitat management of a minimum of 2.0 acres of Tier II or higher habitat located within the MSCP in an area designated as PAMA or meeting the definition of a BRCA. A Resource Management Plan (RMP) for the Tier II or higher habitat must be submitted and approved by the Director of the Department of Planning and Land Use. The plan shall be prepared and approved pursuant to the County of San Diego Biological Report Format and Requirement Guidelines. An open space easement over the acquired habitat must be dedicated to the County of San Diego prior to or immediately following the approval of the RMP. Alternatively, proof that a federal, state or local government agency with the primary mission of resource management has taken fee title to the land will be accepted in lieu of an easement.

- 4. Prior to issuance of any permit and prior to recordation of the Parcal Map, the applicant shall provide for the approval of the Director of Planning and Land Use evidence that 3.4 acres of Tier III or higher habitat credit has been secured in a mitigation bank approved by the California Department of Fish & Game, located within the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). Evidence of purchase shall include the following information to be provided by the mitigation bank: [DPLU, FEE X 2]
 - A copy of the purchase contract referencing the project name and numbers for which the habitat credits were purchased.





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- b. If not stated explicitly in the purchase contract, a separate letter must be provided identifying the entity responsible for the long-term management and monitoring of the preserved land.
- c. To ensure the land will be protected in perpetuity, evidence must be provided that a dedicated conservation easement or similar land constraint has been placed over the mitigation land.
- d. An accounting of the status of the mitigation bank. This shall include the total amount of credits available at the bank, the amount required by this project and the amount remaining after utilization by this project.

-OR-

Provide for the conservation and habitat management of a minimum of 3.4 acres of Tier III or higher habitat located within the MSCP in an area designated as PAMA or meeting the definition of a BRCA. A Resource Management Plan (RMP) for the Tier II or higher habitat must be submitted and approved by the Director of the Department of Planning and Land Use. The plan shall be prepared and approved pursuant to the County of San Diego Biological Report Format and Requirement Guidelines. An open space easement over the acquired habitat must be dedicated to the County of San Diego prior to or immediately following the approval of the RMP. Alternatively, proof that a federal, state or local government agency with the primary mission of resource management has taken fee title to the land will be accepted in lieu of an easement.

5. Prior to the issuance of any building, grading, or construction permit, or approval of any grading, improvement, or building plans, and prior to recordation of the Parcal Map, provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use, that the open space signage has been installed.

The applicant shall submit a statement from a California Registered Engineer or licensed surveyor that all open space signs along the open space boundary of lots(s) 1 as shown on the Open Space Fencing and Signage Plan dated February 28, 2008 on file with the Mitigated Negative Declaration, - 6 - TPM 20975RPL², Log No. 05-08-028

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Department of Planning and Land Use as Environmental Review Number 05-08-028 have been installed. [DPLU, FEE]

a. The signs must be corrosion resistant, a minimum of 6" x 9" in size, on posts not less than three (3) feet in height from the ground surface, and must state the following:

"Sensitive Environmental Resources" Disturbance Beyond this Point is Restricted by Easement Information: Contact County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use Ref: 05-08-028"

- 6. Prior to the approval of the grading, improvement, or building plans, submit to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use; a statement from a California Registered Engineer, or licensed surveyor that temporary construction fences have been placed in all locations of the project where proposed grading or clearing is within 100 feet of an open space easement boundary. The temporary fencing condition shall be released on a parcel-by-parcel basis. [DPLU, FEE]
- 7. Prior to the issuance of any Building, grading, or construction permit, or approval of any grading, improvement, or building plans, provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use the grading, and or improvement plans, and or building plans show permanent fences or walls along the open space boundary of lots(s) 1 as shown on the Open Space Fencing and Signage Plan dated February 28, 2008 on file with the Department of Planning and Land Use as Environmental Review Number 05-08-028. [DPLU, FEE]
 - a. The fence or wall shall be a minimum of four feet (4') high and consist of chain link. Any change in construction materials and fence or wall design shall be approved by the Department of Planning and Land Use prior to installation.
- 8. Prior to the approval of any grading, improvement, or building plans and issuance of any permit, provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use or Public Works, that the following specific environmental notes have been placed on any of the following plans as applicable: grading, and or improvement plans, and or building plans:



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- a. "Temporary construction fencing is required in all locations of the project where proposed grading or clearing is within 100 feet of an open space easement boundary. The temporary fencing shall be removed after the conclusion of such activity."
- b. "Prior to the conclusion of grading activities and Final Grading Release or Occupancy of any building: Placement of permanent fencing or walls is required. Provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use that the permanent fences or walls, and open space signs have been installed along the biological open space boundary of lots(s) 1 as shown on the Open Space Fencing and Signage Plan dated February 28, 2008 on file with the Department of Planning and Land Use as Environmental Review Number 05-08-028. Evidence shall be site photos and a statement from a California Registered Engineer, or licensed surveyor that the permanent walls or fences, and open space signs have been installed."
- c. "Prior to the conclusion of grading activities and Final Grading Release or Occupancy of any building: Placement of open space signs is required.
 - Provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use that the permanent fences or walls, and open space signs have been installed along the biological open space boundary of Lot 1 as shown on the Open Space Fencing and Signage Plan dated February 28, 2008 on file with the Department of Planning and Land Use as Environmental Review Number 05-08-028.
 - 2) Evidence shall be site photos and a statement from a California Registered Engineer, or licensed surveyor that the permanent walls or fences, and open space signs have been installed."
- d. "Restrict all brushing, clearing and/or grading such that none will be allowed within 300 feet of Coastal sage scrub habitat during the breeding season of the California gnatcatcher. This is defined as occurring between March 1 and August 15. The Director of Planning and Land Use may

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waive this condition, through written concurrence from the US Fish and Wildlife Service and the California Department of Fish and Game, that no California gnatcatcher nests are present in the vicinity of the brushing, clearing or grading."

C. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Prior to approval of grading and/or improvement plans, the applicant shall:

Take the following action related to the grading monitoring and data recovery program to mitigate potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use.

- 1. Provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use that a County certified archaeologist has been contracted to implement a grading monitoring and data recovery program. A letter from the Principal Investigator shall be submitted to the Director of Planning and Land Use. The letter shall include the following guidelines: **[DPLU, FEE]**
 - a. The project archaeologist shall contract with a Native American monitor to be involved with the grading monitoring program as outlined in the County of San Diego Report Format and Content Guidelines (2006).
 - b. The County certified archaeologist/historian and Native American monitor shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to explain and coordinate the requirements of the monitoring program as outlined in the County of San Diego Report Format and Content Guidelines (2006).
 - c. The project archaeologist shall monitor all areas identified for development including off-site improvements.
 - d. An adequate number of monitors (archaeological/historical/ Native American) shall be present to ensure that all earth moving activities are observed and shall be on-site during all grading activities for areas to be monitored.
 - e. During the original cutting of previously undisturbed deposits, the archaeological monitor(s) and Native American monitor(s) shall be on-site full-time to perform full-time



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monitoring. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined by the Project Archaeologist in consultation with the Native American monitor. Monitoring of cutting of previously disturbed deposits will be determined by the Principal Investigator.

- f. Isolates and clearly non-significant deposits shall be minimally documented in the field and the monitored grading can proceed.
- In the event that previously unidentified potentially significant g. cultural resources are discovered, the archaeological monitor(s) shall have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of discovery to allow evaluation of potentially significant cultural resources. The Principal Investigator shall contact the County Archaeologist at the time of discovery. The Principal Investigator, in consultation with the County staff archaeologist, shall determine the significance of the discovered resources. The County Archaeologist must concur with the evaluation before construction activities will be allowed to resume in the affected area. For significant cultural resources, a Research Design and Data Recovery Program to mitigate impacts shall be prepared by the Principal Investigator and approved by the County Archaeologist, then carried out using professional archaeological methods.
- If any Native American burials, human skeletal or other remains including associated grave goods are discovered, the Principal Investigator shall contact the County Coroner. In the event that the remains are determined to be of Native American origin, the Most Likely Descendant (MLD) as identified by the Native American Heritage Commission shall be contacted by the Principal Investigator in order to determine proper treatment and disposition of the remains.
- i. Before construction activities are allowed to resume in the affected area, the artifacts shall be recovered and features recorded using professional archaeological methods. The

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Principal Investigator shall determine the amount of material to be recovered for an adequate artifact sample for analysis.

- j. In the event that previously unidentified cultural resources are discovered, all cultural material collected during the grading monitoring program shall be processed and curated at a San Diego facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79, and therefore would be professionally curated and made available to other archaeologists/researchers for further study. The collections and associated records shall be transferred, including title, to an appropriate curation facility within San Diego County, to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence shall be in the form of a letter from the curation facility identifying that archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid.
- k. In the event that previously unidentified cultural resources are discovered, a report documenting the field and analysis results and interpreting the artifact and research data within the research context shall be completed and submitted to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use prior to the issuance of any building permits. The report shall include Department of Parks and Recreation Primary and Archaeological Site forms.
- I. In the event that no cultural resources are discovered, a brief letter to that effect shall be sent to the Director of Planning and Land Use by the consulting archaeologist that the grading monitoring activities have been completed.
- 2. Provide Evidence to the Director of Public Works (DPW) that the following notes have been placed on the Grading Plan:
 - a. The County certified archaeologist/historian and Native American monitor shall attend the pre-construction meeting with the contractors to explain and coordinate the requirements of the monitoring program.
 - b. The project archaeologist shall monitor all areas identified for development including off-site improvements.

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c. During the original cutting of previously undisturbed deposits, the archaeological monitor(s) and Native American monitor(s) shall be on-site full-time to perform full-time monitoring. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined by the Project Archaeologist in consultation with the Native American monitor. Monitoring of cutting of previously disturbed deposits will be determined by the Principal Investigator.

- d. In the event that previously unidentified potentially significant cultural resources are discovered, the archaeological monitor(s) shall have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of discovery to allow evaluation of potentially significant cultural resources. The Principal Investigator shall contact the County Archaeologist at the time of discovery. The Principal Investigator, in consultation with the County staff archaeologist, shall determine the significance of the discovered resources. The County Archaeologist must concur with the evaluation before construction activities will be allowed to resume in the affected area. For significant cultural resources, a Research Design and Data Recovery Program to mitigate impacts shall be prepared by the Principal investigator and approved by the County Archaeologist, then carried out using professional archaeological methods.
- e. The archaeological monitor(s) and Native American monitor shall monitor all areas identified for development.
- f. If any Native American burials, human skeletal or other remains including associated grave goods, are discovered, the Principal Investigator shall contact the County Coroner. In the event that the remains are determined to be of Native American origin, the Most Likely Descendant, as identified by the Native American Heritage Commission, shall be contacted by the Principal Investigator in order to determine proper treatment and disposition of the remains.
- g. Prior to rough grading inspection sign-off, provide evidence that the field grading monitoring activities have been





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completed to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use. Evidence shall be in the form of a letter from the Principal Investigator. [DPLU, FEE]

- h. Prior to Final Grading Release, submit to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use, a final report that documents the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program. The report shall include the following:
 - 1) Department of Parks and Recreation Primary and Archaeological Site forms.
 - 2) Evidence that all cultural collected during the grading monitoring program has been curated at a San Diego facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79, and therefore would be professionally curated and made available to other archaeologists/researchers for further study. The collections and associated records shall be transferred, including title, to an appropriate curation facility within San Diego County, to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence shall be in the form of a letter from the curation facility identifying that archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid.
- 3. Critical Project Design Elements and Requirements That Must Become Conditions of Approval:

The following project design elements and requirements were either proposed in the project application or the result of compliance with specific laws and regulations and were essential in reaching the conclusions within the attached Environmental Initial Study. While the following are not technically mitigation measures, their implementation must be assured to avoid potentially significant environmental effects.

A. THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH BEFORE A PARCAL MAP IS APPROVED BY THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, AND FILED WITH THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY:



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- 1. THE PARCAL MAP SHALL SHOW AN ACCURATE AND DETAILED VICINITY MAP.
- 2. <u>ACCESS</u> [DPW]
 - a. The subdivider shall furnish to the County of San Diego, Department of Public Works, recorded documentation showing that the land division is connected to a publicly maintained road by an easement for road purposes. This easement shall be forty feet (40') wide as specified in Section 81.703(a)(2) and/or (b)(1), unless proof is furnished that a lesser width is applicable under Section 81.703(l)(1) of the County Code, and shall be for the benefit and use of the property being divided. Recordation data for said easement shall be shown on the Parcal Map. This requirement applies to off-site access to all proposed parcels. Access to this subdivision is by a Permanent Road Division (PRD 104 and 104A), Artesian Trail.

3. <u>SIGHT DISTANCE [DPW]</u>

a. Have a registered civil engineer, a registered traffic engineer, or a licensed land surveyor provide a certified signed statement that physically, there is a minimum unobstructed sight distance in both directions along Artesian Trail from Trailside Road, per the Design Standards of Section 6.1.E of the County of San Diego Public Road Standards (approved July 14, 1999), or to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works. If the lines of sight fall within the existing public road right-of-way, the engineer or surveyor shall further certify that said lines of sight fall within the existing right-of-way and a clear space easement is not required.

4. PRIVATE ROAD EASEMENTS [DPW] [FIRE]

- a. The Parcal Map shall show a thirty-eight foot (38') minimum radius cul-de-sac or a hammerhead turnaround located at the terminus of the to-be-named private easement road at Parcels 2 and 3, to the satisfaction of the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District and the County of San Diego, Director of Public Works. [FIRE]
- b. The Parcal Map shall show a minimum twenty-foot (20') radius return at the intersection of the road easement on-site.

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c. The Parcal Map shall show a forty-foot (40') wide private road easement for the to-be-named on-site private road serving the proposed parcels.

5. TRAIL DEDICATIONS [DPLU]

a. The subdivider shall offer to dedicate a fifteen-foot (15') wide Pedestrian and Equestrian Trail Easement to the County of San Diego for the San Dieguito Community Plan along, adjacent to, and outside the proposed right-of-way for Trailside Drive (along the northerly project boundary). The Tentative Parcal Map shall show the offer being accepted. The subdivider will not be required to construct the trail.

6. <u>SPECIAL DISTRICTS/ROAD MAINTENANCE/COVENANTS/</u> DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES [DPW]

- a. The subdivider shall authorize special districts to process the project into the San Diego County Street Lighting District. After recordation of the Parcal Map, the land division shall be transferred, without notice or hearing, to Zone "A" of the San Diego County Street Lighting District to maintain existing street lights.
- b. The subdivider shall provide for maintenance of the proposed onsite private street that serves the project through a private road maintenance agreement.

7. FACILITY/UTILITY ARRANGEMENTS [DPW] [DPLU]

- a. Where private easement roads are not being dedicated, or where each of the proposed parcels is not on a public street, the subdivider shall provide the County of San Diego, Director of Public Works, with letters from serving utility companies stating that arrangements satisfactory to the utility have been made to serve all parcels being created. No letter will be required from the following: Pacific Bell, Olivenhain Municipal Water District, Yucca Mutual Water Company, and Rainbow Municipal Water District. [DPW]
- b. The subdivider shall comply with Section 66436 of the Government Code by furnishing to the County of San Diego, Department of Public Works, a certification from each public utility and each public entity owning easements within the proposed land division stating that: (a) they have received from the subdivider a copy of the

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- proposed Parcal Map; (b) they object or do not object to the filing of the Map without their signature. [DPW]
- c. Plans and specifications for the installation of a sewer system serving each parcel must be approved by the County of San Diego, Director of Public Works. The subdivider shall dedicate all necessary easements for that portion of the sewer system which is to be public sewer. [DPW]
- d. The subdivider shall cause all of the land within this land division to be annexed into the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District.
- e. A commitment to serve each parcel must be obtained/purchased from the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District. In addition to the capacity commitment fees, the developer shall pay all of the appropriate district fees at the issuance of the waste-water discharge permit. [DPW]
- f. Prior to recordation of the Parcal Map, approval of improvement and/or grading plans, issuance of excavation permits, and issuance of any further grant of approval, the owners of this project will be required to sign a statement that they are aware of the County of San Diego, Department of Public Works, Pavement Cut Policy and that they have contacted all adjacent property owners and solicited their participation in the extension of utilities.

8. FLOODING/DRAINAGE [DPW]

- a. The drainage swales which flow through the property shall be shown and labeled "Drainage Swale" on the Parcal Map. The County of San Diego, Director of Public Works, will provide this information by annotating the copy of the Tentative Parcal Map.
- b. Lines of inundation to the limits of the 100-year flood along the .watercourses, which flow through the property, shall be shown and labeled "Subject To Inundation By The 100-Year Flood" on the Parcal Map.
- c. The subdivider's civil engineer will provide the necessary hydrology and hydraulics to define the 100-year floodplain limits and annotate the limits on a copy of the Map, approved by the County of San Diego, Director of Planning and Land Use. Each parcel shall have a flood-free building site to the satisfaction of the County of

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San Diego, Director of Public Works. If any of the parcels are found to be devoid of a buildable, flood-free site for a residence, the subdivider shall take appropriate action so that each parcel does have a buildable flood-free site. This pertains to watersheds having area of twenty-five (25) or more acres.

- Β. BECAUSE THEY HAVE BEEN FOUND NECESSARY FOR THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY AND ARE A NECESSARY PREREQUISITE TO THE ORDERLY DEVELOPMENT OF THE AREA, THE FOLLOWING PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS MUST BE COMPLETED OR A SECURED AGREEMENT EXECUTED. PRIOR TO RECORDING A PARCAL MAP. THE AGREEMENT REQUIRES POSTING OF SECURITY IN FORM OF A CASH DEPOSIT, **IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF CREDIT OR AN INSTRUMENT OF CREDIT** VALUED AT, OR MORE THAN THE ESTIMATED IMPROVEMENT COST. IT ALSO REQUIRES IMPROVEMENTS BE COMPLETED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR (24) MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF RECORDING THE PARCAL MAP OR PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A PERMIT OR OTHER GRANT OF APPROVAL FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A PARCEL CREATED BY THIS MAP, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. NOTE: THE PROCESSING OF SECURITY TAKES APPROXIMATELY TWO (2) MONTHS. YOU SHOULD INITIATE THIS PROCESS TWO (2) MONTHS PRIOR TO RECORDING THE PARCAL MAP.
 - 1. FACILITY/UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS [DPW] [DPLU]
 - a. The subdivider shall install the sewer system and dedicate the portion of the sewer system which is to be public sewer as shown on the approved plans and specifications. [DPW]
 - b. The subdivider may be required to grade an access road to maintain any public sewer constructed within easements and may be required to dedicate additional access easements to maintain the public sewers. [DPW]
- C. THE FOLLOWING IMPROVEMENTS MAY BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO RECORDING OF A PARCAL MAP OR THEY MUST BE LISTED ON THE PARCAL MAP AND THE SUBDIVIDER SHALL EXECUTE A "COVENANT OF IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENTS" WHICH SHALL LIST THE CONDITIONS THAT REMAIN TO BE COMPLETED. THE COVENANT SHALL BE RECORDED BY THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, PRIOR TO RECORDING THE PARCAL MAP. THE COVENANT SHALL BE NOTED ON THE PARCAL MAP.

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(IMPROVEMENT PLANS AND COST ESTIMATES ARE NOT DEFERRABLE)

THE COVENANT OF IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENTS SHALL NOTE THE ESTIMATE OF COST TO INSTALL AND/OR CONSTRUCT ANY DEFERRED IMPROVEMENTS. THE ESTIMATE OF COST SHALL BE BASED UPON IMPROVEMENT PLANS. <u>THE PLANS SHALL INCLUDE A SIGNED</u> <u>STATEMENT BY THE PRIVATE ENGINEER-OF-WORK STATING THAT THE</u> <u>PLANS ARE SUFFICIENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING THE</u> <u>REQUIRED ESTIMATE OF THE COST FOR THE PRIVATE EASEMENT</u> <u>ROADS AND PRIVATE FACILITIES. THE ESTIMATE SHALL HAVE THE</u> <u>ENGINEER'S SIGNATURE AND STAMP ON THE FRONT PAGE ALONG WITH</u> <u>A STATEMENT THAT IT IS THE ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE OF THE</u> <u>APPROXIMATE COST AS OF THE DATE THE ESTIMATE WAS PREPARED</u> <u>FOR THE PRIVATE ROAD AND FACILITIES REQUIRED BY THE FINAL</u> <u>NOTICE OF APPROVAL AND THE SAN DIEGO COUNTY STANDARDS FOR</u> <u>PRIVATE STREETS.</u> SAID COVENANT SHALL BE TITLED "COVENANT OF IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENT, A BUILDING PERMIT PROHIBITION".

IF THE COVENANT HAS BEEN RECORDED, NO BUILDING PERMIT AND NO FURTHER GRANT OF APPROVAL FOR DEVELOPMENT MAY BE ISSUED UNTIL THE SUBDIVIDER PRESENTS A COPY OF THE RELEASE OF IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENTS RECORDED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, STATING THAT ALL OF THE REQUIRED IMPROVEMENTS LISTED IN THE COVENANT OF IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENTS AND NOTED ON THE PARCAL MAP HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, EXCEPT A GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND/OR A PERMIT TO INSTALL UTILITIES WITHIN THE PRIVATE EASEMENT MAY BE ISSUED. (<u>NOTE</u>: FOR WATER STORAGE FACILITIES AND/OR FUEL BREAKS, A RELEASE OF IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENTS IS ONLY REQUIRED TO STATE THAT THE IMPROVEMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH FOR THE PARTICULAR PARCEL FOR WHICH A BUILDING PERMIT IS BEING REQUESTED.) [DPW] [DPLU]

1. <u>PRIVATE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS</u> [DPW] [FIRE]

- a) In the event these improvements are deferred, the subdivider shall execute such documents as deemed necessary by the County of San Diego, Director of Public Works, indemnifying the County from liability arising from the improvement of any off-site easement. This indemnification shall also be noted on the Parcal Map.
- b. The **cul-de-sac** shall be graded to a radius of thirty-eight feet (38') and improved with asphalt concrete to a radius of thirty-six feet (36'), or the hammerhead turnaround shall be graded and improved

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with asphalt concrete to the satisfaction of the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District and the County of San Diego, Director of Public Works. [FIRE]

- c. Trailside Road, from Artesian Trail to the proposed to-be-named on-site private easement road shall be graded twenty-eight feet (28') wide and improved twenty-four feet (24') wide with asphalt concrete. The Improvement and Design Standards of Section 3.1(C) of the County Standards for Private Streets for one hundred one to seven hundred fifty (101 - 750) trips shall apply to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works.
- d. The to-be-named private easement road, from Trailside Road to the cul-de-sac at Parcels 2 and 3, shall be graded twenty-eight feet (28') wide and improved twenty-four feet (24') wide with asphalt concrete. The Improvement and Design Standards of Section 3.1(C) of the County Standards for Private Streets for one hundred (100) trips or less shall apply to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works.
- e. Plans and a processing deposit for the private road improvements, as determined by the County of San Diego, Department of Public Works, shall be submitted to the Improvements and Grading Group of the County of San Diego, Department of Public Works. All improvement plans shall be designed in accordance with County Standards for Private Streets.
- f. Prior to construction of private road improvements, the subdivider shall notify the County of San Diego, Department of Public Works, submit copies of the blueline plans, and post an inspection deposit.
- g. A street name sign, with a County approved street name, shall be installed and located at the intersection of Artesian Trail and Trailside Road per San Diego County Design Standards DS-13.
- h. A street name sign, with a County approved street name, shall be installed and located at the intersection of Trailside Road and the on-site to-be-named private easement road per San Diego County Design Standards DS-13.
- i. A registered civil engineer or a licensed land surveyor shall provide a signed statement that: "The on-site to-be-named private easement road, including all slopes and the cul-de-sac or hammerhead turnaround, from Trailside Road to the cul-de-sac at

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Parcels 2 and 3, is constructed entirely within the easement, including drainage structures, for the benefit of the land division." NOTE: If the slopes for the improvement fall outside of the easement, mitigating structures shall be utilized so the improvement is within the easement or a letter of permission shall be obtained and the engineer or surveyor shall further certify that: "A letter of permission has been obtained for work outside of the easement limits."

- j. A registered civil engineer or a licensed land surveyor shall provide a signed statement that: "Trailside Road, including all slopes and the cul-de-sac or hammerhead turnaround, from Artesian Trial to the proposed on-site to-be-named private easement road, is constructed entirely within the easement, including drainage structures, for the benefit of the land division." NOTE: If the slopes for the improvement fall outside of the easement, mitigating structures shall be utilized so the improvement is within the easement a letter of permission shall be obtained and the engineer or surveyor shall further certify that: "A letter of permission has been obtained for work outside of the easement limits."
- k. Asphalt concrete surfacing material shall be hand-raked and compacted to form smooth tapered connections along all edges including those edges adjacent to soil. The edges of asphalt concrete shall be hand-raked at 45 degrees or flatter, so as to provide a smooth transition next to existing soil, including those areas scheduled for shoulder backing. The above shall be done to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works.
- I. The structural section, both new and existing, for the private road shall be approved by the County of San Diego, Department of Public Works Materials Laboratory, prior to construction per Section 3.11 of the San Diego County Standards for Private Streets.
- m. The on-site to-be-named private easement road and Trailside Road shall be posted with "NO PARKING" signs to the satisfaction of the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District. [FIRE]
- n. The on-site to-be-named private easement road and Trailside Road shall have an unobstructed vertical clearance of fifteen feet (15') to the satisfaction of the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District. [FIRE]

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- A registered civil engineer, a registered traffic engineer, or a licensed land surveyor shall provide a signed statement that: "Physically, there is adequate unobstructed sight distance in both directions from Trailside Road along Artesian Trail per the Design Standards of Section 6.1.E of the County of San Diego Public Road Standards." The currently obstructing sight distance shall be removed or cut back. If the lines of sight fall within the existing public road right-of-way, the engineer or surveyor shall further certify: "Said lines of sight fall within the existing right-of-way and a clear space easement is not required."
- p. A registered civil engineer, a registered traffic engineer, or a licensed land surveyor shall provide a signed statement that: "Physically, there is adequate unobstructed sight distance in both directions from the to-be-named on-site private easement road along Trailside Road, per the Design Standards of Section 6.1.E of the County of San Diego Public Road Standards." The currently obstructing sight distance shall be removed or cut back. If the lines of sight fall within the existing public road right-of-way, the engineer or surveyor shall further certify: "Said lines of sight fall within the existing right-of-way and a clear space easement is not required."

D. OTHER REQUIREMENTS [DPW] [DPLU]

- 1. The Basis of Bearings for the Parcal Map shall be in terms of the California Coordinate System Zone 6 NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 by use of existing Horizontal Control. **To be in compliance with the Public Resources Code, all Parcal Map surveys performed after January 1, 2000 must use a Basis of Bearings established from existing Horizontal Control Stations with first order accuracy**.
- 2. Prior to January 1, 2000, a survey for any Parcal Map that is to be based on state plane coordinates shall show two measured ties from the boundary of the subject property to existing Horizontal Control station(s) having California coordinate values of Third order accuracy or better, as published in the County of San Diego's Horizontal Control book. These tie lines to the existing control shall be shown in relation to the California Coordinate System (i.e. Grid bearings and Grid distances). All other distances shown on the map are to be shown as ground distances. A combined factor for conversion of Ground-to-Grid distances shall be shown on the map, all to the satisfaction of the County of San Diego,





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Director of Public Works (Refer to San Diego County Subdivision Ordinance Section 81.811 and 81.506(j).

After December 31, 1999, a survey for any Parcal Map that is to be based on state plane coordinates shall show two measured ties from the boundary of the subject property to existing Horizontal Control station(s) having California Coordinate values of first order accuracy or better, as published in the County of San Diego's Horizontal Control book. These tie lines to the existing control shall be shown in relation to the California Coordinate System (i.e. Grid bearings and Grid distances). All other distances shown on the map are to be shown as Ground distances. A combined factor for conversion of Grid-to-Ground distances shall be shown on the map.

For purposes of this section, the date of survey for the field observed connections shall be the date of survey as indicated in the surveyor's/engineer's certificate as shown on the Final Map.

3. Comply with all applicable stormwater regulations at all times. The activities proposed under this application are subject to enforcement under permits from the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and the County of San Diego Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (Ordinance No. 9424 and Ordinance No. 9426) and all other applicable ordinances and standards. This includes requirements for materials and wastes control, erosion control, and sediment control on the project site. Projects that involve areas 1 acres or greater require that the property owner keep additional and updated information onsite concerning stormwater runoff. This requirement shall be to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works.

ADOPTION STATEMENT: This Mitigated Negative Declaration was adopted and above California Environmental Quality Act findings made by the:

ANN Ng August 1, 2008 on

ALYSSA MAXSON, Planning Manager Regulatory Planning Division



County of San Diego

ERIC GIBSON

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

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CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

TPM 20975RPL², Log No. 05-08-028/Lang Land Division

- Lead agency name and address: County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- a. Contact Camille Passon Kim Sheredy, Project Manager
 b. Phone number: (858) 694-2982 495-5873
 c. E-mail: Camille.Passon Kim.Sheredy@sdcounty.ca.gov
- 4. Project location:

The project site is located at the southern end of Artesian Trail Road on the western side in the San Dieguito Community Planning Area within the County of San Diego, APN 267-142-09.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1169, Grid A/4

5. Project Applicant name and address:

Anthony Lang, P.O. Box 262014, San Diego, CA 92126

6. General Plan Designation Community Plan: Land Use Designation: Density:

San Dieguito 17-Estate Residential 1 du/2, 4 acre(s)

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Zoning
Use Regulation: RR
Minimum Lot Size: 2 a
Special Area Regulation: N//

RR.5 2 acre(s) N/A

8. Description of project:

The project proposes a minor subdivision of 10.21 gross acres into four parcels ranging in size from 2.19 to 2.53 net acres. Grading proposed for project implementation will involve approximately 6,359 cubic yards of cut and 8,761 cubic yards of fill. Access to the project site is from Artesian Trail Road. The project is located at the southern end of Artesian Trail in the San Dieguito Community Planning Area within an unincorporated portion of San Diego County. The project site is located within the Lake Hodges Segment of the Multiple Conservation Program (MSCP) and is within the Minor Amendment Area of the MSCP. The Land Use Regulation is RR.5 (Rural Residential). The entire project will be served by the following agencies/districts: Solana Beach School District, San Dieguito Union High School District, Olivenhain Municipal Water District, Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District, and the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District. The provision of sewer service by the Rancho Santa Fe Community Facilities District will require annexation approval by LAFCO.

9. Surrounding land use and setting:

The project site has an average slope of 13.5% with elevations ranging from approximately 303 feet to 410 feet in elevation. The land surrounding the project site is largely open, although development is rapidly occurring immediately to the north, northwest, and east in the form of single-family residences. A drainage course runs southwesterly from the east central part of the property to the south central property line. Residential Estates occupies the majority of the land to the north. Southern lands are Coastal Sage Scrub/Chaparral, with a wide variety of wildlife species and habitats.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Tentative Parcel Map	County of San Diego
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
Annexation to a City or Special District	Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO)
General Construction Storm water Permit	RWQCB
Water District Approval	Olivenhain Water District
Sewer District Approval	Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District

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Fire District Approval	Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection
	District

Mandatory Findings of Significance

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Agricultural Resources

- □ <u>Aesthetics</u>
- ☑ <u>Biological Resources</u>
- Hazards & Haz. Materials
- □ <u>Mineral Resources</u> □ Public Services

☑ <u>Utilities & Service</u> Systems ☑ <u>Cultural Resources</u>
 □ <u>Hydrology & Water</u>
 <u>Quality</u>
 □ <u>Noise</u>
 □ <u>Recreation</u>

□ <u>Air Quality</u> □ Geology & Soils

□ Land Use & Planning

□ <u>Population & Housing</u> ☑ Transportation/Traffic

M Transportation/Traffic

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.

Date

Camille Passon Kim Sheredy

Land Use/ Environmental Planner Title LANG LAND DIVISION/TPM 20975RPL² - 4 -



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INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Potential Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

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- I. AESTHETICS -- Would the project:
- Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? a)

 - Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

- Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated
- No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Scenic vistas are singular vantage points that offer unobstructed views of valued viewsheds, including areas designated as official scenic vistas along major highways or County designated visual resources. Based on a site visit completed by County staff on November 18, 2005, the proposed project is not located near or visible from a scenic vista and will not change the composition of an existing scenic vista. The proposed project is not visible from Del Dios Highway, a designated scenic vista, overlook or viewpoint according to the Scenic Highway Element of the General Plan; therefore, a demonstrable potentially significant adverse effect is not foreseen. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista.

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- Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock b) outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?
 - Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact 

- Less Than Significant With Mitigation
- \mathbf{N} No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

No Impact: State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a State scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official Scenic Highway. Based on a site visit completed by County staff on November 18, 2005, the proposed project is not located near or visible within the same composite viewshed as a State scenic highway and will not change the visual composition of an existing scenic resource within a State scenic highway. Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The project site is not visible from a designated scenic vista, overlook or viewpoint according to the Scenic Highway Element of the General Plan; therefore, a demonstrable potentially significant adverse effect is not foreseen. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

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c) Substantially degrade the existing visua surroundings?	I character or quality of the site and its	
Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact	
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact	
Discussion/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as estate residential with gently rolling hills and drainage channels.

The proposed project is a 4-parcel residential subdivision. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: The proposed use will not have a harmful effect on the neighborhood character because the area surrounding the project site is developed with estate residential. To the north, south, east and west are residential land uses on parcels ranging from 2.5 acres to 20 acres to the north, south, east, and west. The project is for a residential land use proposing minimum 2-acre parcels. Therefore, this project will be compatible with the existing character of development and planned land use.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: The project is not located near or visible from a scenic vista and will not change the composition of an existing scenic vista. The nearest scenic highway is San Dieguito Road, a Third Priority Scenic Route, which is located approximately two miles to the north. The proposed project is not visible from Del Dios Highway, a designated scenic vista, overlook or viewpoint according to the Scenic Highway Element of the General Plan. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

- d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
 - Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

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Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes a minor residential subdivision, which may include outdoor lighting. Any future outdoor lighting pursuant to this project shall be required to meet the requirements of the County of San Diego Zoning Ordinance (Section 6322-6326) and the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115).

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, San Diego Gas and Electric land use planners, personnel from Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources of light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with past, present and reasonably foreseeable future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

- a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance (Important Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, or other agricultural resources, to non-agricultural use?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
- Less than Significant Impact

- Less Than Significant With Mitigation
 - No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site does not contain any agricultural resources, lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, no agricultural resources including Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance will be converted to a non-agricultural use.

- b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?
 - Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

- Less Than Significant With Mitigation
- No Impact

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Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site is zoned RR.5, which is not considered to be an agricultural zone. Additionally, the project site's land is not under a Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, the project does not conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract.

- c) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Important Farmland or other agricultural resources, to non-agricultural use?
 - L
- Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The surrounding area within a radius of one mile has land designated as Unique Farmland and Farmland of Local Importance. As a result, the proposed project was reviewed by County staff agricultural specialist, Jennifer Campos, and was determined not to have significant adverse impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: the project site does not have an agricultural designation nor does any agricultural resources exist onsite. No agricultural resources will be impacted with the grading activities for the construction of the single-family homes. Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance to a nonagricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

<u>III.</u> AIR QUALITY -- Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes development that was anticipated in SANDAG growth projections used in development of the RAQS and SIP. Operation of the project will not result in emissions of significant quantities of criteria

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pollutants listed in the California Ambient Air Quality Standards or toxic air contaminants as identified by the California Air Resources Board. As such, the proposed project is not expected to conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. In addition, the project is consistent the SANDAG growth projections used in the RAQS and SIP, therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact.

- b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
- Less than Significant Impact
- Less Than Significant With Mitigation
 No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to grade approximately 6,359 cubic yards of cut and 8,761 cubic yards of fill. Grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state

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ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?

П

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O₃). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM_{10}) under the CAAQS. O₃ is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM_{10} in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM₁₀, NO_x and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and VOCs as the result of increase of traffic from operations at the facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in PM₁₀ and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SOAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for VOCs and PM₁₀.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any O_3 precursors.

d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?





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Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation \mathbf{N} Incorporated

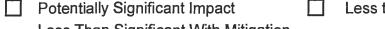
No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12th Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly

No Impact: Based on a site visit conducted by County staff on November 18, 2005, sensitive receptors have not been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project. Furthermore, no point-source emissions of air pollutants (other than vehicle emissions) are associated with the project. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.

Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people? e)



Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

 \mathbf{N} No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: No potential sources of objectionable odors have been identified in association with the proposed project. As such, no impact from odors is anticipated.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Less than Significant Impact 1 1



No Impact

 \mathbf{N}

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: Based on County records, staff field site visits, and a Biological Resources Report prepared by Tierra Environmental Services dated April 12, 2007, a survey report for thread-leaf brodiaea prepared by Chris Nordby dated May 14, 2008, and a survey for California gnatcatcher prepared by

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John Konecny dated June 10, 2008, the 10.2 acre site contains 2.08 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub and 7.45 acres, non-native grassland with the remaining 0.69 acre considered disturbed/developed. A northeast-southwest shallow trending drainage swale was determined to be non-jurisdictional as it supports upland habitat and does not have a defined channel. This small site is surrounded by other small parcels that are either developed or scheduled for development, and it is approximately 670 feet from the City of San Diego development to the east. It is also disconnected from MSCP preserve areas or lands with potential for linkages to BRCAs. Therefore, it is not an area in which mitigation/preservation should be focused. However, some on-site preservation is required in order to avoid particularly sensitive plant species in accordance with the BMO.

One rare plant population occurs on site: California adolphia (*Adolphia californica*). California adolphia is a County Group-B rare plant species that occurs on the northeastern portion of the site. Group B plants are typically rare, threatened or endangered in California but more common elsewhere. The California adolphia population on site is comprised of 12 individuals. Also, several individuals occur just offsite. There will be no impacts to adolphia as an open space easement is proposed to protect the onsite population.

Thread-leaved brodiaea is a County Group-A rare plant species. Although this plant was detected on the site immediately to the east of the proposed project, surveys indicated that this species does not occur onsite.

Focused surveys for the California gnatcatcher (*Polioptila californica californica*) were conducted by Varanus Biological Services, Inc. in July 2004 and by John Konecny in <u>May/June 2008</u> in accordance with US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) protocol. No California gnatcatchers were detected onsite. However, the gnatcatcher has been observed within the project vicinity and is thus the gnatcatcher is rated with a high potential to occur onsite.

There will be onsite impacts to 1.95 acres of coastal sage scrub and 6.8 acres of nonnative grassland. Off-site impacts were also calculated for improvements to Trailside Road. This would result in a 0.08-acre impact to coastal sage scrub and a 0.04-acre impact to non-native grassland. Impacts to these sensitive habitats will be mitigated off-site in accordance with the BMO. As such, coastal sage scrub impacts shall be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio for a total of 2.0 acre-credits of Tier II or higher tier to be purchased in a mitigation bank in the MSCP. Non-native grassland will be mitigated at a 0.5:1 ratio for a total purchase of 3.4-acre credits in the MSCP. No mitigation is required for the Tier IV disturbed/developed lands. Please note, the onsite open space is not considered as mitigation for the project, nor is it considered impacted. That is, the easement is considered impact neutral. A 15-foot trail easement runs along the north side of the project. The trail easement is not required to be built and is also considered impact neutral. At the time the trail is built, mitigation will be required for any temporary and/or permanent impacts to habitat.

Therefore, staff has determined that although the site supports native biological habitat, the removal of this habitat will not result in substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, to species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special

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status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for the following reasons: the County has determined that this site does not meet the criteria for a Biological Resource Core Area (BRCA) due to its surroundings and is therefore not an area in which mitigation/preservation should be focused; impact area has been designed to avoid the most sensitive resources onsite (sensitive plant species); conservation efforts include the preservation of 0.8 acres of non-native grassland and coastal sage scrub on-site. This open space would be protected by a limited building zone of 100 feet along with signs stating sensitive environmental resources are present. Fencing is required adjacent to the proposed single family residence thus separating the open space from proposed development; and, California gnatcatcher bird breeding season avoidance is a condition of project approval.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: Based on County records, staff field site visits and the a Biological Resources Report prepared by Tierra Environmental Services dated April 12, 2007, the 10.2 acre site contains 2.08 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub and 7.45 acres, non-native grassland with the remaining 0.69 acre considered disturbed/developed. A northeast-southwest shallow trending drainage swale was determined to be non-jurisdictional as it supports upland habitat and does not have a defined channel. No riparian habitat is present onsite and thus, the project will not have a substantial adverse effect on riparian habitat.

Impacts to 2.0 acres of coastal sage scrub and 6.8 acres of non-native grassland will be mitigated off-site in accordance with the BMO. As such, coastal sage scrub impacts shall be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio for a total of 2.0 acre-credits of Tier II or higher tier to be purchased in a mitigation bank in the MSCP. Non-native grassland will be mitigated at a 0.5:1 ratio for a total purchase of 3.4-acre credits in the MSCP. Thus, any substantial effect on coastal sage scrub and non-native grasslands, sensitive natural communities, has been mitigated to less than significant.

c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation	No Impact

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Incorporated

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on County records, staff field site visits and the Biological Resources Report prepared by Tierra Environmental Services dated April 12, 2007, the project site does not contain any wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, stream, lake, river or water of the U.S., that could potentially be impacted through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, diversion or obstruction by the proposed development. Therefore, no impacts will occur to wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act in which the Army Corps of Engineers maintains jurisdiction over.

d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: This small site is surrounded by other small parcels that are either developed or scheduled for development, and it is approximately 670 feet from the City of San Diego development to the east. It is also disconnected from MSCP preserve areas or lands with potential for linkages to Biological Resource Core Area (BRCAs). It has been determined that this site does not meet the criteria for a BRCA due to its surroundings and is thus more suitable for development. Thus, it is not expected that the project will interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites.

e) Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources?

	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Refer to the attached Ordinance Compliance Checklist dated February 29, 2008 for further information on consistency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local,

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regional or state habitat conservation plan, including, Habitat Management Plans (HMP) Special Area Management Plans (SAMP) or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources including the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), Habitat Loss Permit (HLP).

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

- a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in 15064.5?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
 Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated
 No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist), Gail Wright on January 26, 2006, it has been determined that there are no impacts to historical resources because they do not occur within the project site. The results of the survey are provided in an historical resources report titled, "*Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 20975, Log No, 05-08-028 – Lang Minor Subdivision, APN 267-142-09-00; Negative Survey*", prepared by Gail Wright, dated January 26, 2006.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to 15064.5?

 Potentially Significant Impact	 Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant: Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist), Gail Wright on January 26, 2006, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any archaeological resources. The results of the survey are provided in an archaeological survey report titled, "*Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 20975, Log No. 05-08-028 – Lang Minor Subdivision, APN 267-142-09-00; Negative Survey*", prepared by Gail Wright, dated January 26, 2006.

No Sacred Lands were identified by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC). Staff contacted the Native American groups and individuals provided by the NAHC to further investigate whether they have knowledge of Sacred Lands occurring on the subject parcels. No response was received.





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A large portion of the parcel was difficult to access because of areas of dense Diegan Coastal Sage scrub vegetation (Holland No. 32500) and in other areas a thick covering of non-native grassland. In addition, a number of prehistoric sites have been previously recorded within the vicinity of the project. Because of these reasons, a condition of approval for this project will be required for an approved archaeological consultant and Native American observer to be present on site during all earth-disturbing activities.

c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique geologic feature?

- Potentially Significant Impact
- Less than Significant Impact
- Less Than Significant With Mitigation
- No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Unique Geologic Features – The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been catalogued within the Conservation Element (Part X) of the County's General Plan (see Appendix G for a listing of unique geological features) or that support known geologic characteristics with the potential to support unique geologic features. Additionally, based on a site visit by staff, no known unique geologic features were identified on the property or in the immediate vicinity.

d) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site?

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: The project has marginal potential for containing paleontological resources and will excavate the substratum and/or bedrock below the soil horizons.

A monitoring program implemented by the excavation/grading contractor will be required. Equipment operators and others involved in the excavation should watch for fossils during the normal course of their duties. In accordance with the Grading Ordinance, if a fossil or fossil assemblage of greater than twelve inches in any dimension is encountered during excavation, all excavation operations in the area where the fossil or fossil assemblage was found shall be suspended immediately, the County's Permit Compliance Coordinator shall be notified, and a Qualified Paleontologist shall be retained by the applicant to inspect the find to determine if it is significant. A Qualified Paleontologist is a person who has, to the satisfaction of the Planning and Land Use Director:

• A Ph.D. or M.S. or equivalent in paleontology or closely related field (e.g., sedimentary or stratigraphic geology, evolutionary biology, etc.);

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- Demonstrated knowledge of southern California paleontology and geology; and
- Documented experience in professional paleontological procedures and techniques.

If the Qualified Paleontologist determines that the fossil or fossil assemblage is significant; a mitigation program involving salvage, cleaning, and curation of the fossil(s) and documentation shall be implemented. If no fossils or fossil assemblages of greater than 12 inches in any dimension are encountered during excavation, a "No Fossils Found" letter will be submitted to the County Department of Planning and Land Use identifying who conducted the monitoring and that no fossils were found. If one or more fossils or fossil assemblages are found, the Qualified Paleontologist shall prepare a report documenting the mitigation program, including field and laboratory methodology, location and the geologic and stratigraphic setting, list(s) of collected fossils and their paleontological significance, descriptions of any analyses, conclusions, and references cited.

Therefore, with the implementation of the above project requirements during project grading operations, potential impacts to paleontological resources will be less than significant. Furthermore, the project will not result in a cumulative impact to paleontological resources because other projects that require grading in sensitive paleontological resource areas will be required to have the appropriate level of paleontological monitoring and resource recovery. In addition, other projects that propose any amount of significant grading would be subject to the requirements for paleontological monitoring as required pursuant to the County's Grading Ordinance. Therefore, the project would not result in a significant direct, indirect, or cumulatively significant loss of paleontological resources.

- e) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
 Less than Significant Impact
 - Less Than Significant With Mitigation 🗹 No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist), Gail Wright on January 26, 2006, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. The results of the survey are provided in an archaeological survey report titled, *"Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 20975, Log No. 05-08-028 – Lang Minor Subdivision, APN 267-142-09-00; Negative Survey"*, prepared by Gail Wright, dated January 26, 2006.



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VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS -- Would the project:

- a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
 - i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.
 - Potentially Significant Impact
 Less Than Significant With Mitigation
 - Incorporated

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project is not located in a fault rupture hazard zone identified by the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California, or located within any other area with substantial evidence of a known fault. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known fault-rupture hazard zone as a result of this project.

i	i. Strong seismic ground shaking?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	 Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: To ensure the structural integrity of all buildings and structures, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements as outlined within the California Building Code. The County Code requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved before the issuance of a building permit. Therefore, compliance with the California Building Code and the County Code ensures the project will not result in a potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from strong seismic ground shaking.

iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation	\checkmark	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

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No Impact: The project site is not within a "Potential Liquefaction Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. This indicates that the geologic environment of the project site is not susceptible to ground failure from seismic activity. In addition, the site is not underlain by poor artificial fill or located within a floodplain. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known area susceptible to ground failure, including liquefaction.

iv. Landslides?

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation	\checkmark	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site is not within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the *Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA* (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Also included within Landslide Susceptibility Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes steeper than 15% in grade because these soils are slide prone. Since the project is not located within an identified Landslide Susceptibility Area and the geologic environment has a low probability to become unstable, the project would have no impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from landslides.

b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?

- Potentially Significant Impact
- Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as San Miguel-Exchequer rocky silt loams (SnG), and Huerhuero Ioam (HrC2), that has a soil erodibility rating of "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

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- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Storm Water Management Plan dated March 5, 2007, prepared by Nolte Associates, Inc. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site: construction BMPs such as silt fences, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, and paving and grinding operations; site design measures such as minimizing the impervious footprint, conserving natural areas where feasible, minimizing erosion from slopes, and draining runoff into adjacent landscaping; source control measures such as efficient irrigation systems and landscape design and draining private roads and driveways into swales and/or adjacent landscaping; and treatment control measures such as vegetative swales and using natural vegetation on slopes.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

c) Will the project produce unstable geological conditions that will result in adverse impacts resulting from landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

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No Impact: The project is not located on or near geological formations that are unstable or would potentially become unstable as a result of the project. For further information refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., i-iv listed above.

d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is located on expansive soils as defined within Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. The soils on-site are San Miguel-Exchequer rocky silt loams (SnG), and Huerhuero Ioam (HrC2). However the project will not have any significant impacts because the project is required to comply the improvement requirements identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code, Division III – Design Standard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Foundations to Resist the Effects of Expansive Soils and Compressible Soils, which ensure suitable structure safety in areas with expansive soils. Also the project has been reviewed by County staff geologist, Jim Bennett, and has determined that no impacts will result to risks to life or property. Therefore, these soils will not create substantial risks to life or property.

- e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
- Less than Significant Impact
- Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project will rely on public water and sewer for the disposal of wastewater. A service availability letter dated August 3, 2005 has been received from the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District indicating that the facility has adequate capacity for the project's wastewater disposal needs. No septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems are proposed.

VII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazardous materials or wastes?

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Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
No Impact : The project will not create a signific environment because it does not propose the disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Ha currently in use in the immediate vicinity.	storag	e, use, transport, emission, or
b) Create a significant hazard to the public foreseeable upset and accident condition materials into the environment?	or th	e environment through reasonably volving the release of hazardous
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
No Impact: The project will not contain, handle chemicals or compounds that would present a release of hazardous substances.		
 c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle ha substances, or waste within one-quarte 		
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation	\checkmark	No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
No Impact: The project is not located within or proposed school. Therefore, the project will no proposed school.		
 Be located on a site which is included or compiled pursuant to Government Code it create a significant hazard to the public 	e Secl	ion 65962.5 and, as a result, would
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation	\checkmark	No Impact

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Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project is not located on a site listed in the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5.

e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

 \mathbf{N}



Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP), a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP), or within two miles of a public airport. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a f) safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

Е	-1
E	

Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact 11

Less Than Significant With Mitigation	No Impact
Incorporated	No impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project is not within one mile of a private airstrip. As a result, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

- Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency **g**) response plan or emergency evacuation plan?
 - Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

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The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

No Impact: The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

No Impact: The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.

h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?

 \mathbf{N}

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation D No Impact

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Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County and Appendix II-A, as adopted and amended by the local fire protection district. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the Tentative Map, Tentative Parcel Map, or building permit process. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated August 3, 2005, have been received from the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District. The conditions from the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District include: 1) 100-feet of fire clearing around all structures, 2) the access road from Artesian Trail must be 24-feet and the access roadway must be 24/28 as per the County Private Road Standards, 3) fire apparatus access roads and hose pull, including private residential driveways, shall be required for every building hereafter constructed when any portion of an exterior wall of the first story is located more than 150-feet from the closest point of fire department vehicle access, 4) fire hydrants, together with an adequate water supply, must be installed at locations acceptable to the Fire District, and be within 500-feet to all parts of a building, the required fire flow for this project is 2,500 gallons per minute at 20-psi residual pressure, 5) automatic fire sprinklers shall be installed in all occupancies, 6) landscape plan shall be submitted to the Fire District, 100-foot fuel modification zones shall be required from all structures in areas that are located near or next to open space areas, roadways require a 30-foot fuel modification zone on each side of the roadway, structures shall have a setback from top of slope of 15-feet for single story elements, and 30-feet for two story elements, 7) use of building materials shall comply with Ordinance #03-01, Appendix II-A and Ordinance #04-03, the International Urban-Wildland Interface Code, 2003 edition with certain amendments, additions, and deletions. Therefore, based on the review of the project by County staff, through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A and through compliance with the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District's conditions, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-Α.

i) Propose a use, or place residents adjacent to an existing or reasonably foreseeable use that would substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies, which are capable of transmitting significant public health diseases or nuisances?

Potentially Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

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Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by County staff on November 18, 2005 there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY -- Would the project:

a) Violate any waste discharge requirements?

Potentially Significant Impact	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes 4 residential pads. As outlined in the Storm water Management Plan (SWMP) dated March 2007, and prepared by Nolte Associates, the project will implement site design measures, source control, and treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. The measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMPs that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on- or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

b) Is the project tributary to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, could the project result in an increase in any pollutant for which the water body is already impaired?

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 Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated 		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project lies in the La Jolla (905.12) hydrologic subarea, within the San Dieguito hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, a portion of this watershed at the Pacific Ocean and San Dieguito River is impaired for coliform bacteria. Constituents of concern in the San Dieguito watershed include coliform bacteria, nutrients, sediment, lowered dissolve oxygen, and trace metals.

The proposed BMP's are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water guality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Storm Water Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

c) Could the proposed project cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

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Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact:

d) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of preexisting nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?



Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project will obtain its water supply from the Olivenhain Municipal Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ¼ mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.

e) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

 \square

- Potentially Significant Impact
- Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes 4 residential pads. As outlined in the Storm water Management Plan (SWMP) dated March 2007 and prepared by Nolte Associates, the project will implement site design measures, source control, and treatment control BMP's to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. The measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff

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Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMP's that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on- or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

f) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff for the following reasons, based on a Drainage Study prepared by Nolte Associates dated April 2006:

- a. Drainage will be conveyed to natural drainage channels and approved drainage facilities.
- b. The project will not significantly increase water surface elevation in any watercourse.
- c. The project will not significantly increase surface runoff exiting the project site.

Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding onor off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.

g)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or
	planned storm water drainage systems?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation		No Impact

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Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems.

h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Less	Than	Significant	With	Mitigation
Incor	porate	ed		

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: construction activities, parking areas, roads and driveways. However, site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in runoff to the maximum extent practicable. Refer to VIII Hydrology and Water Quality Questions a, b, c, for further information.

i) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including County Floodplain Maps?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Drainage swales, which have a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site. However, the project is not proposing to place structures with a potential for human occupation within these areas, and will not place access roads or other improvements which will limit access during flood events or affect downstream properties.

j) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

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Less Than Significant Impact:

The project site contains drainage swales, which are identified as being 100-year flood hazard areas. However, the project is not proposing to place structures, access roads or other improvements which will impede or redirect flood flows in these areas.

k) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding?



Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.

I) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?

I	

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact	
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Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site lies outside a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.

m)	Inundation	by seiche,	tsunami, or mudflow?	
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 Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

i. SEICHE

No Impact: The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche.

ii. TSUNAMI

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No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

iii. MUDFLOW

No Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff geologist JIM BENNETT has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING -- Would the project:

a) Physically divide an established community?

Potentially Significant Impact	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to introduce either new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. However, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community for the following reasons: the surrounding area contains single family residential uses on larger sized lots, approximately 2 to 4 acres in size and much of the area is being developed with similar type uses. East of the project site is a development within the City of San Diego, with smaller lot sizes, around 1 acre. Therefore, the project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.

b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

 Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policy 1.3- Estate Development Area and General Plan Land Use Designation 17- Estate Residential. The General Plan requires minimum gross parcel

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sizes of not less than one dwelling unit per two acres. The proposed project has gross parcel sizes and density that are consistent with the General Plan. The project is subject to the policies of the San Dieguito Community Plan. The proposed project is consistent with the policies of this Community Plan. The current zone is RR.5 (Rural Residential), which requires a net minimum lot size of two. The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size.

X. MINERAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

- a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?
 - Potentially Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Although the project site has been classified by the California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area of undetermined mineral resources MRZ-3, staff geologist Jim Bennett has reviewed the site's geologic environment and has determined that the site is not located within an alluvial river valley or underlain by coastal marine/non-marine granular deposits. Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource of value to the region and the residents of the state will occur as a result of this project. Moreover, if the resources are not considered significant mineral deposits, loss of these resources cannot contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.

- b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?

Less than Significant Impact



Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Incorporated

 \mathbf{N} No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site is zoned RR.5, which is not considered to be an Extractive Use Zone (S-82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000).

XI. NOISE -- Would the project result in:

Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards a) established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?

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 Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated 		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is a 4-parcel residential subdivision and will be occupied by residents. Based on a site visit completed by County staff on November 18, 2005, the surrounding area supports rural residential development and native habitat. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

General Plan - Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. Project implementation is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of projected County noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours) and/or review by County Noise Specialist John Bennett on November 21, 2005. Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site is zoned RR.5 that has a one-hour average sound limit of 50 decibels between 7am to 10pm and 45 decibels from 10pm to 7am. The adjacent properties are zoned RR.5 (Rural Residential). Based on review by staff County Noise Specialist John Bennett on November 21, 2005 the project's noise levels are not anticipated to impact adjoining properties or exceed County Noise Standards, which is 45 decibels, because the project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line.

Noise Ordinance - Section 36-410

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

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Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts. because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or b) groundborne noise levels?

 \mathbf{N}



Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Incorporated

No Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes a 4-parcel residential subdivision where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation and/or sleeping conditions. However, the facilities are setback 200 feet from any public road or transit Right-of-Way with projected noise contours of 65 dB or more; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 200 feet ensures that the operations do not have any chance of being impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment 1995). In addition, the setback ensures that the project will not be affected by any past, present or future projects that may support sources of groundborne vibration or groundborne noise.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area.

Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level.

c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity
•	above levels existing without the project?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

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Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: motor vehicles. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on review of the project by County staff. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.

The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

- d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?
 - Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.

Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.

e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would



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the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation \mathbf{N} Incorporated

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose f) people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

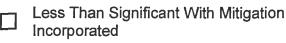
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

XII. POPULATION AND HOUSING -- Would the project:

- Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by a) proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?
 - Potentially Significant Impact M
- Less than Significant Impact



No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes a minor residential subdivision to create 4 parcels, which will require annexation into the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District for sewer service. However, this physical or regulatory change will not induce substantial population growth in an area, because the extension of infrastructure and public facilities such as water, sewer or roadways into previously unserved areas is consistent with the County General Plan and project will be consistent County planning goals.

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b)	b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact	
L.	Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact	
Discu	ssion/Explanation:			
	pact: roposed project will not displace any exis t.	ting h	ousing since the site is currently	
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project will not displace a substantial number of people since the site is currently vacant.

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

- a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:
 - i. Fire protection?
 - ii. Police protection?
 - iii. Schools?
 - iv. Parks?
 - v. Other public facilities?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact Less Than Significant Impact: Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly

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altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: Solana Beach school district, Olivenhain Municipal Water District, Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District (CSD), and the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District. Pursuant to the sewer service availability form, the following new governmental facilities must be constructed as a part of the project in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services: sewer lines. However, as outlined in this Environmental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the new facilities will not result in adverse physical effect on the environment. Specifically, refer to Section XVI for more information.

The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services.

The CSD is requiring annexation in order for the property to obtain sewer service. The CSD is also requiring that the applicant pay all of the required annexation and connection fees to the CSD and the applicant must provide for all necessary improvements or facilities necessary to convey sewer to the nearest CSD sewer line.

The sewer lines that are necessary for the project are anticipated to serve only the proposed parcels and they will be 8-inch lines. Prior to approving the construction documents for any public or private plan for the proposed sewer installation, the CSD will require justification for the pipe size. This may include a sewer capacity study and the CSD will not approve the installation unless it meets the District's ultimate needs. The length of the sewer extension, both on-site and off-site to the adjacent property, will be approximately 1080 feet, connecting into the gravity line to be built by TM 5116-1. This includes 350 feet of the off-site extension.

The extension of infrastructure and public facilities such as water, sewer or roadways into previously unserved areas is consistent with the County General Plan and the project will be consistent County planning goals. Therefore, the project will not result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new sewer facilities.

XIV. RECREATION

a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?



Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational

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facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay the park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

There is an existing surplus of County Regional Parks. Currently, there is over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which far exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive surplus of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result any cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation and future residential projects a significant surplus of regional recreational facilities will remain.

b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

] Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

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Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project includes a 15-foot wide trail easement along the northern property boundary. However, as outlined in this Environmental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the trail will not result in adverse physical effect on the environment. Therefore, the construction or expansion of this recreational facility will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

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XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC -- Would the project:

- a) Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
 Less than Significant Impact
 Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated
 No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: The proposed project will result in an additional 48 ADT. The project was reviewed by the Department of Public Works and was determined not to result in a substantial increase in the number of vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections in relation to existing conditions for the following reasons: The proposed project would not result in a degradation of the level of service (LOS) of surrounding roadways. Artesian Trail is a PRD Road and Level of Service criteria does not apply. The traffic volume from the project (48 ADT) would not result in any impacts, degradation, or threshold increase on Artesian Trail. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project level impact increase in traffic, which is considered substantial in relation to existing traffic load and capacity of the street system.

CUMULATIVE IMPACTS:

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) Program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, State, and Federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 48 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the County that were analyzed by the TIF Program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is

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required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF Program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

- b) Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the County congestion management agency and/or as identified by the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Program for designated roads or highways?
 - Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: The proposed project will result in an additional 48 ADT. The project was reviewed by the Department of Public Works and was determined not to result in a substantial increase in the number of vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections in relation to existing conditions for the following reasons: The proposed project would not result in a degradation of the level of service (LOS) of surrounding roadways. Artesian Trail is a PRD road and Level of Service criteria does not apply. The traffic volume from the project (48 ADT) would not result in any impacts, degradation, or threshold increase on Artesian Trail. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project level impact increase in traffic, which is considered substantial in relation to existing traffic load and capacity of the street system.

CUMULATIVE IMPACTS:

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) Program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, State, and Federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.





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The proposed project generates 48 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the County that were analyzed by the TIF Program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact



Less Than Significant With Mitigation $\mathbf{\nabla}$ Incorporated

No Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Influence Area and is not located within two miles of a public or public use airport; therefore, the project will not result in a change in air traffic patterns.

d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?

1		

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

No Impact: The proposed project will not alter traffic patterns, roadway design, place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways, or create or place curves, slopes or walls which impedes adequate site distance on a road.

e)	F	Result in inadequate emergency access	;?	
[Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation	\checkmark	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

No Impact: The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The project is not served by a dead-end road that exceeds the maximum cumulative length

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permitted by the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County; therefore, the project has adequate emergency access.

f)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
Less Than Significant Impact: The Zoning Ordinance Section 6758 Parking Schedule requires two on-site parking spaces for each dwelling unit. The proposed lots have sufficient area to provide at least two on-site parking spaces consistent with the Zoning Ordinance.				
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not propose any hazards or barriers for pedestrians or bicyclists. Any required improvements will be constructed to maintain existing conditions as it relates to pedestrians and bicyclists.				
XVI. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project: a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discussion/Explanation:				
No Impact: The project does not involve any uses that will discharge any wastewater to sanitary sewer or on-site wastewater systems (septic). Therefore, the project will not exceed any wastewater treatment requirements.				
b)	Require or result in the construction of r	new wa	ater or wastewater treatment	

facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?

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Detentially Significant Impact			
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: The project involves new and expanded water or wastewater treatment facilities. The new and expanded facilities include the extension of sewer lines. However, as outlined in this Environmental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the new and expanded facilities will not result in adverse physical effect on the environment because all related impacts from the proposed water or wastewater treatment facilities have been mitigated to a level below significance. Refer to Section IV for more information.

c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?

	Potentially Significant Impact	 Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: The project involves new storm water drainage facilities. The new facilities include vegetated swales. However, as outlined in this Environmental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the new facilities will not result in adverse physical effect on the environment, because all related impacts from the proposed storm water facilities have been mitigated to a level below significance. Refer to Sections IV for more information.

d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project requires water service from the Olivenhain Municipal Water District. A Service Availability Letter from the Olivenhain Municipal Water District has been provided, indicating adequate water resources and entitlements are available to serve the requested water resources. Therefore, the project will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project.

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may serve the	e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
	gnificant Impact gnificant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Ir No Impact	npact	
Discussion/Explanation	on:				
Less Than Significant Impact: The project requires wastewater service from the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District. A Service Availability Letter from the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District has been provided, indicating adequate wastewater service capacity is available to serve the requested demand once the project is annexed into the district. Therefore, the project will not interfere with any wastewater treatment provider's service capacity.					
f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?					
	gnificant Impact gnificant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Ir No Impact	npact	
Discussion/Explanation:					
Less Than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid					

g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?

	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

waste disposal needs.

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Less than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

- a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?
 - Potentially Significant Impact
 Less than Significant Impact
 Less Than Significant With Mitigation
 Incorporated
 No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the guality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. Resources that have been evaluated as significant would be potentially impacted by the project, particularly Biology. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes granting an open space easement and limited building zone, temporary and permanent fencing and signage, securing 2 acres of Tier II habitat and 3.4 acres of Tier III habitat as defined by the San Diego County Multiple Species Conservation Program in a mitigation bank, and restricting all brushing, clearing and/or grading such that none will be required within 300 feet of coastal sage scrub during the gnatcatcher breeding season. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, significant effects associated with this project would result. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of

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a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?

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Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

 \checkmark

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER			
NEXTEL /TETRA TECH. CELL SITE	MUP 04-003			
ARTESIAN TRAIL	TPM 20662			
GANO RESERVOIR & UNIT X PIPELINES	AD 02-057			
DANS TREE FARM	AD 04-045			
LOMA LINDA ESTATES	REZ 04-020, TPM 20873			
VISTA RIDGE TM	TM 5418			
SANTA FE VALLEY SPECIFIC PLAN	SPA 06-002, REZ 06-004			
AMENDMENT				
SANTA FE MEADOWS	AD 06-036			
LOMA LINDA ESTATES	STP 06-047			

Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the project's potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to biology and traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes securing 2 acres of Tier II habitat and 3.4 acres of Tier III habitat as defined by the San Diego County Multiple Species Conservation Program in mitigation bank and payment of the transportation impact fee. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation . No Impact Incorporated

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Discussion/Explanation:

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Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes payment of the Transportation Impact Fee . As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to <u>http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/</u>. For State regulation refer to <u>www.leginfo.ca.gov</u>. For County regulation refer to <u>www.amlegal.com</u>. All other references are available upon request.

EXTENDED INITIAL STUDIES

- CEQA Drainage Study prepared by Nolte Associates, Inc., dated September 2006.
- CEQA Stormwater Management Plan Land TPM 20975 prepared by Nolte Associates, inc., dated March 2007.
- Cultural Resources Survey Report Negative Findings prepared by Gail Wright, dated July 26, 2006.
- Fire Protection Plan and Catastrophic Wildfire Risk Analysis prepared by Scott Franklin Consulting, dated July 18, 2007.
- Biological Resources Report for the Santa Fe Hills Property prepared by Tierra Environmental Services dated December 10, 2007
- Focused Survey for Thread-leaf Brodiaea on the 10.21-acre Santa Fe Hills Property TPM # 20975. Chris Nordby, May 14, 2008
- Results of a Focused Survey for the Coastal California Gnatcatcher on the 10 Acre Santa Fe Hills Property, TPM 20975. County of San Diego, California, 2008. John Konecny, June 10, 2008

AESTHETICS

- California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)
- California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hg/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County.

Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)

- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Llght Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).
- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)
- Institution of Lighting Engineers, Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Light Pollution, Warwickshire, UK, 2000 (http://www.dark-skies.org/ile-gd-e.htm)
- International Light Inc., Light Measurement Handbook, 1997. (www.Intl-light.com)

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- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA.
- (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.
- US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System. (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
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REVIEW FOR APPLICABILITY OF/COMPLIANCE WITH ORDINANCES/POLICIES

FOR PURPOSES OF CONSIDERATION OF LANG MINOR RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION, TPM 20975RPL²

February 29, 2008

I. HABITAT LOSS PERMIT ORDINANCE – Does the proposed project conform to the Habitat Loss Permit/Coastal Sage Scrub Ordinance findings?

ES	NO	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT
		\boxtimes

Discussion:

Y

The proposed project and any off-site improvements are located within the boundaries of the Multiple Species Conservation Program. Therefore, conformance to the Habitat Loss Permit/Coastal Sage Scrub Ordinance findings is not required.

II. MSCP/BMO - Does the proposed project conform to the Multiple Species Conservation Program and Biological Mitigation Ordinance?

/ES	NO	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT
\boxtimes		

Discussion:

A minor amendment request has been made to the Wildlife Agencies dated March 6, 2008. MSCP findings have been prepared and the project conforms with the BMO.

III. GROUNDWATER ORDINANCE - Does the project comply with the requirements of the San Diego County Groundwater Ordinance?

YES NO

NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT

Discussion:

The project will obtain its water supply from the Olivenhain Municipal Water District. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation or domestic supply. **TPM 20975RPL²**

February 29, 2008

IV. RESOURCE PROTECTION ORDINANCE - Does the project comply with:

- 2 -

The wetland and wetland buffer regulations (Article IV, Sections 1 & 2) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES 🛛	NO	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT
The Floodways and Floodplain Fringe section (Article IV, Section 3) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES		NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT
The <u>Steep Slope</u> section (Article IV, Section 5)?	YES		NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT
The Sensitive Habitat Lands section (Article IV, Section 6) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES		
The Significant Prehistoric and Historic Sites section (Article IV, Section 7) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES 🛛		NOT APPLIÇABLE/EXEMPT

Discussion:

Wetland and Wetland Buffers: The site contains no wetland habitats as defined by the San Diego County Resource Protection Ordinance. The site does not have a substratum of predominately undrained hydric soils, the land does not support, even periodically, hydrophytic plants, nor is an ephemeral or perennial stream present.

Floodways and Floodplain Fringe: The project is not located near any floodway or floodplain fringe area as defined in the Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), nor is it near a watercourse plotted on any official County floodway or floodplain map.

Steep Slopes: The average slope for the property is 13.5 percent gradient. Slopes with a gradient of 25 percent or greater and 50 feet or higher in vertical height are required to be placed in open space easements by the San Diego County Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO). There are no steep slopes on the property. The project is in conformance with the RPO.

Sensitive Habitats: Sensitive habitat lands were identified on the site. The sensitive habitat that supports sensitive plant species will be preserved within an onsite biological open space easement. This easement will be considered avoidance for mitigation purposes and the entire site will be mitigated through the purchase of offsite habitat in a County approved bank or other County approved lands within the MSCP. Therefore, it has been found that the proposed project complies with Section 86.604(f) of the Resource Protection Ordinance.

Significant Prehistoric and Historic Sites: The County of San Diego staff archaeologist Gail Wright on January 26, 2006 has inspected the property, analyzed

TPM 20975RPL²



records, and determined there are no archaeological or historical sites within the project area.

V. STORMWATER ORDINANCE (WPO) - Does the project comply with the County of San Diego Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO)?



The Storm Water Management Plan by Nolte Associates dated March 2007 by is complete and adequate for CEQA purposes.

<u>VI. NOISE ORDINANCE</u> – Does the project comply with the County of San Diego Noise Element of the General Plan and the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance?



Discussion:

The proposal would not expose people to nor generate potentially significant noise levels which exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego Noise Element of the General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control regulations.

Transportation (traffic, railroad, aircraft) noise levels at the project site are not expected to exceed Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL)=60 decibels (dB) limit because review of the project indicates that the project is not in close proximity to a railroad and/or airport. Additionally, the County of San Diego GIS noise model does not indicate that the project would be subject to potential excessive noise levels from circulation element roads either now or at General Plan buildout.

Noise impacts to the proposed project from adjacent land uses are not expected to exceed the property line sound level limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance.





FINDINGS OF CONFORMANCE MULTIPLE SPECIES CONSERVATION PROGRAM For Santa Fe Hills (Lang) Minor Amendment TPM 20975

February 29July 11, 2008

I. Introduction

The proposed project is a minor subdivision of a 10.22-acre property into four parcels ranging in size from 2.25 to 2.53 acres gross. The site is currently vacant. Development of the project would include grading for four building pads and associated driveways, construction of four homes, installation of four septic systems, and fire clearing around structures. Access to the project will be from Trailside Road with a private road extending onsite and terminating in a cul-de-sac. The proposed project also includes the extensions of sewer line.

The project site is located 4 miles west of Interstate 15, south of Trailside Road, west of Artesian Trail in the Community of San Dieguito, within the unincorporated portion of San Diego County (Assessor Parcel Number 267-142-09). This area is located within the Lake Hodges segment of the County's Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). The project site is designated as "Minor Amendment" on the MSCP Subarea Plan Map (see Attachment A).

As described in Section 1.14.1 of the MSCP Subarea Plan, minor amendment properties contain habitat that could be partially or completely eliminated (with appropriate mitigation) without significantly affecting the overall goals of the County's Subarea Plan. Minor amendment properties must meet the criteria and achieve the goals for linkages and corridors as described in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 of the Metro-Lakeside-Jamul Segment of the Subarea Plan and provide mitigation consistent with the Biological Mitigation Ordinance (BMO). Minor amendments under County jurisdiction require the approval of the US Fish and Wildlife Service's Field Office Supervisor and the California Department of Fish and Game NCCP Program Manager.

The project site is surrounded by vacant lands of similar habitat value. However, the parcel immediately to the east is proposed for a similar subdivision and lands immediately to the east of that proposed development are in the City of San Diego and are currently being developed. MSCP Hardline Preserve lands are located approximately 780 feet southwest of the project site.

Biological resources on the project site were evaluated in a Biological Resources Report prepared by Tierra Environmental Services and dated April 12, 2007. <u>A survey</u> report for thread-leaf brodiaea was prepared by Chris Nordby on May 14, 2008 and a <u>survey for California gnatcatcher was prepared by John Konecny on June 10, 2008</u>. The site contains 2.08 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub and 7.45 acres, non-native grassland with the remaining 0.69 acre considered disturbed/developed. A northeastsouthwest shallow trending drainage swale was determined to be non-jurisdictional as Santa Fe Hills TPM 20975



ISEP Conformance Findings February 29July 11, 2008

it supports upland habitat and does not have a defined channel. The County determined that this site does not meet the criteria for a Biological Resource Core Area (BRCA) due to its surroundings. This small site is surrounded by other small parcels that are either developed or scheduled for development, and it is approximately 670 feet from the City of San Diego development to the east. It is also disconnected from MSCP preserve areas or lands with potential for linkages to BRCAs. Therefore, it is not an area in which mitigation/preservation should be focused. However, some onsite preservation is required in order to avoid particularly sensitive plant species in accordance with the BMO. A 15 foot trail easement runs along the north side of the project. The trail easement is not required to be built and is also considered impact neutral. At the time the trail is built, mitigation will be required for any temporary and/or permanent impacts to habitat.

One rare plant population occurs on site: California adolphia (*Adolphia californica*). California adolphia is a County Group-B rare plant species that occurs on the northeastern portion of the site. Group B plants are typically rare, threatened or endangered in California but more common elsewhere. The California adolphia population on site is comprised of 12 individuals. Also, several individuals occur just off-site. There will be no impacts to adolphia as an open space easement is proposed to protect the onsite population.

Thread-leaved brodiaea is a County Group-A rare plant species. Although this plant was detected on the site immediately to the <u>ease east</u> of the proposed project, surveys indicated that this species does not occur onsite.

Focused surveys for the California gnatcatcher (*Polioptila californica californica*) were conducted by Varanus Biological Services, Inc. in Jul 2004 and by John Konecny in <u>May/June 2008</u> in accordance with US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) protocol. No California gnatcatchers were detected onsite. However, the gnatcatcher has been observed within the project vicinity and is thus the gnatcatcher is rated with a high potential to occur onsite.

As shown in Table 1, there will be onsite impacts to 1.95 acres of coastal sage scrub and 6.8 acres of non-native grassland. Off-site impacts were also calculated for improvements to Trailside Road. This would result in a 0.08-acre impact to coastal sage scrub and a 0.04-acre impact to non-native grassland. Impacts to these sensitive habitats will be mitigated off-site in accordance with the BMO. As such, coastal sage scrub impacts shall be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio for a total of 2.0 acre-credits of Tier II or higher tier to be purchased in a mitigation bank in the MSCP. Non-native grassland will be mitigated at a 0.5:1 ratio for a total purchase of 3.4-acre credits. No mitigation is required for the Tier IV disturbed/developed lands.

As stipulated in the Mitigated Negative Declaration for the project, the subdivider will be required to dedicate the proposed open space areas to the County and to the California Department of Fish and Game. The off-site purchase of coastal sage scrub, non-native grassland within mitigation banks (located in BRCA lands) is also required. Additional





required mitigation, as detailed in the Mitigated Negative Declaration, include the following measures:

- Dedication of a Limited Building Zone Easement (fire-clearing buffer) to prevent future fire clearing within open space.
- Placement of permanent fencing and open space signs at the open space boundaries.
- Placement of silt fencing just prior to any grading or clearing on site.

In order to complete the proposed minor amendment to the MSCP, the County is requesting concurrence from the US Fish and Wildlife Service's Field Office Supervisor and the California Department of Fish and Game NCCP Program Manager. Once written concurrence is received, and all mitigation measures completed, the amendment will result in the re-designation of the property from "Minor Amendment" to "Take Authorized" (areas outside of open space) and "Preserved" (areas within open space).

Habitat Type	Tier Level	Existing On-site	Proposed Impacts On-Site	Proposed Impacts Off-Site	Total Impacts	Mitigation Ratio	Open Space (not mitigation)	Required Mitigation (Off-Site)
Diegan coastal sage scrub	11	2.08	1.95	0.08	2.03	4.4	0.12	2.0
		2.00	1.95	0.00	2.05	1:1	0.13	2.0
Non-native Grassland		7.45	6.80	0.04	6.84	0.5:1	0.65	3.4
Disturbed/ Developed	IV	0.69	0.69	-	0.69	N/A	0.00	NA
Total:		10.22	9.44	0.12	9.56	<u> </u>	0.78	5.4

Table 1. Impacts to Habitat and Required Mitigation (measured in acres)

The findings contained within this document are based on County records, staff field site visits and the Biological Resources Report prepared by Tierra Environmental Services dated April 12, 2007. The information contained within these Findings is correct to the best of staff's knowledge at the time the findings were completed. Any subsequent environmental review completed due to changes in the proposed project or changes in circumstance shall need to have new findings completed based on the environmental conditions at that time.

The project has been found to conform to the County's Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) Subarea Plan, the Biological Mitigation Ordinance (BMO) and the Implementation Agreement between the County of San Diego, the California Department of Fish and Game and the US Fish and Wildlife Service. Third Party Beneficiary Status and the associated take authorization for incidental impacts to sensitive species (pursuant to the County's Section 10 Permit under the Endangered Species Act) shall be conveyed only after the California Department of Fish and Game and the US Fish and Wildlife Service have concurred with the proposed minor amendment, the project has been approved by the County, these MSCP Findings are



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adopted by the decision maker or hearing body and all MSCP-related conditions placed on the project have been satisfied.

II. Biological Resource Core Area Determination

The impact area and the mitigation site shall be evaluated to determine if either or both sites qualify as a Biological Resource Core Area (BRCA) pursuant to the BMO, Section 86.506(a)(1).

A. Report the factual determination as to whether the proposed Impact Area qualifies as a BRCA. The Impact Area shall refer only to that area within which project-related disturbance is proposed, including any on and/or off-site impacts.

The Impact Area does not qualify as a BRCA since it does not meet the following BRCA criteria:

i. The land is shown as Pre-Approved Mitigation Area on the wildlife agencies' Pre-Approved Mitigation Area map.

The project site is located outside of any areas shown as being a Pre-Approved Mitigation Area (PAMA) on the MSCP County Subarea Plan maps. The nearest PAMA is located along the San Dieguito River, about three quarters of a mile west of the project site. MSCP Preserve lands are located approximately 780 feet southwest of the project site (see Attachment A).

ii. The land is located within an area of habitat that contains biological resources that support or contribute to the long-term survival of sensitive species and is adjacent or contiguous to preserved habitat that is within the Pre-Approved Mitigation Area on the wildlife agencies' Pre-Approved Mitigation Area map.

The project site is not contiguous with MSCP Preserve Lands or PAMA. Rather, it is immediately surrounded by small residential parcels to the north, west, and south, and by large development within the City of San Diego to the east. The site does support twelve individuals of California adolphia. Despite the occurrence of this rare plant on the property, the site still does not qualify as a BRCA. As defined in Section 86.508 of the BMO, a BRCA "shall mean land that qualifies as an integral component of a viable regional ecosystem according to the criteria and procedure set out in Section 86.506." Overall, the findings set out here and in Section 86.506 of the BMO are meant to identify areas where a preserve system can be achieved with habitat connectivity to support a range of species and sensitive resources. This minor amendment area in the Lake Hodges Segment will not accommodate such a system. Moreover, any open space placed on the Santa Fe Hills property would not qualify as suitable mitigation land since it could not meet preserve design criteria set forth by the BMO (Attachment G). Therefore, off-site mitigation is more appropriate in order



to meet the habitat linkage and BRCA goals of the MSCP. The extent of the California adolphia population will still be preserved and protected on site.

- iii. The land is part of a regional linkage/corridor. A regional linkage/corridor is either:
 - a. Land that contains topography that serves to allow for the movement of all sizes of wildlife, including large animals on a regional scale; and contains adequate vegetation cover providing visual continuity so as to encourage the use of the corridor by wildlife; or
 - b. Land that has been identified as the primary linkage/corridor between the northern and southern regional populations of the California gnatcatcher in the population viability analysis for the California gnatcatcher, MSCP Resource Document Volume II, Appendix A-7 (Attachment I of the BMO.)

The site is not part of a regional linkage/corridor as identified on MSCP maps nor is it in an area considered regionally important for wildlife dispersal. The site would not assist in local wildlife movement as it lacks connecting vegetation and visual continuity with other potential habitat areas in the general project vicinity. Development is currently proposed and underway to the east, and additional development is proposed north of the site. MSCP preserve lands are located 780 feet southwest of the site, with several small residential parcels in between the site and the MSCP preserve. The site is not located within the primary linkage/corridor between the northern and southern regional populations of the California gnatcatcher. And a-US Fish and Wildlife Service protocol surveys for the California gnatcatcher was were conducted in July 2004 and May/June 2008 to ensure that this federally threatened species would not be affected by the proposed project. The surveys produced negative results. However, it was concluded that there is still a high potential for this species to occur on site given confirmed sightings in the project vicinity.

iv. The land is shown on the Habitat Evaluation Map (Attachment J to the BMO) as very high or high and links significant blocks of habitat, except that land which is isolated or links small, isolated patches of habitat and land that has been affected by existing development to create adverse edge effects shall not qualify as BRCA.

The project site was rated with both high and very high value on the Habitat Evaluation Map. However, this land has been affected by existing and proposed development. Additionally, there is surrounding parcelization preventing any linkage of significant blocks of habitat.

v. The land consists of or is within a block of habitat greater than 500 acres in area of diverse and undisturbed habitat that contributes to the conservation of sensitive species. Santa Fe Hills TPM 20975



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The Santa Fe Hills property is located with a minor amendment area of the Lake Hodges Segment, which is 380 acres in area. The project site is surrounded by properties with similar vegetation as that on site. The lands to the north, west and south are primarily non-native grassland with fragments of coastal sage scrub; a product of abandoned agricultural activities and heavy grazing. About half of the properties within this minor amendment area are already developed with residential and agricultural uses, while the remaining parcels are small in size and expected to be developed with single-family homes and on-site septic systems. The lands to the east are currently being developed for residential use also. As such, the property is not within a block of habitat greater than 500 acres in area of diverse and undisturbed habitat that contributes to the conservation of sensitive species.

- vi. The land contains a high number of sensitive species and is adjacent or contiguous to surrounding undisturbed habitats, or contains soil derived from the following geologic formations which are known to support sensitive species:
 - a. Gabbroic rock;
 - b. Metavolcanic rock;
 - c. Clay;
 - d. Coastal sandstone

The project site does not contain a high number of sensitive species (12 individuals of California adolphia). The site is not adjacent to or contiguous to surrounding undisturbed habitats. Immediately to the north, west and south are properties containing similar vegetation: non-native grassland with small patches of coastal sage scrub. The rest of this minor amendment area is 380 acres in size and is about 50% developed with single-family residences and agriculture. The site contains metavolcanic and clay soils. Based on the above findings, and the general intent of the MSCP and BMO, it does not qualify as a BRCA. Though the site supports Huerhuero soil (clay soil) and one rare plant population, it is not part of a potential regional preserve system. MSCP conservation goals and regulations were not implemented to preserve small areas with isolated populations, but to manage large areas of diverse habitats with long-term viability. Therefore, despite the sensitive species and soils on site, the subject property does not meet the criteria for a BRCA.

B. Report the factual determination as to whether the Mitigation Site qualifies as a BRCA.

Mitigation will take place off site with the purchase of credits in a County-approved mitigation bank, within a BRCA in the MSCP.

The open space proposed on-site for this project is solely for purposes of avoiding a sensitive resource. This open space is not considered a Biological Resource Core Area and therefore, is not considered part of the regional MSCP preserve system. The requirements relating to the "Preserve" outlined in the County's Subarea Plan,

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the Implementation Agreement and the Final MSCP Plan will not apply to this open space.

III. Biological Mitigation Ordinance Findings

A. Project Design Criteria (Section 86.505(a))

The following findings in support of Project Design Criteria, including Attachments G and H (if applicable), must be completed for all projects that propose impacts to Critical Populations of Sensitive Plant Species (Attachment C), Significant Populations of Narrow Endemic Animal Species (Attachment D), Narrow Endemic Plant Species (Attachment E) or Sensitive Plants (San Diego County Rare Plant List) or proposes impacts within a Biological Resource Core Area.

1. Project development shall be sited in areas to minimize impact to habitat.

Project development has been situated to avoid impacts to a sensitive plant species, California adolphia. The proposed easement will not be considered part of the MSCP preserve system, but rather avoidance of sensitive plant species. Since the site is not considered a BRCA and more suitable for development, off-site mitigation for habitat impacts is more appropriate than onsite preservation.

2. Clustering to the maximum extent permitted by County regulations shall be considered where necessary as a means of achieving avoidance.

Although clustering could not be applied for only four lots on ten acres, the proposed locations for development were chosen as a means to achieve avoidance of sensitive resources.

3. Notwithstanding the requirements of the slope encroachment regulations contained within the Resource Protection Ordinance, effective October 10, 1991, projects shall be allowed to utilize design that may encroach into steep slopes to avoid impacts to habitat.

Steep slopes, as defined by the Resource Protection Ordinance, do not occur on the project site. As such, encroachment into steep slopes could not be applied to further reduce impacts.

4. The County shall consider reduction in road standards to the maximum extent consistent with public safety considerations.

Minimum private road standards have been applied to the on-site proposed private road. Off-site road improvements are required as part of the project and must be to county standards for safety purposes.

5. Projects shall be required to comply with applicable design criteria in the County MSCP Subarea Plan, attached hereto as Attachment G (Preserve



Design Criteria) and Attachment H (Design Criteria for Linkages and Corridors).

Findings set forth in Attachments G and H of the BMO are not applicable to the project since the project site is not located within a Biological Resource Core Area and the project will not affect any Linkages or Corridors.

B. Preserve Design Criteria (Attachment G)

In order to ensure the overall goals for the conservation of critical core and linkage areas are met, the findings contained within Attachment G shall be required for all projects located within Pre-Approved Mitigation Areas or areas designated as Preserved as identified on the Subarea Plan Map.

The project site is not located within a Pre-Approved Mitigation Area, a Preserve Area, or a Biological Resource Core Area. On-site open space is proposed in order to preserve one rare plant population, California adolphia. However, the on-site open space does not meet MSCP preserve design criteria and is not being used for mitigation credit for impacts. Rather, the open space is proposed in order to meet avoidance requirements for rare plants. As such, preserve design criteria do not apply.

C. Design Criteria for Linkages and Corridors (Attachment H)

For project sites located within a regional linkage and/or that support one or more potential local corridors, findings shall be required to protect the biological value of these resources.

No linkages or corridors occur on or near the project site. Therefore, the findings set forth in Attachment H of the BMO do not apply to the project.

IV. Subarea Plan Findings

Conformance with the objectives of the County Subarea Plan is demonstrated by the following findings:

1. The project will not conflict with the no-net-loss-of-wetlands standard in satisfying State and Federal wetland goals and policies.

One small drainage swale occurs onsite, but does not qualify as a wetland by county, state or federal standards. A USGS blue line stream occurs offsite to the west of the project, but will not be impacted by the project. Therefore, it has been determined that the project will not result in any impacts, on or off-site, to state or federal wetlands.

2. The project includes measures to maximize the habitat structural diversity of conserved habitat areas including conservation of unique habitats and habitat features.



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The project site supports fragmented coastal sage scrub and non-native grassland. Thus, the site does not support a highly diverse range of habitat types. The property does contain clay soil along with one sensitive plant species. The project has been designed to preserve the sensitive plant species with a proposed biological open space easement in the north eastern portion of the property. Since large, interconnected preservation of high quality habitat could not be achieved in the project area, off-site mitigation for habitat impacts will be more effective in maximizing diversity and preserving unique habitat features.

3. The project provides for conservation of spatially representative examples of extensive patches of Coastal sage scrub and other habitat types that were ranked as having high and very high biological values by the MSCP habitat evaluation model.

The site has been ranked as high and very high value by the Habitat Evaluation Model. However, the habitats found on site are considered to be of low quality due to existing and proposed development. There are several remnant, disconnected patches of coastal sage scrub onsite. The proposed off-site mitigation for both coastal sage scrub and non-native grassland will be located within a Biological Resource Core Area and will add to spatially representative examples of extensive patches of high-value habitat.

4. The project provides for the creation of significant blocks of habitat to reduce edge effects and maximize the ratio of surface area to the perimeter of conserved habitats.

The project site is not considered a BRCA and thus offsite preservation is more appropriate and will provide for the creation of significant blocks of habitat. The onsite open space is provided to avoid a sensitive plant species. Although the onsite easement is not contributing to a significant block of habitat, edge effects will be reduced through the use of fencing and signage and a limited building zone easement that will separate the proposed development from the biological open space.

5. The project provides for the development of the least sensitive habitat areas.

The project site supports Tier IV, Tier III and Tier II habitat. Tier I habitat is considered the most sensitive, but does not occur onsite. In terms of sensitivity, the non-native grassland and coastal sage scrub that supports California adolphia will be preserved. Since the site is not considered a BRCA and more suitable for development, offsite mitigation will provided. Thus, through avoidance of onsite population of a sensitive plant species, the project has provided for the development of the least sensitive habitat area.

6. The project provides for the conservation of key regional populations of covered species, and representations of sensitive habitats and their geographic sub-associations in biologically functioning units.



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The site does not contain key regional populations of covered species. Thus, conservation of key regional populations of covered species, and representations of sensitive habitats and their geographic sub associations in biologically functioning units is not required.

7. Conserves large interconnecting blocks of habitat that contribute to the preservation of wide-ranging species such as Mule deer, Golden eagle, and predators as appropriate. Special emphasis will be placed on conserving adequate foraging habitat near Golden eagle nest sites.

The project will not affect any large interconnecting blocks of habitat that contribute to the preservation of wide-ranging species such as Mule Deer, Golden Eagles and large predators. The project site is approximately two miles southeast of the golden eagle nest in Lake Hodges; however, the project site and surrounding minor amendment properties are not expected to provide foraging habitat for the species. The occasional mule deer or coyote that might cross the property will continue to do so just south and/or west of the property. The wildlife that would travel across the property tend to be smaller species that reside in heavily developed regions and have adapted to urban habitat, such as coyote, woodrat, and Audubon's cottontail.

8. All projects within the San Diego County Subarea Plan shall conserve identified critical populations and narrow endemics to the levels specified in the Subarea Plan. These levels are generally no impact to the critical populations and no more than 20 percent loss of narrow endemics and specified rare and endangered plants.

The site supports one rare plant population: California adolphia (*Adolphia californica*). California adolphia is a County Group-B rare plant species that occurs on the northeastern portion of the site. The California adolphia population on site is comprised of about 12 individuals, all of which will be preserved.

9. No project shall be approved which will jeopardize the possible or probable assembly of a preserve system within the Subarea Plan.

This site is disconnected from any designated areas of Planned Preserve or PAMA areas within the Subarea Plan. The nearest PAMA is located along the San Dieguito River, about three quarters of a mile west of the project site. MSCP Preserve lands are located approximately 780 feet southwest of the project site. The proposed development will not create any barriers, edge effects or fragmentation within a biological resource core area of the MSCP. The project site is not within an area of regional significance with regard to conservation of sensitive habitats. The site's proximity to surrounding residential development (existing and proposed) lower the potential for the site to aid in conservation or wildlife dispersal. Developing the site will not hinder possible preserve systems. Therefore, it has been found that the project will not jeopardize the assembly of a preserve system within the Subarea Plan.



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10.All projects that propose to count on-site preservation toward their mitigation responsibility must include provisions to reduce edge effects.

The proposed on-site preservation is for the protection of sensitive plant species and will not be used as mitigation credit. However, the project proposes to minimize edge effects to these open space areas by dedicating a Limited Building Zone Easement adjacent to open space boundaries, placing fencing between development and open space, and posting open space signs around the area to be preserved.

11. Every effort has been made to avoid impacts to BRCAs, to sensitive resources, and to specific sensitive species as defined in the BMO.

The project site is not within a Biological Resource Core Area and is located 780 feet from MSCP preserve lands. Therefore, the project is not expected to impact BRCA lands and impact to BRCA lands has been avoided. Coastal sage scrub and non-native grasslands are the only habitat types found on or near the project site. These are Tier II and Tier III habitats, respectively and have been determined to be of low biological value due to existing and proposed development. Project impact to these sensitive resources will be mitigated off-site within a BRCA.

One sensitive plant species occurs onsite. California adolphia is a Group-B plant (rare, threatened or endangered in California but more common elsewhere). The project will preserve the on-site population. Thus, every effort has been made to avoid impacts to this sensitive species.

Department of Planning and Land Use July 30, 200711, 2008







MSCP Designation For TPM 20975

